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# Cambridge English

STARTER  
STUDENT'S BOOK

# A1

# EMPOWER



Adrian Doff, Craig Thaine  
Herbert Puchta, Jeff Stranks, Peter Lewis-Jones

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**Adrian Doff, Craig Thaine  
Herbert Puchta, Jeff Stranks, Peter Lewis-Jones  
with Rachel Godfrey**

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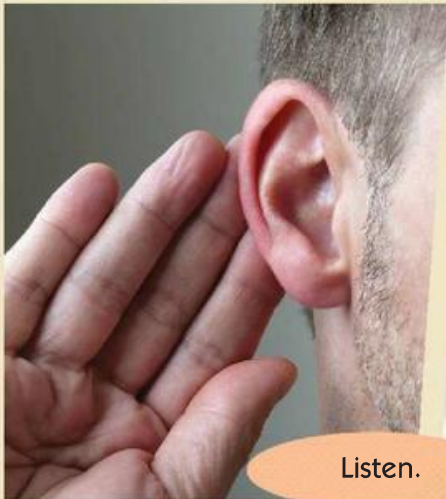
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# Classroom language

1.2 Listen and read.



Listen.



Read.



Write.



Watch.

Look at the pictures.



Work in pairs.



Teacher





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Say your name and country
- Talk about people you know
- Meet and greet new people

# UNIT 1

## Hello!



### GETTING STARTED

1.3

- a Look at the picture. What countries can you see?
- b What other countries do you know in English?



# 1A I'm from Mexico

Learn to say your name and country

**G** be: I / you / we

**V** Countries

## 1 READING AND GRAMMAR

**be: I / you / we positive and questions**

- a** **1.4** Listen. Then say *Hi, I'm ...* or *Hello, I'm ...* and say your name.



Hi, I'm Ruben.



Hello, I'm Harumi.

- b** **1.5** Read and listen to conversations 1–3. Match the conversations with groups of people a–c in the picture below.

- c** Complete the sentences in the table.

I / we	you
I ____ Camila. (= I am ...)	____ you from England?
We ____ from the USA. (= we are ...)	How ____ you?

- d** Now go to Grammar Focus 1A Part 1 on **p.114**

## **e Sound and spelling** Long and short sounds

- 1 **1.9** Listen to the words. Notice the long (—) and short (^) sounds.  
a I'm    b We're    c from    d the
- 2 Practise saying the words.

- f** Practise the conversations in 1b.

- Work in pairs. Practise Conversation 1.
- Work in groups of three. Practise Conversation 2.
- Work with a new partner. Practise Conversation 3.

- g** Practise the conversations in 1b again. Use your own name.



**1**  
**V** Hi, I'm Vilma. What's your name?  
**C** I'm Camila.  
**V** Hi, Camila. Nice to meet you.

**2**  
**H** Hello, I'm Harumi.  
**K** Hi. I'm Katy.  
**P** And I'm Paul. Hi.  
**H** Are you from England?  
**P** No, we're from the USA.

**3**  
**L** Hi, Ruben. How are you?  
**R** Hi, Li. I'm fine. How are you?  
**L** Fine, thanks.

Clara

Sasha



## 2 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR *be: I / you / we negative*

- a** **1.10** Read and listen to the conversation. Choose the correct answers.

**CLARA** Are you Sasha?

**SASHA** Yes, that's right.

**CLARA** Hi, I'm Clara.

**SASHA** Oh, hi. Are you a student here?

**CLARA** No, I'm not a student. I'm your teacher!

**SASHA** Oh ... sorry.

- 1 Sasha is:  
a a student.    b a teacher.
- 2 Clara is:  
a a student.    b a teacher.

- b** Complete the sentences in the table.

Positive (+)	Negative (-)
I'm _____ a student. (= I am)	I'm _____ a student. (= I am not)
We _____ from England. (= we are)	We <u>aren't</u> from England. (= we are not)

- c** Now go to Grammar Focus 1A Part 2 on p.114

- d** Read the sentences. Make them true for you.

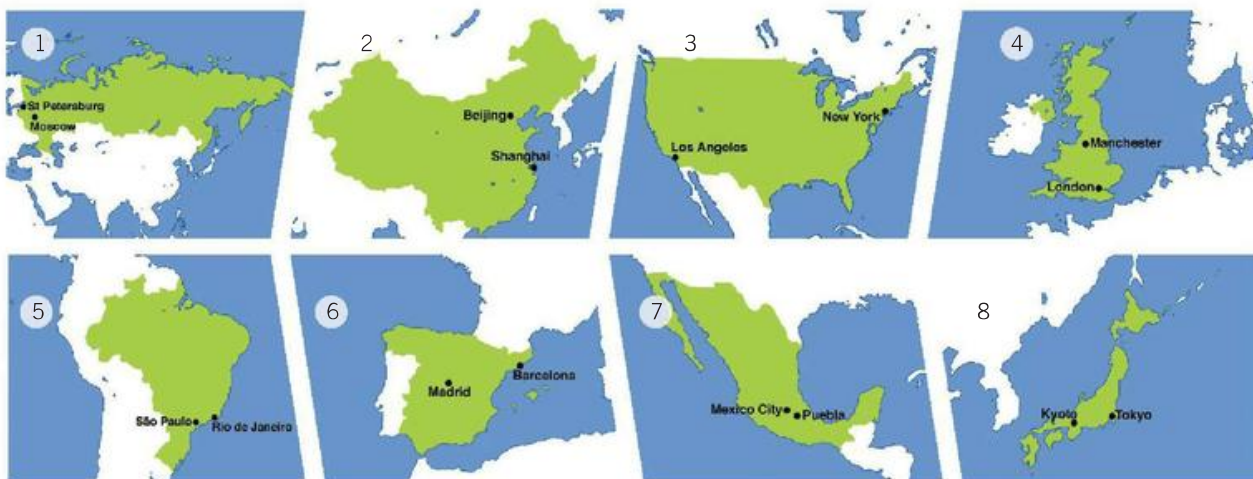
- 1 I'm a student.
- 2 We're teachers.
- 3 I'm from England.
- 4 I'm Laura.
- 5 We're from Tokyo.

- e** Tell a partner your sentences in 2d. Are they the same?

## 3 VOCABULARY AND READING *Countries*

- a** **1.12** Match the countries in the box with maps 1–8. Listen and check.

the UK    China    the USA    Spain    Japan    Russia    Brazil    Mexico



- b** **1.13** Complete the sentences with the correct country. Listen and check.

### OUR STUDENT GROUP

“ I'm Vilma. I'm from Rio de Janeiro, in <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. ”

“ Hi, I'm Paul. I'm from <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. I'm from New York. ”

“ Hello. I'm from Puebla, in <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, and my name's Camila. ”

“ Hi, I'm Li. I'm from Beijing, in <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. But I'm not in Beijing now. I'm a student in Shanghai. ”

“ My name's Harumi. I'm from Tokyo, in <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. ”

“ I'm Sasha. I'm from <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. I'm a student in Moscow. ”

“ I'm from Barcelona, in <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, and my name's Ruben. ”

“ Hello. I'm a teacher and my name's Clara. I'm from Manchester, in <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. ”

- c** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 1A on p.132

- d** Choose a city and a country in 3a. Write it on a piece of paper.

Moscow, Russia.

- e** Give your piece of paper to the teacher and take a new one. Try to find the student with the information on your piece of paper.

Are you from Russia?  
No, I'm not. I'm from Mexico.

## 4 SPEAKING

- Communication 1A**  
Student A go to p.103.  
Student B go to p.108.

# 1B He's Brazilian

Learn to talk about people you know

**G** be: he / she / they

**V** Nationalities

## 1 VOCABULARY Nationalities

**a** Do you know the people in pictures a–h?  
Ask your partner.

Do you know Maria Sharapova?

**b** Match the nationalities with pictures a–h.

A|mer|i|can Chi|nese Mex|i|can Ru|ssian  
Spa|nish Brit|ish Jap|an|ese Bra|zil|i|an

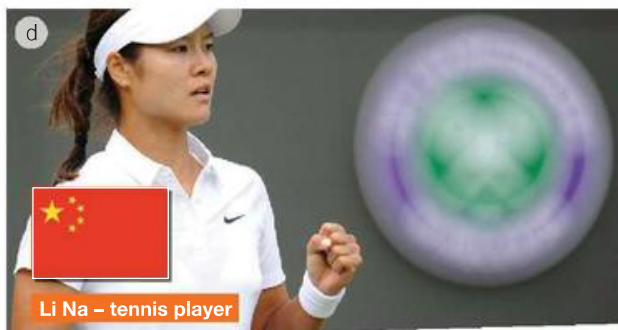
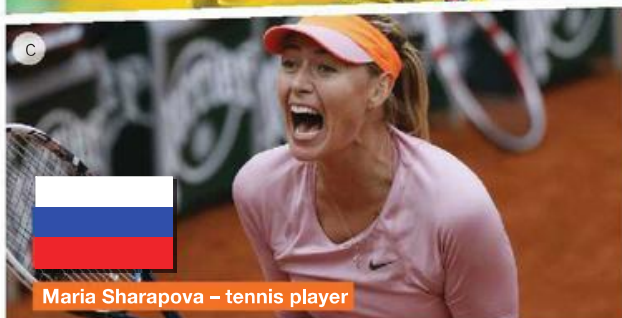
**c** **1.15 Pronunciation** Listen to the words in 1b.  
How many syllables are in each word?

A|mer|i|can = 4 syllables

**d** **1.16** Listen and notice the stressed syllable.

**e** **1.15** Listen to the words in 1b again. Underline  
the stressed syllables. Then listen and repeat.

**f** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 1B on p.132





## 2 GRAMMAR be: he / she / they positive

a 1.18 Match 1–3 with a–c. Listen and check.

- 1 Maria Sharapova is a tennis player.
- 2 Shinji Kagawa is a football player.
- 3 Bob and Mike Bryan are tennis players.

- a He's Japanese.
- b They're American.
- c She's Russian.

b Complete the table.

+	
she is ...	she's ...
he is ...	<sup>1</sup> _____
they are ...	<sup>2</sup> _____

c Now go to Grammar Focus 1B Part 1 on p.114

d Write two sentences about 1–3.

- 1 Rafael Nadal
- 2 Li Na
- 3 Javier Hernández and Guillermo Ochoa

e Tell a partner your sentences in 2d. Are they the same?

## 3 LISTENING

a 1.20 Read and listen to Liz talk about the people on her winter holiday. Complete 1–6 with the words in the box.

American Alexander Penny Russian Mexican Anna

LIZ This is <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

MARK Is she Spanish?

LIZ No, she isn't Spanish. She's <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

MARK OK. And who's this?

LIZ This is <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

MARK Is he Brazilian?

LIZ No, he isn't Brazilian. He's <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

MARK Oh, really.

LIZ And these are my friends, <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ and Simon. They're married.

MARK Are they English?

LIZ No, they aren't English. They're <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ – from New York.

b Tell a partner about two of your friends. What nationality are they?

## 4 GRAMMAR

be: he / she / they negative and questions

a Complete the tables with the words in the box.

they isn't is are aren't she

+	–
She's Russian. They're Chinese.	She _____ Russian. They _____ Chinese.

?
_____ Russian? _____ Chinese?

b Now go to Grammar Focus 1B Part 2 on p.114

c 1.24 Complete the sentences. Listen and check.

1 A \_\_\_\_\_ he Mexican?

B No, \_\_\_\_\_.

3 A \_\_\_\_\_ she Chinese?

B No, \_\_\_\_\_.

2 A \_\_\_\_\_ they American?

B Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.

4 A \_\_\_\_\_ they Brazilian?

B No, \_\_\_\_\_.

5 A \_\_\_\_\_ he British?

B Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.

d Practise saying 1–5 in 4c with a partner.

Language Plus *this / these*



**This is** Anna.

*this* = one person



**These are** my friends, Penny and Simon.

*these* = two or more people

## 5 SPEAKING

**Communication 1B** Student A go to p.103.  
Student B go to p.108.



# 10 Everyday English

## Nice to meet you

Learn to meet and greet new people

**P** Tone

**W** A personal profile

### 1 LISTENING

- a** Look at picture a. Is she in a new place?
- b** **1.25** Watch or listen to Part 1 and check your answer in 1a.
- c** **1.25** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Complete the sentences with words in the box.

Hi    Good morning

**RECEPTIONIST** \_\_\_\_\_, Electric Blue Technology.  
**SOPHIA** \_\_\_\_\_, my name's Sophia Taylor. It's my first day.



### 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Greeting people

- a** Complete 1–3 with the words in the box.

evening    morning    afternoon

7 am – 12 pm = <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

12 pm – 5 pm = <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

5 pm – 10 pm = <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_

- b** **1.26 Pronunciation** Listen. How many syllables are in the words and expressions?

hi (1)      good | mor | ning      good | eve | ning

hel | lo      good | af | ter | noon

- c** **1.26** Listen to the words and expressions in 2b again. Underline the stressed syllables.

hello

- d** Look at the times with a partner. Use the correct expression.

1 8 pm                      3 11 am                      5 6 am  
 2 3 pm                      4 10 pm                      6 1 pm

Good morning.

Good afternoon.

### 3 LISTENING AND USEFUL LANGUAGE Meeting new people 1

- a** **1.27** Watch or listen to Part 2. Sophia meets the manager of Electric Blue Technology. What's his name?
- ☐ Daniel                      ☐ Darren                      ☐ David



- b** **1.28** Listen to the sentences. Underline the words you hear. Are both options in 1–2 possible?

1 I'm / My name's Sophia Taylor.

2 I'm / My name's David.

- c** **1.29 Pronunciation** Listen and notice the main stress.

**A** How are you?

**B** I'm good, thank you. And you?

**A** I'm fine, thanks.

- d** Practise the conversation in 3c with a partner.

- e** **1.30** Put the expressions in the table. Listen and check.

I'm fine, thanks.    I'm OK, thank you.

Oh, not bad, thanks.    I'm good, thank you.

A 😊	B 😊

- f** Practise the conversation in 3c again, but change roles and use expressions in 3e to reply.



## 4 LISTENING AND USEFUL LANGUAGE

## Meeting new people 2

- a 1.31 Watch or listen to Part 3. Are Sophia and Megan friends?
- b 1.31 Watch or listen to Part 3 again. Underline the correct answer.
- 1 **MEGAN** Nice to *meet* / *see* you too, Sophie.
  - 2 **DAVID** So, this is your *home* / *office*.
  - 3 **MEGAN** OK. So, ... this is your *desk* / *chair*.
- c 1.32 Put the conversation in the correct order. Listen and check.
- ☐ **MEGAN** Nice to meet you too, Sophie.
- ☐ **SOPHIA** Nice to meet you, Megan.
- ☐ **DAVID** This is Megan Jackson.
- d Work in groups of three. Practise the conversation in 4c. Use your names.

This is Hassan.

Nice to meet you, Hassan.



Megan

## 5 PRONUNCIATION Tone

- a 1.33 Listen to phrases 1–5. Does the tone change or stay the same →?
- 1 Hello.
  - 2 How are you?
  - 3 I'm well.
  - 4 Nice to meet you.
  - 5 Thank you.
- b 1.33 Listen to the phrases in 5a again and repeat.

## 6 SPEAKING

- a 1.34 Complete the conversation. Listen and check.

**LARISSA** Hi.

**AMIRA** Good evening.

**KARL** Hello.

**LARISSA** I'm Larissa and this <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Amira.

**KARL** Nice to meet you. I'm Karl.

**AMIRA** Nice to <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you too. How are you?

**KARL** I'm good. And <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_?

**AMIRA** I'm fine.

**LARISSA** I'm <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ too.

- b Work in groups of three. Practise the conversation in 6a. Use your names.

## 7 WRITING

- a Read Sophia's profile. What information about her is new?

## ELECTRIC BLUE TECHNOLOGY:

Our people in London

Hi, my name's Sophia Taylor. I'm from Toronto in Canada. I'm in an office with Megan Jackson.

- b Now go to Writing Plus 1C on p.154 for Capital letters and full stops.
- c Write a profile about you and your English class. Here are some ideas:
- Hi/Hello, my ...
- I'm from ... in ...
- I'm in a class with ... in room ...
- d Read other students' profiles. Is everyone from the same place?



## Unit Progress Test

## CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 1

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Underline the correct answer.

- 1 Hello. I'm / are Anna.
- 2 'Are you students?' 'Yes, we're / we are.'
- 3 You am not / aren't a teacher.
- 4 'Am I / I am right?' 'Yes, you are.'
- 5 Where are you / you are?
- 6 We're / am at home.

b Add *is*, *isn't*, *are* or *aren't*.

- 1 'Is your name Sandy?' 'No, it \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 2 'Are Javier Hernández and Guillermo Ochoa from Mexico?' 'Yes, they \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 3 'Is Rafael Nadal Spanish?' 'Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 4 '\_\_\_\_\_ New York and Washington in the USA?' 'Yes, they are.'
- 5 'Are your friends football players?' 'No, they \_\_\_\_\_.'
- 6 '\_\_\_\_\_ your teacher English?' 'No, she \_\_\_\_\_.'

c Ask and answer the questions in 1b.

d Correct the sentences.

- > They's Spanish.  
They're Spanish.
- 1 No, he aren't from China.
  - 2 You are OK?
  - 3 Yes, I are.
  - 4 What your name?
  - 5 I not am Brazilian.
  - 6 Who she?

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Write the names of the countries.



- 1 it na Bir \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 as i Rs u \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 ip Sa n \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 hi Ca n \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 an a Jp \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 lar Biz \_\_\_\_\_

b Complete the nationalities.



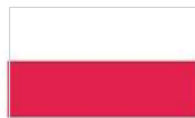
> Spanish \_\_\_\_\_



1 Canad \_\_\_\_\_



4 Jap \_\_\_\_\_



2 Pol \_\_\_\_\_



5 Brit \_\_\_\_\_



3 Amer \_\_\_\_\_



6 Ital \_\_\_\_\_

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 1.35 Do these words have long (—) or short (^) sounds? Write — or ^. Practise saying the words.

- |         |          |        |
|---------|----------|--------|
| 1 we're | 4 is     | 7 from |
| 2 he    | 5 you're | 8 she  |
| 3 it    | 6 not    |        |

b 1.36 Look at the information in the table.

/r/	no /r/ sound
Russia	are
Clara	aren't
America	your
from	teacher
room	morning
right	afternoon
Brazil	chair

c 1.37 Tick (✓) the sentences with a /r/ sound. Practise saying the sentences.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> I'm right.       | 5 <input type="checkbox"/> She's from Brazil.    |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> He's a teacher.  | 6 <input type="checkbox"/> The chairs are small. |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Good morning.    | 7 <input type="checkbox"/> How are you?          |
| 4 <input type="checkbox"/> This is my room. | 8 <input type="checkbox"/> Laura's American.     |



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well    2 = well    1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

- |                           |                          |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| say my name and country   | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| talk about people I know  | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| meet and greet new people | <input type="checkbox"/> |





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about your home town
- Talk about possessions and common objects
- Ask for and give personal information

# UNIT 2

## All about me

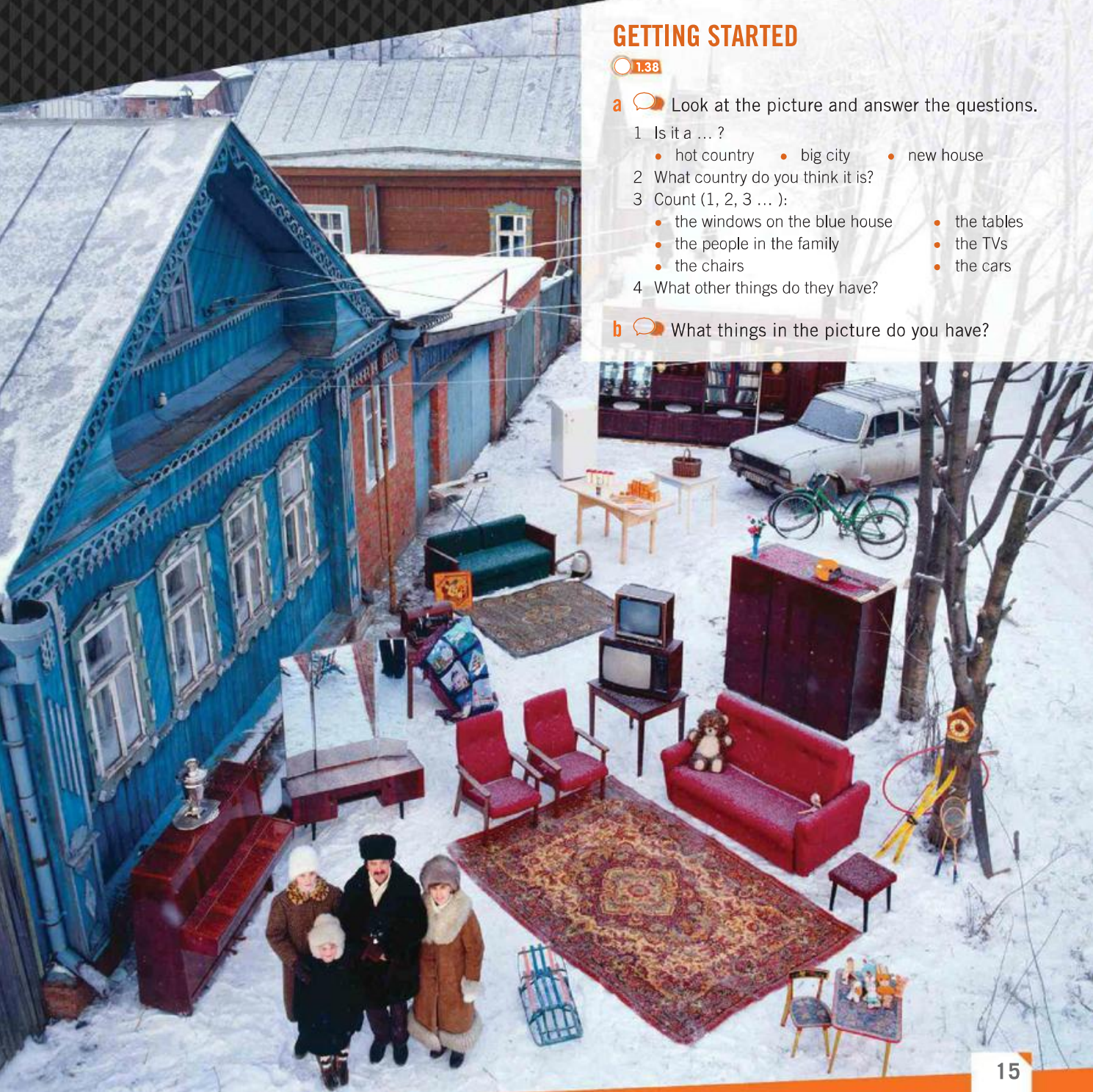
### GETTING STARTED

1.38

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 Is it a ... ?
  - hot country
  - big city
  - new house
- 2 What country do you think it is?
- 3 Count (1, 2, 3 ... ):
  - the windows on the blue house
  - the people in the family
  - the chairs
  - the tables
  - the TVs
  - the cars
- 4 What other things do they have?

**b** What things in the picture do you have?





# 2A It's a very big city

Learn to talk about your home town

**G** be: it's / it isn't; Possessive adjectives

**V** Common adjectives

## 1 LISTENING

**a** 1.39 Match the words in the box with pictures a–c. Listen and check.

town village city

Which are you from?

**b** 1.40 Listen and match pictures a–c with the names in the box.

Katia Yuri Carlo

**c** 1.40 Listen again. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

is (x2) it it's isn't (x2)

### Conversation 1

**A** Is <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a big city?

**B** No, no. It <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a city.

### Conversation 2

**A** <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a big city.

**B** Yes, it <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

### Conversation 3

**A** <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ it a city?

**B** No, it <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

## 2 GRAMMAR be: it's / it isn't

**a** Complete the table with *it* or *it's*.

+	Ravello is in Italy.	_____ in Italy.
–	Ravello isn't in Russia.	_____ isn't in Russia.
?	Is Ravello in Italy?	Is _____ in Italy?

**b** Complete the sentences with *he's*, *she's* or *it's*.

- Giovanna's from Ravello in Italy. \_\_\_\_\_ a village near Naples.
- Yulia's from Vyborg. \_\_\_\_\_ Russian.
- Ricardo's Spanish. \_\_\_\_\_ from Madrid.
- Akiro's from Sōka in Japan. \_\_\_\_\_ a small city near Tokyo.
- Selim's from Bursa in Turkey. \_\_\_\_\_ a big city near Istanbul.

**c** 1.41 Listen and check.

**d** Now go to Grammar Focus 2A Part 1 on p.116

### Language Plus in / near

Naples is **in** Italy.



Ravello is **near** Naples.



**e** Write sentences about you.

I'm from ... It's a (village / town / city) (in / near) ...

**f** Tell a partner your sentences.





### 3 READING AND VOCABULARY

#### Common adjectives

- a 1.44 Read and listen to *Our homes*. Complete the table.

	home		home
Katia	big flat	Miguel	
Carlo		Pietro and Susanna	
Yuri		Nina	

#### b Sound and spelling /h/

- 1 1.45 Listen to the words. Which word has no /h/ sound?

home hi who what how hotel

- 2 Practise saying the words with /h/.

- c 1.46 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Listen and check.

big small old new



1 It's a \_\_\_\_\_ house.



2 It's a \_\_\_\_\_ flat.



3 It's a \_\_\_\_\_ city.



4 It's an \_\_\_\_\_ house.

- d Now go to Vocabulary Focus 2A on p.134

### 4 GRAMMAR

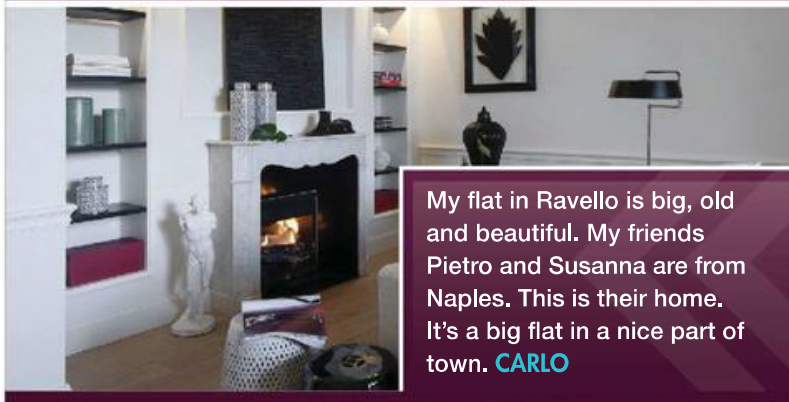
#### Possessive adjectives

- a Read *Our homes* again. Complete the table.

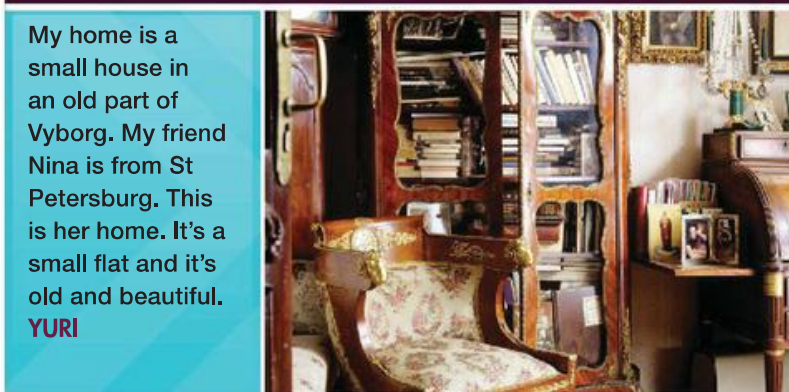
Pronoun	Possessive adjective
I	_____
you	<u>your</u>
he	_____
she	<u>her</u>
we	<u>our</u>
they	_____



My flat is in a new part of Santiago. It's very big. My friend Miguel is from Pomaire. It's a beautiful village near Santiago. This is his home – it's a small house. **KATIA**



My flat in Ravello is big, old and beautiful. My friends Pietro and Susanna are from Naples. This is their home. It's a big flat in a nice part of town. **CARLO**



My home is a small house in an old part of Vyborg. My friend Nina is from St Petersburg. This is her home. It's a small flat and it's old and beautiful. **YURI**

- b Complete the sentences.

- Javier is from Barcelona. \_\_\_\_\_ home is in a nice part of the city.
- Are you from Berlin? Where's \_\_\_\_\_ flat?
- We're from Bogotá, in Colombia. \_\_\_\_\_ home is near a big hotel.
- Sarah is from England. \_\_\_\_\_ village is near Hastings.
- Pedro and Eva are from Mexico City. \_\_\_\_\_ flat is very big.

- c Now go to Grammar Focus 2A Part 2 on p.116

- d Complete the sentences about a friend.

My friend \_\_\_\_\_ is from \_\_\_\_\_. His / Her home is \_\_\_\_\_.

- e Tell a partner about your friend's home.

### 5 SPEAKING

- Communication 2A**

Student A go to p.103.

Student B go to p.109.

Student C go to p.113.

# 2B Do you have a phone?

Learn to talk about possessions and common objects

**G** Plural nouns; *have*

**V** Common objects 1; Numbers 1

## 1 VOCABULARY Common objects 1

**a** 1.49 Match 1–10 in picture a with the words in the box. Listen and check.

a computer   a newspaper   a knife   a phone   a key  
a watch   an umbrella   a ticket   a book   a bottle of water

**b** Two objects in 1a are not OK in an airport. What are they?

### Language Plus *a / an*

We use *a* before most nouns.   • *a* key   • *a* book  
We use *an* before *a*, *e*, *i*, *o*, *u*.   • *an* umbrella   • *an* ice cream

**c** Cover the words in the box in 1a. Ask a partner questions about the objects in the picture.

What's this?

It's a watch.

**d** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 2B Common objects 1 on p.133

## 2 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR Plural nouns

**a** 1.51 Listen to the conversation with John Munroe. Tick (✓) the words you hear.

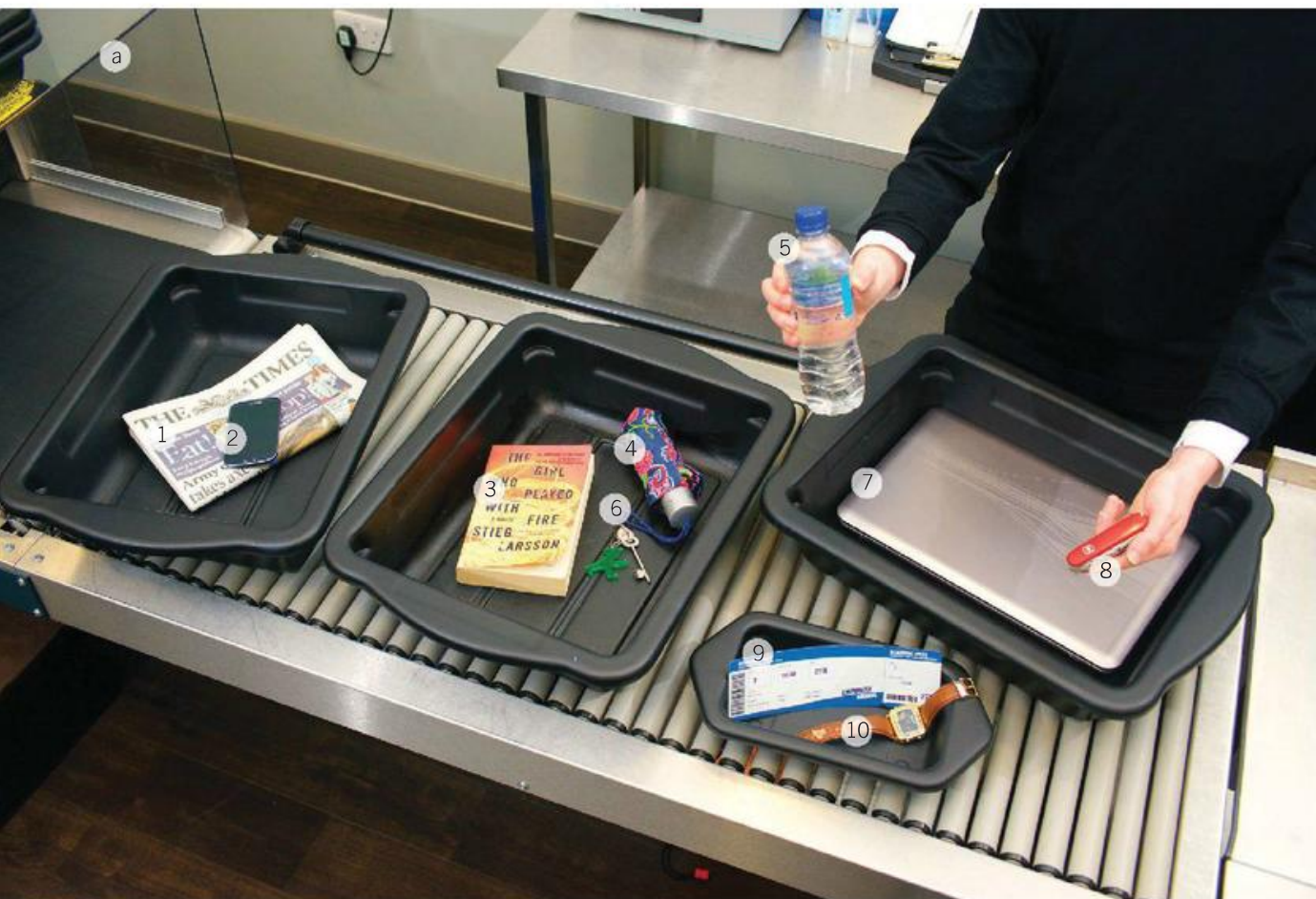
- ☐ newspapers
- ☐ computers
- ☐ phones
- ☐ watches
- ☐ umbrellas
- ☐ bottles
- ☐ books
- ☐ knives



**b** Complete the table.

Singular (= 1)	Plural (= 2+)
a key	keys
a newspaper	_____
a watch	_____
a knife	_____

**c** Most nouns add *-s* in the plural. How are the plurals of *watch* and *knife* different?





**d Sound and spelling** /s/, /z/ and /ɪz/

- 1 1.52 Listen and practise these sounds. Which word has an extra syllable in the plural?  
 1 /s/ books 2 /z/ keys 3 /ɪz/ watches
- 2 1.53 Listen to these words. Which word has an extra syllable in the plural? Listen again and repeat.

knives bottles tickets apples villages phones

**e** Work in pairs.

Student A: say a singular word.

Student B: say the plural.

Then swap roles.

**f** Now go to Grammar Focus 2B on p.116**3 GRAMMAR** have**a** 1.54 Look at the X-ray picture and complete the conversation. Listen and check.

A What's in your bag?

B Mm, I have a <sup>1</sup>b\_\_\_\_\_, and my <sup>2</sup>k\_\_\_\_\_, and an <sup>3</sup>u\_\_\_\_\_.

A Do you have a <sup>4</sup>p\_\_\_\_\_?

B Yes. Oh, and a <sup>5</sup>b\_\_\_\_\_ of w\_\_\_\_\_. Sorry!

**b** 1.55 Listen to the forms of *have*.

+	?
I <b>have</b> a book.	<b>Do you have</b> a book?

**c** 1.55 **Pronunciation** Listen again. Do the words *do* and *you* have a long (—) or a short (^) sound? Practise saying the sentences.**d** Ask a partner about objects 1–5 in 3a. Ask about:

- 1 here (in class)  
 2 at home

Do you have an umbrella here?

No.

Do you have an umbrella at home?

Yes.

**4 VOCABULARY** Numbers 1**a** 1.56 Listen and repeat the numbers.**b** Match the words in the box with numbers 1–12 in 4a.

seven two nine four eight eleven  
 three six one ten twelve five

**c** Work in pairs.

Student A: say a number.

Student B: say the next number.

Then swap roles.

**d** **Communication 2B** Student A go to p.104.  
 Student B go to p.108.**e** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 2B Numbers 1 on p.146**5 SPEAKING****a** Write three things you have in your bag.

a computer

six apples

two bottles of water

**b** Guess what is in your partner's bag.

Do you have a phone?

Yes.

Do you have a knife?

No!

# 2C Everyday English

## What's your address?

Learn to ask for and give personal information

**P** Tone in questions

**W** A form

### 1 LISTENING

**a** Think about a good home for you. Tick four boxes.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> a house      | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> old         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> a flat         | <input type="checkbox"/> new           |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> in a village | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> near a park |
| <input type="checkbox"/> in a city      | <input type="checkbox"/> near shops    |

**b** Tell a partner about your home in 1a.

A good home for me is ...

**c** **1.59** Watch or listen to Part 1. Answer the questions.

- Who asks questions, Sophia or the woman?
- What kind of home does Sophia need, a flat or a house?

**d** **1.59** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Tick (✓) the correct answer.

- Sophia's surname:  
a ☐ Tailor                      b ☐ Taylor
- Her address in London:  
a ☐ Alpha Hotel                b ☐ Alfa Hotel
- Her phone number:  
a ☐ 07832 674893                b ☐ 07832 647893



### 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Asking for and giving personal information

**a** **1.60** Underline the correct answer. Listen and check.

- A** What's your surname?  
**B** *It's / I'm Robinson.*
- A** What's your address?  
**B** *It's / It's on 7 King Street.*
- A** What's your phone number?  
**B** *They're / It's 0124 352738.*
- A** What's your email address?  
**B** *He's / It's chrisrobinson@powermail.com.*

**b** **1.61** Listen to the answers to questions 3 and 4 in 2a again. Tick (✓) the correct answer.

- a ☐ oh-one-two-four-three-five-two-seven-three-eight  
b ☐ oh-twelve-four-three-five-two-seven-three-eight
- a ☐ chris-robinson-from-powermail-point-com  
b ☐ chris-robinson-at-powermail-dot-com

**c** **1.62** Underline the correct word. Listen and check your answer.

**RACHEL** Sophia Taylor. *What / How* do you spell that?  
**SOPHIA** T-A-Y-L-O-R.

**d** **1.63** **Pronunciation** Listen to the questions. Notice the main stress in each question.

- How do you spell that?
- Can you spell that?
- Sorry, what's the spelling?

**1.63** Listen again and repeat.

**e** Now go to Writing Plus 2C Part 1 on p.154 for The alphabet.

**f** Ask a partner his / her surname. Then ask how to spell it.

**g** **Communication 2C** Student A go to p.104. Student B go to p.109.



### 3 LISTENING

**a** 1.65 Watch or listen to Part 2. What does Sophia think? Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1 ☐ The flat's really nice.
- 2 ☐ The flat isn't very nice.

**b** 1.65 Watch or listen to Part 2 again. Tick (✓) the correct information about the flat.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> small               | <input type="checkbox"/> big                 |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> good for one person | <input type="checkbox"/> good for two people |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> near a supermarket  | <input type="checkbox"/> near a park         |



### 4 PRONUNCIATION Tone in questions

**a** 1.66 Listen to the questions. Does the tone go up ↗ or down ↘ at the end?

- 1 What's your surname?
- 2 What's your phone number?

**b** 1.66 Listen again and repeat the questions.

**c** 1.67 Practise asking the questions with a partner. Then listen and check the tone.

- 1 What's your address?
- 2 Where are you from?
- 3 What's the spelling?

### 5 SPEAKING

**a** Talk to different students. Ask about:

- |                                  |                 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| • names (first name and surname) | • address       |
| • phone number                   | • email address |

Write down the information. Ask about the spelling.

What's your surname?

It's Mishkin.

Can you spell that, please?

M-I-S-H-K-I-N.

### 6 WRITING

**a** Read about Sophia. What's the new information?

#### Local Rentals: Customer Information

First name:	Sophia
Surname:	Taylor
Address:	Alpha Hotel, High Street
Phone number:	07832 647893
Email:	sophiat@electricblue.com

**b** Now go to Writing Plus 2C Part 2 on p.154 for Spelling.

**c** Complete the form with your information.

#### Local Rentals: Customer Information

First name:	
Surname:	
Address:	
Phone number:	
Email:	



### Unit Progress Test

#### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 2

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Correct the underlined word.

- > It's big houses. They're  
 1 This is Katia and this is she house.  
 2 'Excuse me! Is this you bag?' 'Yes, it is! Thank you.'  
 3 Hiro's from Sōka. She's a small city in Japan.  
 4 It not a big flat.  
 5 They live in Madrid. This is they home.  
 6 'Hi, we're from New York. We city is big!'

b Complete the sentences with the plural form of the nouns in brackets.

- 1 They're my \_\_\_\_\_. (key)  
 2 Are they your \_\_\_\_\_? (knife)  
 3 I have two \_\_\_\_\_. (watch)  
 4 Are they your \_\_\_\_\_? (bottle of water)  
 5 Oxford and Cambridge are \_\_\_\_\_ in the UK. (city)  
 6 Where are the \_\_\_\_\_? (book)

c Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

are his is they  
they're it's isn't

- 1 I'm from Ravello. \_\_\_\_\_ a village in Italy.  
 2 The men \_\_\_\_\_ at home.  
 3 'Are they big houses?' 'Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ are.'  
 4 \_\_\_\_\_ my books.  
 5 \_\_\_\_\_ it a city?  
 6 This is John and this is \_\_\_\_\_ flat.  
 7 'Is Madrid in Italy?' 'No, it \_\_\_\_\_.'

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Match 1–6 with the opposite adjectives in the box.

boring difficult good  
happy old ~~small~~ wrong

- > big \_\_\_\_\_  
 1 easy \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 bad \_\_\_\_\_  
 3 right \_\_\_\_\_  
 4 sad \_\_\_\_\_  
 5 interesting \_\_\_\_\_  
 6 new \_\_\_\_\_

b Complete the crossword with the objects in pictures 1–8.



### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a **1.69** Look at the words in the box. Is the final sound /s/, /z/ or /ɪz/? Complete the table. Practise saying the words.

phones villages keys addresses houses  
flats umbrellas tickets books computers

/s/	/z/	/ɪz/
	phones	

b **1.70** Tick (✓) the words with a /h/ sound. Practise saying the words.

<input type="checkbox"/> hello	<input type="checkbox"/> is	<input type="checkbox"/> how	<input type="checkbox"/> watch
<input type="checkbox"/> her	<input type="checkbox"/> home	<input type="checkbox"/> who	<input type="checkbox"/> happy
<input type="checkbox"/> our	<input type="checkbox"/> house	<input type="checkbox"/> she	<input type="checkbox"/> right
<input type="checkbox"/> his	<input type="checkbox"/> where	<input type="checkbox"/> phone	



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

talk about my home town	<input type="checkbox"/>
talk about possessions and common objects	<input type="checkbox"/>
ask for and give personal information	<input type="checkbox"/>





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Say what you eat and drink
- Talk about food and meals
- Order and pay in a café


# UNIT 3

## Food and drink




### GETTING STARTED

1.71

a  Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 What food can you see in the fridge?
- 2 Do you have the same food in your fridge?
- 3 Which food in this fridge do you like?
- 4 Which food in this fridge don't you like?
- 5 When do you eat the food in the fridge?

b  What other food do you know in English?



# 3A Do you like fish?

Learn to say what you eat and drink

**G** Present simple: I / you / we / they

**V** Food 1

## 1 VOCABULARY Food 1

- a** 1.72 Match pictures 1–7 with the words in the box. Then listen and check.

fruit rice meat bread vegetables eggs fish



- b** 1.72 **Pronunciation** Listen to the words in 1a again. Which word has more than one syllable? Underline the stressed syllable.

- c** Say two things you like 😊.

I like fruit and I like fish.

### d Sound and spelling /i:/, /ɪ/ and /aɪ/

- 1 1.73 Listen and practise these sounds.

1 /i:/ meat 2 /ɪ/ fish 3 /aɪ/ I'm

- 2 1.74 What sound do the **marked** letters have in the words in the box? Listen and add the words to the sound groups below.

big **eat** nine sister **it's** **me**  
China five his **teacher** Hi

Sound 1 /i:/	Sound 2 /ɪ/	Sound 3 /aɪ/
meat	fish	I'm

- 3 Practise saying the words.

## 2 READING AND GRAMMAR

Present simple: I / you / we / they  
positive and negative

- a** Which words in 1a can you see in pictures 1–3? Which word isn't in the pictures?
- b** 1.77 Read and listen to texts a–c. Match them with the families in pictures 1–3.

# FOOD FOR ONE WEEK

**a** They eat a lot of fruit and vegetables every day. And they eat meat with rice. They like eggs, but they don't eat bread or fish. They don't like fish.

**b** They eat meat and eggs every day, but they don't eat fish. And they don't eat vegetables, but they eat fruit. They really like bread.

**c** They eat a lot of rice and vegetables. They like fruit and they eat bread. They don't eat fish or meat. They are vegetarians.



- e** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 3A on p.142

Tang family, China



c Complete the table.

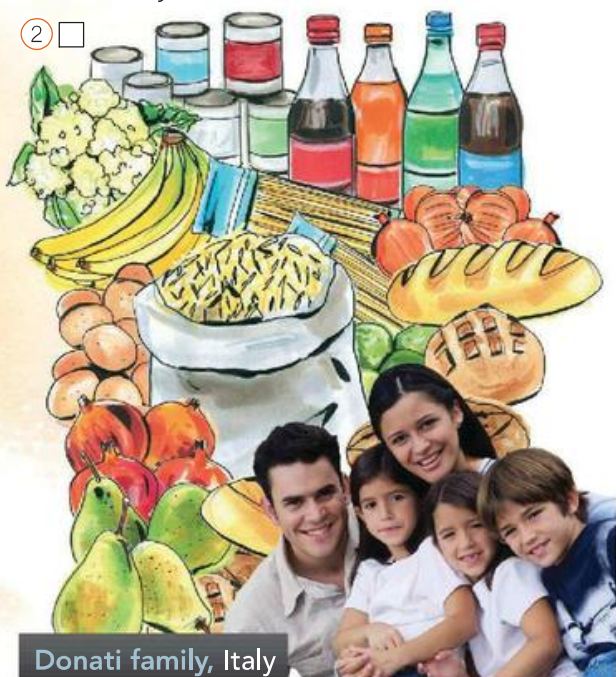
+			-		
I	eat	meat.	I	_____ eat	meat.
We	like	fish.	We	_____ like	fish.
They			They		

d Underline the correct words.

- The Tang family *eat / don't eat* fish.
- The Ruiz family *eat / don't eat* bread.
- The Donati family *like / don't like* meat.
- The Tang family *eat / don't eat* a lot of eggs.
- The Donati family *like / don't like* vegetables.

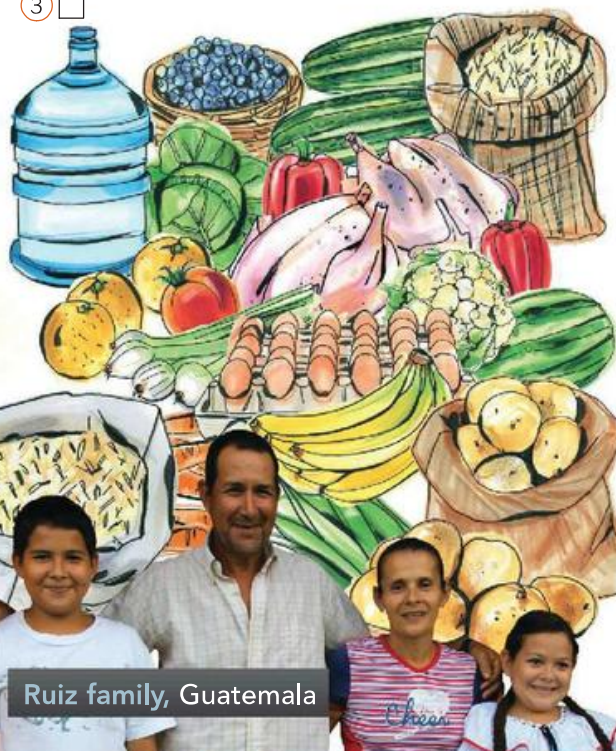
e Which family's food would you like to have for a week? Why?

② ☐



Donati family, Italy

③ ☐



Ruiz family, Guatemala

### 3 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR Present simple: I / you / we / they questions

a 1.78 Listen to a conversation with Rajit.  
Tick (✓) the food he eats.

- ☒ bread ☐ vegetables ☐ meat  
☐ fish ☐ rice ☐ fruit



b 1.78 Listen again. Complete the conversation.

- A Rajit, what do you eat in a week?  
B Oh lots of things. I eat rice every day, and bread. I eat a lot of fruit. I eat fish ...  
A <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you eat meat?  
B No, I don't like meat.  
A Do you <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ vegetables?  
B Oh yes, I like vegetables. I eat a lot of vegetables.  
A Do you <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ them every day?  
B Yes. They're very good for me.

c 1.79 Complete the questions in the table. Then listen and check.

+	-	?
I eat fish.	I don't eat fish.	_____ you _____ fish?
We like fruit.	We don't like fruit.	_____ you _____ fruit?

d Now go to Grammar Focus 3A on p.116

e Practise the conversation in 3b with a partner.

### 4 SPEAKING

a Ask and answer questions with a partner. Complete the table with their answers.

Do you eat meat?

Yes, (I do).

Do you eat bread every day?

No, not every day.

Do you like fish?

No, I don't like fish.

	yes / no?	every day?	like?
meat			
fish			
rice			
bread			
vegetables			
fruit			
eggs			

b Write words for three drinks. Then ask your partner questions.

Do you drink cola?

Do you like milk?

# 3B I always have dinner early

Learn to talk about food and meals

**G** Adverbs of frequency

**V** Food 2; Time

## 1 READING

**a** Tick (✓) the boxes about your breakfast.

**b** Talk about your answers in 1a with a partner.

I have coffee – I don't have ice cream.

**c** Look at the pictures. What's the number one breakfast in the UK?



☐ fruit



☐ cereal



☐ toast



☐ eggs

**d** Read the text and find the answer to 1c.

### THE NUMBER ONE BREAKFAST

In the UK, people like different food for breakfast. They sometimes eat a hot breakfast with eggs, but toast is the number one breakfast food. The number two breakfast food is cereal with cold milk and number three is fruit.

**e** What's the number one breakfast food in your country? What's the number one drink?

I think \_\_\_\_\_ is the number one breakfast food in my country.

## For my breakfast, I have ...

YES		NO	
coffee 		tea 	
bread 		fruit 	
ice cream 		fish 	
cold pizza 		nothing 	

## 2 VOCABULARY Food 2; Time

**a** Match sentences 1–3 with pictures a–c.

- I have lunch at *twelve / one* o'clock.
- They have dinner at *six / seven* o'clock.
- In my family we have breakfast at *seven / eight* o'clock.





**b** ▶ Now go to Vocabulary Focus 3B Food 2 on p.143

**c** 1.84 Listen to sentences 1–3 in 2a. Underline the correct words.

**d** 1.85 Match the clocks with the times. Listen and check.



- ☐ (a) quarter past four  
☐ four o'clock

- ☐ (a) quarter to five  
☐ half past four

**e** ▶ Point to a clock in 2d for a partner to say the time.

**f** ▶ Now go to Vocabulary Focus 3B Time on p.146

### g Sound and spelling /ɑ:/ and /ɔ:/

1 1.87 Listen and practise these long sounds.

1 /ɑ:/ past half 2 /ɔ:/ four quarter

2 1.88 What sound do the **marked** letters have in the words in the box? Listen and add the words to the sound groups below.

class all father afternoon water daughter

Sound 1 /ɑ:/	Sound 2 /ɔ:/
past	four

3 ▶ Practise saying the words.

**h** ▶ **Communication 3B** Student A go to p.103.  
Student B go to p.108.

## 3 LISTENING

**a** 1.89 Listen to three people talk about dinner. Match 1–3 with a country in the box.

Poland Spain the USA Russia Mexico China



**b** 1.89 Listen again. Complete the table.

Name	Dinner time	Food
Julie		
Misha		
Bianca		

**c** ▶ Do you like the same food as Julie, Misha and Bianca?

## 4 GRAMMAR Adverbs of frequency

**a** 1.90 Listen and complete the sentences with the words in the box.

always usually sometimes never

- JULIE** We \_\_\_\_\_ have rice with meat and vegetables.
- MISHA** I \_\_\_\_\_ have dinner early.
- BIANCA** People \_\_\_\_\_ have dinner early in Spain.
- BIANCA** I \_\_\_\_\_ have bread and cheese.

**b** Complete 2 and 4 with words in the box in 4a.

- always (100%) 3 sometimes (50%)
- \_\_\_\_\_ (80%) 4 \_\_\_\_\_ (0%)

**c** ▶ Now go to Grammar Focus 3B on p.118

**d** Put the words in brackets in the correct place in the sentences.

- I have breakfast at 9:00 at weekends. (sometimes)
- I have a sandwich for lunch. (usually)
- I have breakfast. (never)
- In the evening, I have dinner at about 7:00. (always)

**e** ▶ Which sentences in 4d are true for you?

**Language Plus** What time ... ? / When ... ?

**What time** do you have dinner? = **When** do you have dinner?

## 5 SPEAKING

**a** Answer questions 1–4. Write another question with your own idea.

- In the morning, do you eat breakfast?
- In the evening, do you eat a big meal?
- What time do you have lunch?
- What do you eat for lunch?

**b** ▶ Ask and answer the questions in 5a with other students. Who has the same answers as you?

Jaime and I never eat breakfast.

# 3C Everyday English

## I'd like a cup of tea, please

Learn to order and pay in a café

**P** Sentence stress

**W** A text message

### 1 LISTENING

- a** What food on the menu do you like? Tell a partner.



- b** **2.2 Pronunciation** Listen. This word has two syllables:  
coff|ee

- 2.3** Which words have two syllables? Listen and check.

sandwich   banana   orange   tomato

- c** **2.3** Listen to the words in 1b again. Underline the stressed syllable.

coffee

- d** Practise saying the words in 1b with a partner.

- e** Find 1–3 in pictures a–c.

1 a piece of chocolate cake   2 a key   3 ten pounds

- f** **2.4** Watch or listen. Put pictures a–c in the correct order.

- g** **2.4** Watch or listen again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Sophia has a new flat.
- 2 Sophia has a cup of tea.
- 3 Sophia likes her flat.
- 4 The text message is from Sophia's cousin.

### 2 PRONUNCIATION Sentence stress

- a** **2.5** Listen to 1–3. Is the pronunciation of *of* the same?  
1 of                      2 a cup of tea                      3 a glass of cola
- b** **2.6** Listen to these phrases. Which other word isn't stressed?  
a cup of coffee                      a piece of banana cake
- c** Practise saying the phrases in 2b.
- d** Work in pairs. Practise more phrases with *a cup / a glass / a piece of ...*. Use the menu in 1a or your ideas.

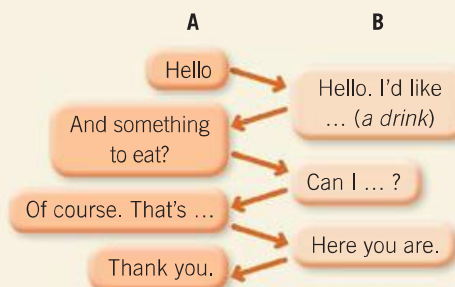






## 4 SPEAKING

- a Work with a partner. Student A: you work in a café. Student B: you're a customer. Use the menu on p.28 and the conversation map below.



- b Swap roles and repeat the conversation.

## 3 USEFUL LANGUAGE

### Ordering and paying in a café

- a 2.7 Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 **MEGAN** I'd \_\_\_\_\_ a cup of coffee, please.
- 2 **SOPHIA** Can I \_\_\_\_\_ a cup of tea, a cup of coffee and a piece of chocolate cake, please?

- 2.7 Listen again and repeat.

- b 2.8 Put the words in the correct order. Listen and check.

- 1 have / I / a cup of / can / coffee / please ?
- 2 please / an egg sandwich, / I'd like .
- 3 two / can / have / we / tomato sandwiches ?

- c Practise saying the sentences in 3b with a partner.

- d 2.9 Put the conversation in the correct order. Listen and check.

- ☐ A cheese sandwich, please.
- ☐ Of course. That's £6.00, please.
- ☐ Certainly. And to eat?
- ☐ Here you are.
- ☐ Can I have a glass of cola, please?
- ☐ Thank you.

- e Practise the conversation in 3d with a partner. Change the drink, food and price.

Can I have a cup of tea,  
please?

## 5 WRITING

- a Read the text message. Who is it from? Who is it for?

Hi, James. I'm in a café with Sophia. She's my new friend at work. She's from Canada. She has a new flat here in London! Talk to you later. Megan.

Delivered



- b Now go to Writing Plus 3C on p.155 for Contractions.

- c Write a text message to a friend. Here are some ideas:

Hi, ...

I'm ... (at school / at work / in a café / in a restaurant) with ...

He's / She's ... (Spanish / a student / very nice)

Talk (to you) / See you soon / later.

- d Read a partner's text message. Who does he / she write about?



## Unit Progress Test

### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 3

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

**a** Write present simple sentences and questions with the words and phrases.

> (–) I / have / lunch at home.

I don't have lunch at home.

1 (?) you / like / eggs

2 (+) we / eat / bread every day.

3 (–) I / drink / juice.

4 (–) we / eat / meat.

5 (+) you / like / fruit.

6 (?) they / eat / fish

**b** Underline the correct answer.

1 *Always* / *I always* have a sandwich for lunch.

2 I *drink sometimes* / *sometimes drink* cola.

3 I *eat usually* / *usually eat* lunch at home.

4 I *never* / *never don't* drink milk.

5 *Never* I have / *I never* have dinner at 9:00.

6 I *don't sometimes* / *sometimes don't* have breakfast.

**c** Are the sentences in 1b true or false for you? Tell a partner.

**d** Correct the sentences.

> I not like rice.

I don't like rice.

1 No, we not do.

2 Always I have breakfast.

3 We not eat fish.

4 I drink usually water.

5 You like tea?

6 Yes, do I.

### 2 VOCABULARY

**a** Complete the groups with words in the box.

coffee dinner fish cakes juice banana

1 water, milk, \_\_\_\_\_

2 tea, \_\_\_\_\_

3 orange, apple, \_\_\_\_\_

4 breakfast, lunch, \_\_\_\_\_

5 meat, eggs, \_\_\_\_\_

6 ice cream, biscuits, \_\_\_\_\_

**b** Which is your favourite group in 2a?

**c** Look at 1–6 in the picture and complete the food words.

1 b\_\_\_\_\_

4 a\_\_\_\_\_s

2 r\_\_\_\_\_

5 o\_\_\_\_\_s

3 m\_\_\_\_\_

6 e\_\_\_\_\_s



### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

**a** **2.10** Which sounds are the **marked** letters – /ɪ/, /i:/ or /aɪ/? Tick (✓) a or b. Practise saying the sentences.

> It's a biscuit.

a ☐ /i:/ /i:/ /i:/

b ☒ /ɪ/ /ɪ/ /ɪ/

1 Tea, please.

a ☐ /i:/ /i:/

b ☐ /ɪ/ /ɪ/

2 I'd like ice cream.

a ☐ /aɪ/ /aɪ/ /aɪ/ /i:/

b ☐ /i:/ /i:/ /i:/ /aɪ/

3 We drink milk.

a ☐ /aɪ/ /aɪ/ /i:/

b ☐ /i:/ /ɪ/ /ɪ/

4 Rice is nice.

a ☐ /aɪ/ /ɪ/ /aɪ/

b ☐ /i:/ /i:/ /i:/

**b** **2.11** Tick (✓) the words with the /ɔ:/ sound. Practise saying the words.

1 ☐ water

5 ☐ potato

2 ☐ tomato

6 ☐ orange

3 ☐ glass

7 ☐ quarter

4 ☐ morning

8 ☐ all



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well    2 = well    1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

say what I eat and drink

☐

talk about food and meals

☐

order and pay in a café

☐





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about your life and ask about others'
- Talk about your family
- Ask and talk about photos

# UNIT 4

## My life and my family



### GETTING STARTED

2.12

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- Look at person a. Can you see ... ?
  - her parents
  - her brother
  - her child
- Do you think this family all live together in one house?
- Who in the picture ... ?
  - works
  - studies
- What do you think the people in the picture do next?

**b** Who lives in your home?



# 4A What do you study?

Learn to ask and talk about your life

**G** Present simple: Wh- questions

**V** Common verbs



## 1 VOCABULARY Common verbs

**a** **2.13** Match sentences 1–5 with pictures a–e. Listen and check.

- |                                 |                                      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 I <b>study</b> at university. | 4 We <b>live</b> in London.          |
| 2 I <b>work</b> in an office.   | 5 We <b>go</b> to the gym every day. |
| 3 I <b>speak</b> Japanese.      |                                      |

**b** Which sentences in 1a are true for you?

**c** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 4A on p.136

## 2 READING

**a** Read Matt's blog. Which sentence is true?

- 'I live and I work in London.'
- 'I live in Barcelona and I work in London.'
- 'I speak Spanish very well.'

**b** Read Matt's blog again. What does he say about these things?

- |                                      |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| 1 flats in London                    | 4 number of days at work (in Barcelona) |
| 2 flats in Barcelona                 | 5 Spanish classes                       |
| 3 number of days at work (in London) | 6 Barcelona                             |

**c** What do you think of Matt's life?

### Language Plus study

... at university / school / an English language school

**study** ... English / Spanish / Arabic

... a subject (art, maths)

**d** Write sentences about you.

I live ... I work / study ... I study English ...

**e** Tell a partner your sentences in 2d.

## BREAKFAST IN BARCELONA AND LUNCH IN LONDON – JUST A NORMAL DAY FOR MATT!

### HERE'S HIS STORY:

I work in London. Flats are very expensive there. In Barcelona, in Spain, flats aren't very expensive and they're nice and big. So I work in London, but I live in Barcelona! I fly from Barcelona to London on Monday. I work there for three days and I stay with my sister. Then I fly to Barcelona again and I work at home two days a week. I don't speak Spanish very well, so I study Spanish at a language school and I go to classes on Saturday. I love Barcelona – it's a beautiful city and it's great to live here!



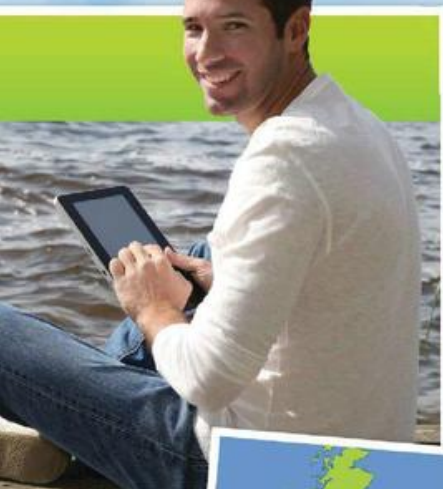


### 3 LISTENING

a 2.15 Listen to Tom and Miriam. Who lives in Auckland but works in Wellington?

b 2.15 Listen again. Underline the correct answers.

- 1 Miriam is *Brazilian* / *a New Zealander*.
- 2 Her home's in *Brazil* / *New Zealand*.
- 3 Her job *is* / *isn't* near her home.
- 4 She *is* / *isn't* married.
- 5 Miriam and Bernardo speak *English* / *Portuguese* together.



### 4 GRAMMAR

#### Present simple: Wh- questions

a 2.16 Complete the questions in the table. Listen and check.

Yes/No questions	
_____ you work at home?	Yes, I work two days at home. No, I work in an office.
Wh- questions	
Where _____ you live?	I live in Auckland.
When _____ you have dinner?	I have dinner at 8:00.
What _____ you study at university?	I study Italian.

b Now go to Grammar Focus 4A on p.118

c 2.19 Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Listen and check.

- |                                  |                                    |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 you work / do / in an office ? | 4 university / study at / do you ? |
| 2 do / where / you work ?        | 5 do / speak Spanish / you ?       |
| 3 where / you live / do ?        |                                    |

d 2.19 **Pronunciation** Listen to the questions in 4c again. Notice the stressed words.

- 1 Do you work in an office?

e 2.19 Tick (✓) the words we stress. Then listen to the questions in 4c again and repeat.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> question word (e.g. <i>where</i> ) | 3 <input type="checkbox"/> main verb (e.g. <i>work</i> ) |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> <i>do</i>                          | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> preposition (e.g. <i>in</i> ) |

f Ask and answer the questions in 4c with a partner.

### 5 SPEAKING

#### Communication 4A

Student A go to p.104.

Student B go to p.109.

# 4B She has a sister and a brother

Learn to talk about your family

**G** Present simple: *he / she / it* positive

**V** Family and people; Numbers 2

## 1 READING AND LISTENING

**a** Match sentences 1–6 with pictures a–f.

- 1 Film stars and brothers, Liam and Chris Hemsworth.
- 2 Colombian pop star Shakira with her parents.
- 3 Football player Cristiano Ronaldo as a boy with his father and his two sisters.
- 4 Hillary Clinton with her husband, Bill Clinton, and their daughter, Chelsea.
- 5 Will Smith with his wife, Jada, and Will's three children.
- 6 Actor George Clooney as a child with his sister, Adelia, and his mother.



**b** 2.20 Listen and check.

**c** What other things do you know about the people in the pictures?

## 2 VOCABULARY Family and people

**a** Complete the table. Use words from 1a.

mother	father
_____	son
wife	_____
_____	brother

**b** Which word in the sentences in 1a means ... ?

- 1 mother and father
- 2 boys and girls

**c** Look at the family tree. Which people ... ?

- 1 are married
- 2 have a brother
- 3 have a sister
- 4 have a child / children

**d** Work in pairs.

Student A: choose a person from the family tree.  
Student B: ask questions to guess who Student A is.

Then swap roles.

Are you married?

Yes.

Do you have children?

Yes.

**e** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 4B Family and people on p.135

**f** Sound and spelling /ð/

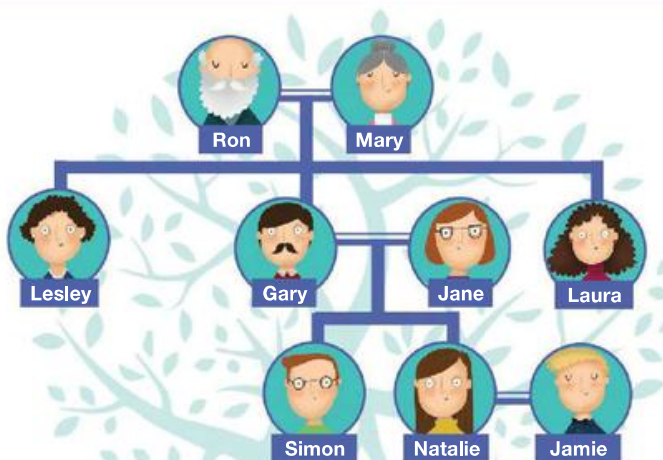
1 2.23 Listen and practise this sound.

/ð/ mother

2 2.24 /ð/ is usually spelled *th*. Listen to the words and repeat.

this that father they brother then

3 Practise saying the words.







f 1995



### 3 READING AND VOCABULARY Numbers 2

a Read *An international family*. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Pablo and Alicia have two small children.
- 2 María is married and lives in Turkey.
- 3 Only Pablo and Alicia live in Mexico.

#### An international family

Pablo and Alicia Moreno are married. Pablo is from Spain and Alicia is from Buenos Aires, in Argentina, but they live in New York. Their family is very international!

Alicia has a sister and a brother. Her sister Daniela is 46. She lives in Buenos Aires and her mother lives there too. Her brother Carlos is 37. He lives in Brazil and he works in São Paulo.

Alicia and Pablo have two children. Their son Alex is 19. He's at university in Mexico and he lives there too. Their daughter María is 24. She lives in Istanbul with her Turkish husband, Mehmet.



b Where do they live? Write the names of countries.

- |           |          |
|-----------|----------|
| 1 Daniela | 4 María  |
| 2 Carlos  | 5 Mehmet |
| 3 Alex    |          |

c Daniela is forty-six. How old are ... ? (Write the numbers in words.)

- |          |        |         |
|----------|--------|---------|
| 1 Carlos | 2 Alex | 3 María |
|----------|--------|---------|

Language Plus How old ... ?

How old is she?

She's 25.

How old are her children?

They're three and five.

Note: We use *be*, not *have*, to ask about age.



d Now go to Vocabulary Focus 4B Numbers 2 on p.146

e Write the names of three famous people. How old are they? If you don't know, guess! Read out the names. What do other students think?

Madonna.

I think she's 50.

### 4 GRAMMAR

#### Present simple: *he / she / it* positive

a Look at the verbs in the table and answer the questions.

- 1 How are the verbs in A different from the verbs in B?
- 2 How is *has* different?

I / we / you / they	he / she
A I <b>work</b> in an office. We <b>have</b> two children. They <b>live</b> in New York.	B He <b>works</b> in São Paulo. She <b>has</b> a sister and a brother. She <b>lives</b> in Buenos Aires.

b Complete the sentences with verbs from 4a.

- 1 He \_\_\_\_\_ in an office.
- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ at home with his parents.
- 3 Her mother \_\_\_\_\_ a flat in New York.

c Now go to Grammar Focus 4B on p.118

d Communication 4B Student A go to p.103. Student B go to p.109.

### 5 SPEAKING

a Tell your partner about your family. Use the verbs in the box. Listen, but don't make notes.

have go study live work

My brother has two children – a boy and a girl.

b Say what you remember about your partner's family. Are you correct?

# 4C Everyday English

## This is me with my father

Learn to ask and talk about photos

**P** Sound and spelling: /tʃ/ and /dʒ/

**W** Photo captions



### 1 LISTENING

**a** Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 Do you have photos of family and friends with you?
- 2 Where do you have them, on your phone or in your wallet?
- 3 How often do you look at them?

**b** Look at picture a and answer the questions.

- 1 Is Sophia happy or sad?
- 2 Why does she feel happy / sad?

**c** **2.27** Watch or listen to Part 1. Are your ideas in 1b correct?

**d** **2.28** Watch or listen to Part 2. Answer the questions.

- 1 How many people does Sophia talk about?
- 2 How many people does Megan talk about?

**e** **2.28** Complete the information about Sophia and Megan's families with the words in the box. Then watch or listen to Part 2 again and check your answers.

sister cousin teacher hotel computers  
supermarket

Sophia's mother's a <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and her father's the manager of a <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. She has a <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, Jackie. Jackie has two girls, Kylie and Amanda.

Megan has a brother, Mike. He works with <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and is married to Helen. She's the manager of a <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. Megan also has a <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_, James.

**f** Talk about a favourite photo of your family. Who's in it?





## 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Asking and talking about photos

**a** Look at expressions 1–7 from Part 2. Do we use them to ... ?

- a ask about photos
- b talk about your photos
- c talk about another person's photos

- 1 This is my mother.
- 2 Do you have photos of your family?
- 3 Nice picture!
- 4 Can I see them?
- 5 Who's this?
- 6 They're lovely.
- 7 This is my sister, Jackie.

**b** **2.29** Look at expressions 1–4. Are they in group a, b or c in 2a? Listen and check your answers in 2a and 2b.

- 1 This is a picture of my town.
- 2 It's really nice.
- 3 Do you have any pictures of your home?
- 4 These are my friends, Sayeed and Mona.

**c** **2.30** **Pronunciation** Listen to the sentence. Answer the questions. Listen again and repeat.

This is my mother.

- 1 Do the first two words join?
- 2 Is the pronunciation of *s* the same in *this* and *is*?

**d** **2.31** Complete the conversation with expressions in the box. Listen and check.

Great photo!      Can I see them?  
He's funny.  
Do you have any photos of your friends?

- A** <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**B** Yes, I do.  
**A** <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**B** Sure. This is a photo of my friend, Marco.  
**A** <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**B** And this is me with my friend, Emilio.  
**A** Yes, I know Emilio. <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_  
**B** You're right – he's really funny.

**e** **2.32** Practise the conversation in 2d. Take turns to be A and B.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Sound and spelling: /tʃ/ and /dʒ/

**a** **2.32** Listen and practise these sounds.

- 1 /tʃ/ teacher picture      2 /dʒ/ manager James

**b** **2.33** Listen to the **marked** sounds in the words. Which one is different in each group?

- 1 **ch**ips jeans question
- 2 **l**arge job **ch**oose
- 3 orange **ch**eap **ma**tch
- 4 **p**age **ch**eese **G**ermany

**c** **2.34** Practise saying the words in 3b.

## 4 SPEAKING

**Communication 4C** Student A go to p.105. Student B go to p.109.

## 5 WRITING

**a** Read Sophia's information about her sister. What information is new?



< PREVIOUS

NEXT >

This is my sister Jackie with her two beautiful daughters, Kylie and Amanda. They live in a new house in Toronto – it's very nice. Her husband Tom isn't there, because it's his photo! They're a great family.

**b** **2.35** Now go to Writing Plus 4C on p.155 for Word order.

**c** Write about your photo from 1f. Here are some ideas:

This is my ... with ...      He's / She's / They're ...  
They live ... It's nice / lovely / great!

**d** Read about your partner's photo. How many people does he / she write about?



Unit Progress Test

CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 4

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Look at the words and write present simple questions.

- > where / you / live    Where do you live?  
 1 what / your name  
 2 when / you / have lunch  
 3 what time / you / go to work  
 4 where / your friends / from  
 5 what / you / study  
 6 where / your school

b Ask and answer the questions in 1a.

c Correct the underlined words.

- > My son like football. likes  
 1 Yoshi work in Berlin.  
 2 Our daughter eat rice every day.  
 3 My city haves two universities.  
 4 Naif go to school at 8:30.  
 5 My dad teachs Spanish.  
 6 My brother studys Russian.

d Underline the correct answer.

- 1 When are / 's / do you work?  
 2 Maria is live / live / lives in Istanbul.  
 3 Where are / is / do you from?  
 4 What are / is / do you have for breakfast?  
 5 What are / is / do their names?  
 6 What time do you gos / go / goes to school?

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Cross out the answer which is NOT possible.

- > I work in a factory / in an office / tennis.  
 1 I meet my friends for coffee / to the gym / people at work every day.  
 2 I play home / football / the guitar.  
 3 I live in Italian / a small house / a big city.  
 4 I teach at university / to the cinema / young children.  
 5 I study English / at university / to school.  
 6 I speak Spanish / Russia / Chinese.



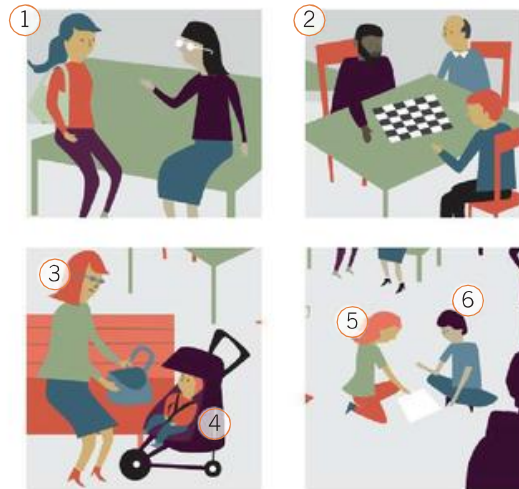
b Which information in 2a is true for you? Tell a partner.

c Complete the numbers.

- > 29 twenty- nine      5 96 \_\_\_\_\_ six  
 1 31 \_\_\_\_\_ one      6 53 \_\_\_\_\_ three  
 2 24 \_\_\_\_\_ four      7 48 \_\_\_\_\_ eight  
 3 75 \_\_\_\_\_ five      8 67 \_\_\_\_\_ seven  
 4 82 \_\_\_\_\_ two      9 100 a \_\_\_\_\_

d Match 1–6 with the words in the box.

baby   boy   girl   men   woman   women



### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 2.34 Underline ONE or TWO /ð/ sounds in each sentence. Practise saying the sentences.

- 1 These are my friends.      5 They teach at the university.  
 2 I study there.      6 I like their daughter.  
 3 This is my father.  
 4 They're at the cinema.

b 2.35 Look at the information in the table.

/tʃ/	/dʒ/	/s/
teach	manager	study
picture	gym	office
child	Julia	cinema

c 2.36 Are the **marked** sounds the same (S) or different (D)? Practise saying the sentences.

- > We're on page **seventy-two**.    D  
 > The office is number **sixty-three**.    S  
 1 **G**ary is a manager.  
 2 **J**ohn speaks **G**erman.  
 3 It's a picture of the **g**ym.  
 4 Is the un**iv**ersity nice?  
 5 It's a question about **ch**ildren.  
 6 It's a **s**mall **c**inema.



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well    2 = well    1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

talk about my life and ask about others ☐

talk about my family ☐

ask and talk about photos ☐





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES


- Describe a town
- Talk about hotels and hostels
- Ask about and say where places are

# UNIT 5

## Places

### GETTING STARTED

2.37

- a**  Look at the picture of a hotel and tick (✓) the things you think are in each room.

☐ a bed


☐ a chair

☐ a TV

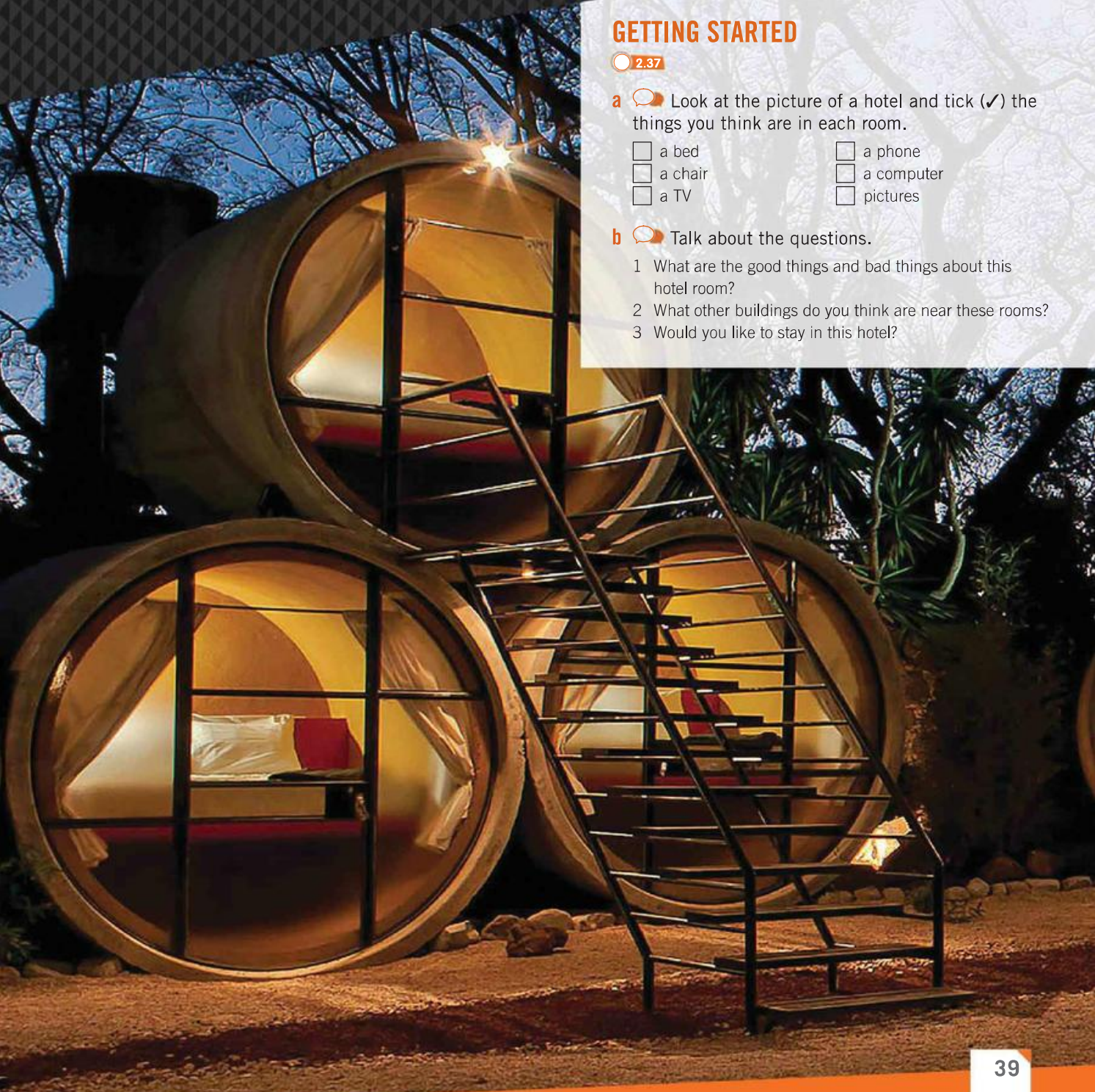
☐ a phone

☐ a computer

☐ pictures

- b**  Talk about the questions.

- 1 What are the good things and bad things about this hotel room?
- 2 What other buildings do you think are near these rooms?
- 3 Would you like to stay in this hotel?





# 5A There are lots of old houses

Learn to describe a town

**G** there is / there are: positive

**V** Places in a town

## VERY HOT!

**G**hadames is a beautiful old city in Libya. There are lots of old houses, shops and cafés – so what's different? Ghadames is in the Sahara. It's very hot in the day (sometimes 55°C). The houses have very thick walls and they're always cool. In the old town there are streets for men and children and there are different streets (on the roofs of the houses) for women. Now, there's a new town with new houses and flats, but in summer lots of people go to live in the old houses because they aren't hot.

Ghadames

## VERY COLD!

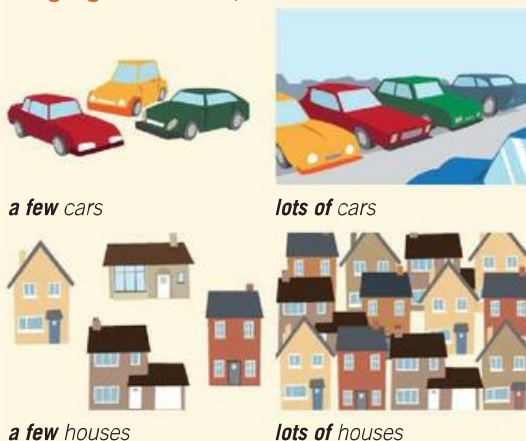
**E**speranza Base is Argentinian and it's in Antarctica. It's cold in summer (0°C) and very cold in winter (-10°C). There are homes for about 100 people there. There are ten families with children, there's a school and there are two teachers. There's also a bank and a hospital. There are a few cars, but there's only one road – it's 1.5 km long!

Esperanza Base

### 1 READING

- a** Look at the pictures of Ghadames and Esperanza Base. Which place is ... ?
- an old city • in a hot country • in a cold country
- b** Read about the two places and check your answers in 1a.
- c** Are the sentences about Ghadames (G) or Esperanza Base (EB)?
- 1 'It's always cold here.'
  - 2 'Our new flat is very hot in summer.'
  - 3 'It's so small – you never get lost.'
  - 4 'The men and women don't always walk together.'
  - 5 'The school is small, but it's very good.'
- d** Do you think Ghadames and Esperanza Base are nice places to live? Why / Why not?

**Language Plus** *a few, lots of*



### 2 GRAMMAR

*there is / there are: positive*

- a** Complete the sentences. Check your answers in the texts in 1b.
- Singular: There <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a new town / a school.  
Plural: <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ are lots of old houses / two teachers.
- b** **2.38 Pronunciation** Listen and write the sentences. How many words are there in each?
- c** Now go to Grammar Focus 5A on p.120
- d** Write two true sentences about your street. Use *there's* or *there are*.
- e** Tell a partner your sentences in 2d.



### 3 VOCABULARY Places in a town

- a** **2.40** Match the words in the box with the places in pictures a–f. Listen and check.

café shop restaurant  
school bank hotel



- b** Which places in 3a are these?

- 'My daughter goes there every day from 8:00 to 4:00.'
- 'We go there for dinner every Saturday night.'
- 'I often drink coffee there with my friends.'
- 'You're in room 305. Here's your key.'
- 'They have fruit and vegetables and also newspapers and magazines.'
- 'I'd like £500, please.'

- c** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 5A on p.148

- d** **Sound and spelling /u:/ and /ʌ/**

- 1 **2.42** Listen and practise these sounds.

1 /u:/ school 2 /ʌ/ lunch

- 2 **2.43** What sound do the **marked** letters have in the words in the box? Listen and add the words to the sound groups below.

Russia food new two who mother  
umbrella beautiful sometimes

Sound 1 /u:/	Sound 2 /ʌ/
school	lunch

- 3 Practise saying the words.

### 4 LISTENING

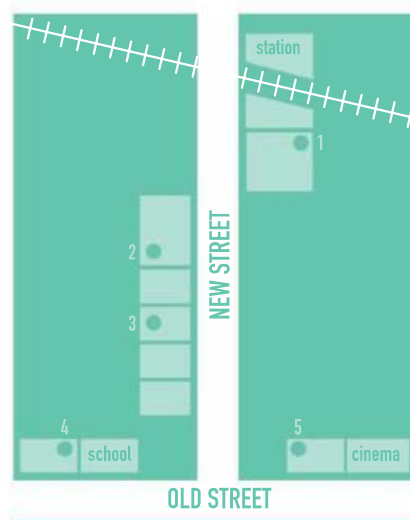
- a** **2.44** Listen to a conversation about places in a town. Look at the map and match 1–5 with the words in the box.

bookshop café bank restaurant food shop

- b** **2.44** Listen again. Are the sentences true or false?

- There are lots of shops in New Street.
- Nice people work in the bookshop.
- The café is Italian.
- The coffee and cakes in the café aren't good.
- It's a Chinese restaurant.
- The restaurant is cheap.

- c** What is the same about the town on the map and your town?



### 5 SPEAKING

- a** Think of a street in the town where you are now. Make notes. Use words from this lesson.

There's a ... There are ... It's in ... It's near ...

- b** Describe your street, but don't say its name. Do other students know the name of the street?

# 5B Is there a hostel in your town?

Learn to talk about hotels and hostels

**G** there is / there are: negative and questions

**V** Hostels

## 1 VOCABULARY Hostels

**a** **2.45** Match the words in the box with pictures 1–5. Listen and check.

bath room bed TV shower



**b** Sound and spelling /f/

1 **2.46** Listen and practise this sound.

/f/ shower

2 **2.47** Listen to the words in the box. Underline the /f/ sound in each word.

shop fish sure Russia

3 Practise saying the words.

**c** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 5B on p.149

**d** **2.49 Pronunciation** Listen to the words. Notice the stressed syllables. Practise saying them.

hostel hotel

**e** Which things in pictures 1–5 in 1a aren't in a hostel room?

## 2 READING

**a** Look at pictures 1–3 of Turkey. Choose adjectives to talk about them. Compare your ideas with your partner.

- beautiful • great • nice • boring
- exciting • interesting • old • big

**b** Read Sandra's review of a hostel in Turkey. Does Sandra like the hostel?

**c** Read the review again. Tick (✓) what's in the hostel.

second floor	<input type="checkbox"/> small rooms	<input type="checkbox"/> big rooms	<input type="checkbox"/> café
first floor	<input type="checkbox"/> restaurant	<input type="checkbox"/> TV room	<input type="checkbox"/> small rooms
ground floor	<input type="checkbox"/> café	<input type="checkbox"/> kitchen	<input type="checkbox"/> TV room

**d** Would you like to stay at the hostel? Why / Why not?

## HOLIDAY REVIEWS



### The Cave Hostel

This is a great hostel in Göreme, in Turkey. It's in Cappadocia, a very old part of the country. You can do lots of things here. My favourite thing is going in a hot air balloon. You can see really beautiful places from the air.

The hostel has different rooms with different prices. On the first floor, there are small rooms for two people with baths. On the second floor, there are big rooms with six beds in them. They're very cheap, but there isn't a shower or a bath in the big rooms. There aren't any blankets or pillows – you pay for those. There isn't a restaurant or café in the hostel, but there's a kitchen on the ground floor. There aren't any TVs in the rooms, but there's free wi-fi. It's a very simple place to stay, but it's clean. And the people are very friendly. Faruk, the manager, sings karaoke really well!

*Sandra*


hostel room





## 3 GRAMMAR

## there is / there are: negative


a  2.50 Complete the sentences with *isn't* or *aren't*. Listen and check.

- 1 There \_\_\_\_\_ any blankets.
- 2 There \_\_\_\_\_ a restaurant.

b Find more examples of *there isn't* and *there aren't* in Sandra's review.

c Think about the town or city you're in now. Tick (✓) the sentences that are true. Correct the false sentences.


- 1 ☐ There's a big museum in this town / city.
- 2 ☐ There are lots of shops here.
- 3 ☐ There aren't any hostels.
- 4 ☐ There are two stations.
- 5 ☐ There aren't any parks.


d  Read your sentences and listen to your partner's sentences. Are they the same?

There aren't any museums in this town.


No, there is a museum in this town – on Cromwell Road.

## 4 LISTENING

a  2.51 Listen to a hostel receptionist and Barry, a guest. Is Barry happy with the hostel?

b  2.51 Listen again. Tick (✓) the things in the hostel.

- |                                     |                                  |                                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> free rooms | <input type="checkbox"/> café    | <input type="checkbox"/> wi-fi   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> car park   | <input type="checkbox"/> kitchen | <input type="checkbox"/> showers |

c  Why do people like hostels? Why do people like hotels?

## 5 GRAMMAR

## there is / there are: questions


a  2.52 Complete the questions. Listen and check.

- 1 Singular: \_\_\_\_\_ a car park here?  
Yes, there's a car park here.
- 2 Plural: \_\_\_\_\_ any cafés near here?  
Yes, there are cafés near here.

b  Now go to Grammar Focus 5B on p.120

c Write questions using *Is there ... ?* and *Are there ... ?* about your partner's town, city or street. Here are some ideas:

- cafés
- swimming pool
- cinema
- supermarket
- hospital
- restaurants

d  Ask your partner about their town, city or street.


Are there any cafés in your town?

Yes, there are two cafés.

Is there a supermarket in your street?

No, but there are two shops.

## 6 SPEAKING

 Communication 5B  
Student A go to p.105.  
Student B go to p.110.



# 5C Everyday English


## Is there a supermarket near here?

Learn to ask about and say where places are


**P** Emphasising what you say 1

**W** An email about a place

### 1 LISTENING

**a**  Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 What food shops or markets are there near your home?
- 2 Do you go to these shops or markets? How often?
- 3 Is the food good / expensive?

**b**  **2.55** Watch or listen to Part 1. Answer the questions.


- 1 Does Megan like Sophia's flat?
- 2 What does Sophia need?
- 3 Does Sophia know where to buy food near her flat?



### 2 PRONUNCIATION Emphasising what you say 1

**a**  **2.56** Listen to the sentence.


**MEGAN** It's a really nice flat, Sophia.

 **2.57** Listen to the sentence again. Is *really* more or less stressed the second time?

**b** Tick (✓) the correct rule.

We say *really* with a strong stress to:


- 1 ☐ speak loudly
- 2 ☐ make the meaning stronger

**c**  **2.58** Listen to the sentences. Underline one word with strong stress in each sentence.


- 1 My country is very hot in summer.
- 2 James's new car is really fast.
- 3 This film is so boring.

**d**  **2.58** Listen again and repeat.

### 3 LISTENING

**a**  **2.59** Watch or listen to Part 2. Answer the questions.

- 1 Do Sophia and Megan find a shop?
- 2 Who do they meet in the street?

**b**  **2.59** Watch or listen to Part 2 again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Sophia thinks a café is a shop.
- 2 James sees Megan and Sophia first.
- 3 James lives in the next street.
- 4 There's a supermarket in the next street.
- 5 There's a shop near James's flat.





#### 4 USEFUL LANGUAGE Asking and saying where places are

- a** 2.60 Complete the questions with words in the box. Listen and check.

near where there

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_'s your flat?
- 2 Is \_\_\_\_\_ a supermarket near here?
- 3 Are there any shops \_\_\_\_\_ here?

- b** 2.61 Match the two possible answers in a–c with questions 1–3 in 4a. Listen and check.

- a Yes, there are. There's one in this street. / No, sorry, there aren't.
- b Yes, there's one near my flat. / No, sorry, there isn't.
- c It's in the next street. / It's in this street.

- c** 2.62 Put the conversation in the correct order. Listen and check.

- A** ☐ Great, thank you. And is there a good restaurant in this part of town?
- A** ☒ 1 Excuse me, can you help me?
- A** ☐ OK, thanks for your help.
- A** ☐ Are there any good cafés near here?
- B** ☐ Yes, there's one in the next street – Café Milano.
- B** ☐ No, I'm sorry, there aren't any restaurants near here. But there's one near the station.
- B** ☐ Yes, of course.
- B** ☐ No problem.

- d** Practise the conversation in 4c with a partner.



#### 6 WRITING

- a** Read part of an email from Sophia to her parents. She writes about her new flat. Does she only write about the good things?

My new flat is great. It's big and it's in a nice part of town. The flat is near my office and there's a beautiful park in the next street. There isn't a supermarket near me, but there's a shop in the next street.

- b** Go to Writing Plus 5C on p.156 for *and* and *but*.
- c** Write about your part of town. Use *there's* / *there isn't* / *there are* / *there aren't*. Use *and* and *but*.
- d** Read about your partner's part of town. Is it the same?

#### 5 SPEAKING

**Communication 5C** Student A look at the information below. Student B go to p.111.

- a Conversation 1.** You're on a street you don't know. Ask Student B about:
- a hotel • cafés
- b Conversation 2.** Now you're on a street you know. Use the information to answer Student B's questions.
- a bank: in the next street
  - shops: not near here – near the hospital



#### Unit Progress Test

#### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 5

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

#### a Correct the sentences.

- > There an Italian restaurant. *There's an Italian restaurant.*
- There is a museum in this street?
  - Yes, there's.
  - There are a shower.
  - There aren't a free rooms.
  - Is there swimming pool in the hotel?
  - No, there not is.

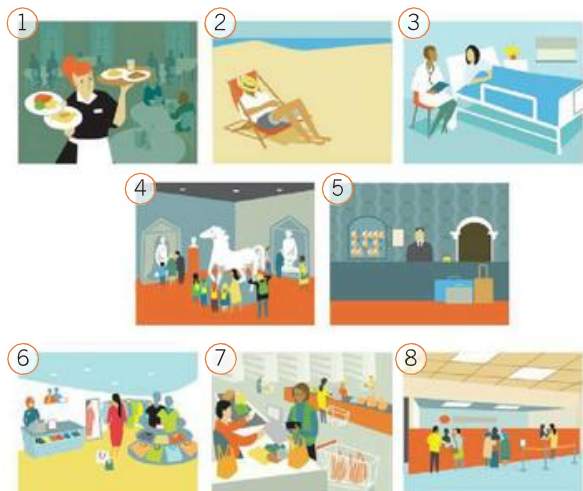
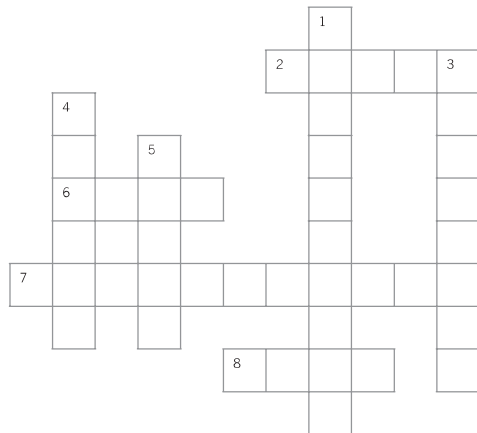
#### b Complete the sentences.

- Is \_\_\_\_\_ a bank near here?
- Are there \_\_\_\_\_ bottles of water in the room?
- \_\_\_\_\_ there a supermarket in this street?
- Is there \_\_\_\_\_ TV in the room?
- \_\_\_\_\_ there any cafés near here?
- Is there \_\_\_\_\_ teacher in the room?

#### c Ask and answer the questions in 1b.

### 2 VOCABULARY

#### a What are these places? Use the words to complete the crossword.



#### b Write the words.



1 deb \_\_\_\_\_



5 orom \_\_\_\_\_



2 werhos \_\_\_\_\_



6 wotel \_\_\_\_\_



3 ipowll \_\_\_\_\_



7 iw-if \_\_\_\_\_



4 thab \_\_\_\_\_



8 kanblet \_\_\_\_\_

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

#### a Complete the table with the words in the box. Practise saying the words.

up you umbrella lovely Russia beautiful new  
brother school mother museum pool

/u:/	/ʌ/
you	up

#### b Look at the information in the table.

/ɒ/	/aʊ/	/əʊ/
shop hospital hot	shower flower towel	pillow know hotel

#### c Are the marked sounds the same (S) or different (D)? Practise saying the words.

> town – shop D

- hot – hotel
- shower – how
- OK – know
- go – pillow
- hot – towel
- flower – hospital



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

- describe a town ☐
- talk about hotels and hostels ☐
- ask about and say where places are ☐



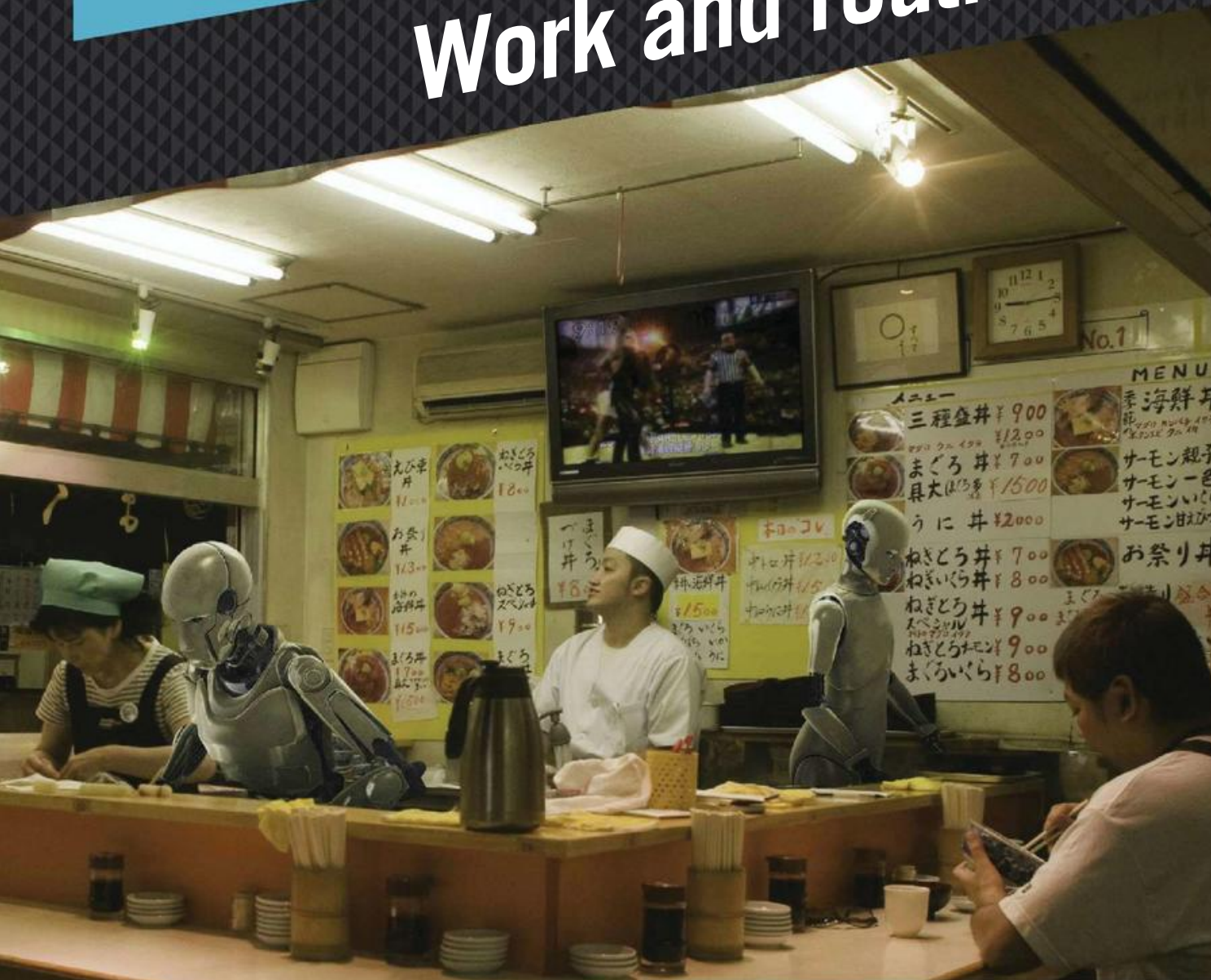


## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about people's jobs
- Talk about daily routines and habits
- Make and accept offers

# UNIT 6

## Work and routines



### GETTING STARTED

2.66

a Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 What jobs do the people and the robots do?
- 2 How many hours do the people work every day?
- 3 How many hours do the robots work every day?

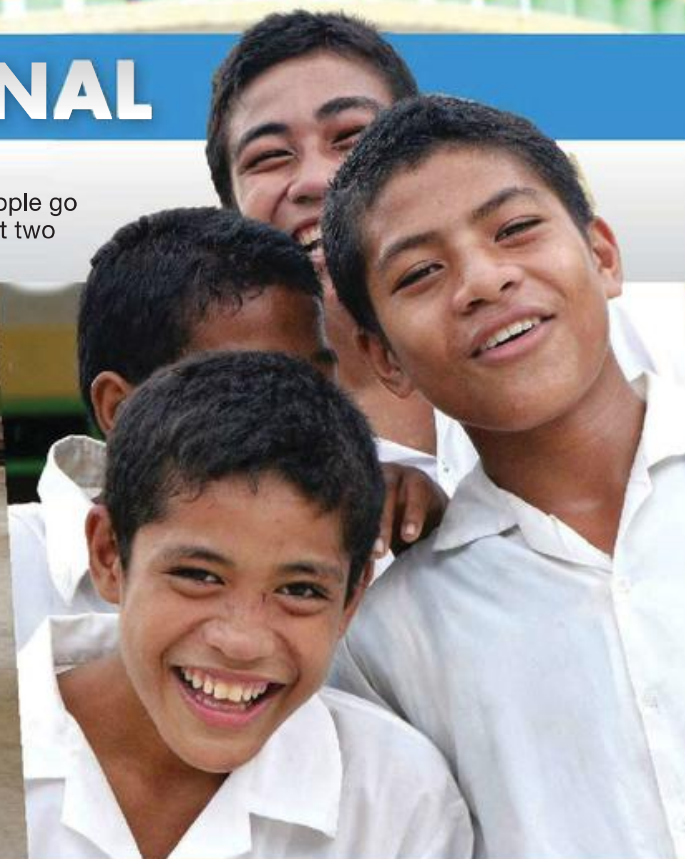
b Think of two questions to ask the robots.



## JOBS INTERNATIONAL

### HELP AROUND THE WORLD ...

Welcome to *Jobs international*. Our people go around the world and help others. Meet two of them.



**LUIZA** I'm a doctor from Brazil and I work in a small hospital in Ghana. I love the work here because it's very interesting. I do different things every day. And the people are so friendly. Life isn't always easy here, but it's great to help people.



**FRED** I'm a teacher at a school in Samoa, but I'm from Australia. I teach English here and after school I play sports with the children. They love rugby and volleyball. The children are really happy – a lot of fun. This is a really good job.

### 1 READING

- a** Look at the pictures. What places are in the pictures? What jobs do people do there?
- b** Read about Luiza and Fred on the *Jobs international* website. Are your ideas in 1a correct?
- c** Read the website again. Are the sentences true or false?
- 1 *Jobs international* people don't work in their home countries.
  - 2 Luiza works in a big hospital.
  - 3 Her work is sometimes boring.
  - 4 She likes the people in Ghana.
  - 5 Fred goes home after classes.
  - 6 His students like playing sport.

- d** Write questions for Luiza and Fred.

What ... do? → What do you do?

- 1 Where ... work?
- 2 ... like the people?
- 3 ... like the job?

- e** You are Luiza or Fred. Ask and answer the questions in 1d.

What do you do?

I'm a teacher.

### Language Plus work / job

She **works** in a hospital.

I like my **work**.

It's a good **job**.

work = verb

work = noun

job = noun (doctor, teacher)



## 2 LISTENING AND VOCABULARY Jobs

a Match the words in the box with pictures a–h.

football player student receptionist waiter taxi driver factory worker office worker shop assistant



b **2.67 Pronunciation** Listen to the two-word jobs in 2a. Which word is stressed?

- 1 ☐ the first word  
2 ☐ the second word

Practise saying the words.

c **2.68** Listen to four people talk about their job. What do they do?

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_

d **2.68** Listen again. Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

study play (x2) sit meet (x2)

- 1 **DIANA** I \_\_\_\_\_ all day, but I \_\_\_\_\_ some interesting people and go to lots of different places. I don't work at night.  
2 **FELIPE** I \_\_\_\_\_ in a team and the weekend is the most important time of the week in my job. I don't \_\_\_\_\_ games in the week – well, sometimes on Wednesdays.  
3 **FATIMA** I \_\_\_\_\_ business at university. It's really interesting.  
4 **SHONA** I work in a shop and \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of different people.

e Which job do you like in 2c? Which job don't you like? Say why.

f Now go to Vocabulary Focus 6A on p.151

## 3 GRAMMAR Present simple: *he / she / it* negative

a **2.70** Complete the sentences with *does* or *doesn't*. Listen and check.

**DIANA** I don't work at night.

1 She \_\_\_\_\_ work at night.

**FELIPE** I don't play games in the week.

2 He \_\_\_\_\_ play games in the week.

b Now go to Grammar Focus 6A on p.120

c Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 Alex is a taxi driver. He \_\_\_\_\_ in the morning. (not work)  
2 Sam is a bank worker. He \_\_\_\_\_ his job. (not like)  
3 Lucy is a shop assistant. She \_\_\_\_\_ much each day. (not sit)  
4 Matteo is a waiter. He \_\_\_\_\_ on Monday. (not work)

d **Sound and spelling /ɜ:/**

1 **2.72** Listen to the words. Do the **marked** letters sound the same?

work university

2 **2.73** Listen to the words in the box. Which words have the sound /ɜ:/?

first verb near girl receptionist world

3 Which letter often comes after the vowel to spell the sound /ɜ:/?

4 Practise saying the words with /ɜ:/.

## 4 SPEAKING

**Communication 6A** Student A go to p.105.  
Student B go to p.110.

# 6B I wake up at 4:00

Learn to talk about daily routine and habits

**G** Present simple: *he / she / it* questions

**V** Daily routine

## A Good Night's Sleep

People say it's good to sleep for eight hours every night ... but is it true? Some people sleep for only five or six hours and they feel fine in the morning. And some people sleep twice every night ...

**Anneli Hanka, 24, Finland**

I always **wake up** at about 4:00 in the morning. I don't want to sleep, so I **get up** and I do yoga. Then I **go to bed** again. Then I get up at 8:00 in the morning and I go to work. I feel fine – I never feel tired.

a

**Beatriz Romero, 32, USA**

I finish work at 6:00 in the evening and I arrive home at 6:30. I read a book or phone a friend. Then I go to bed for three hours. My husband works in a restaurant and he gets home at about 12:00 at night. So I get up, and we have dinner and then we watch TV until about 3:00. Then I sleep until 7:00.



### 1 READING AND VOCABULARY Daily routine

**a** Talk about when you do these things. Use the phrases in the box.

in the morning in the afternoon in the evening at night

- |                       |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| 1 have dinner         | 4 have coffee |
| 2 go to English class | 5 read a book |
| 3 work                | 6 sleep       |

**b** Read about Beatriz and Anneli. Match what they say with pictures a and b.

**c** Match the **marked** words in the text with pictures 1–3.



**d** Complete the verb phrases with the words in the box. Then read the text again to check your answers.

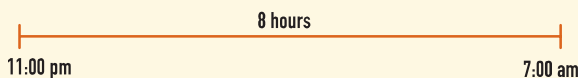
have watch go arrive / get finish

- |                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1 _____ to work | 4 _____ TV   |
| 2 _____ home    | 5 _____ work |
| 3 _____ dinner  |              |

**f** Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

- Do you sleep ... ?
  - for eight hours
  - for five or six hours
  - twice every night
- When do you usually ... ?
  - wake up
  - get up
  - go to bed
- When do you usually ... ?
  - go to work or school
  - finish work or school
  - get home in the evening

**Language Plus** *for, from ... to ... , until*



I sleep **for** eight hours.  
I sleep **from** 11:00 **to** 7:00.  
I sleep **until** 7:00.

**g Sound and spelling** Consonant groups

- 2.76** These words start with two consonant sounds together. Listen and practise saying them.  
**sleep breakfast twelve**
- 2.77** Listen to the words in the box. Underline the two consonant sounds that are together.  
**play small bread fruit flat study speak**
- Practise saying the words.

**e** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 6B on p.137



## 2 LISTENING

**a** **2.78** Listen to an interview with Paul. What are his answers to the questions?

- 1 Do you go to bed early?
- 2 When do you wake up?
- 3 What do you do then?
- 4 What about your wife? Does she wake up?

**b** Talk about the questions with a partner.

- 1 What do you think about Paul's daily routine?
- 2 What do you think about his photos? Think of adjectives to talk about them.

## 3 GRAMMAR Present simple: he / she / it questions

**a** Complete the questions in the table with *do* or *does*.

you	he / she / it
<u>Do</u> you go to bed early?	_____ she wake up?
When _____ you wake up?	When _____ he get up?

**b** Now go to Grammar Focus 6B on p.122

**c** **2.81 Pronunciation** Listen to the questions with *when* in 3a and notice the stressed words. Tick (✓) the words we stress.

- 1 ☐ question word (*when*)
- 2 ☐ *do*
- 3 ☐ *up*

**d** Write questions about Beatriz and Anneli on page 50.

- 1 What time / Beatriz / finish work?
- 2 Where / her husband / work?
- 3 What time / he / get home?
- 4 When / Anneli / wake up?
- 5 What / she / do then?
- 6 How / she / feel in the morning?

**e** Ask and answer the questions in 3d with a partner.

I take photos at night.

Paul



**f** Ask about your partner's routine.

- the morning
- meals
- work / school / university
- the evening
- sleep

When do you get up?

I get up at 7:30.

**g** Work with a new partner. Ask questions about their first partner's routine.

When does Liza get up?

Liza gets up at 7:30.

## 4 SPEAKING

**Communication 6B** Student A go to p.105.  
Student B go to p.113.



### 1 LISTENING

**a** It's your first week in a new flat. Tick (✓) four things you need.

- |                                    |                                    |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> a bowl  | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> a spoon |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> a glass | 5 <input type="checkbox"/> a knife |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> a cup   | 6 <input type="checkbox"/> a plate |

**b** Tell a partner your ideas in 1a. Do you need the same things?

**c** **2.82** Watch or listen to Part 1. Answer the questions.

- Who do Megan and Sophia meet?
- Where do they all go?

**d** **2.82** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Underline the correct word.

- The flowers are for Megan / Sophia.
- Megan and James want tea / coffee.
- Sophia needs another cup / spoon.
- Sophia wants to go shopping today / tomorrow.



### 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Making and accepting offers 1

**a** **2.83** Complete the conversations with the words in the box. Listen and check.

thanks please like (x2)

- SOPHIA** Would you \_\_\_\_\_ a cup of coffee?  
**JAMES** Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.
- SOPHIA** ... I have biscuits! Would you \_\_\_\_\_ one, Megan?  
**MEGAN** No, it's OK, \_\_\_\_\_.

**b** **2.83** **Pronunciation** Listen to the mini-conversations in 2a again. Do you hear a /l/ or a /d/ sound in *would*? Listen again and repeat.

**c** **2.84** Put A's questions in the correct order in the conversation. Listen and check.

- A** like a / would you / cup of tea ?  
**B** Yes, please.  
**A** piece of cake / you like a / and would ?  
**B** No, it's OK, thanks.

**d** Practise the conversation in 2c with a partner. Ask about different food and drinks.

Would you like a glass of orange juice?

Yes, please.

Would you like a sandwich?

No, thanks.



### 3 LISTENING AND USEFUL LANGUAGE

#### Making and accepting offers 2

- a 2.85 Watch or listen to Part 2. Answer the questions.

- 1 What does James want to do?
- 2 Do Sophia and Megan want him to help?

- b 2.86 Complete the sentences with words in the box. Listen and check.

can help I'll

- 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ go with you.
- 2 I'll \_\_\_\_\_ you buy things.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ come with you.

- c 2.87 Do these replies answer yes or no? Listen and check.

That's great, thanks. Don't worry, it's OK.  
Thanks, but I'm fine. Thank you, that's very kind.

- d 2.88 Complete the conversation with the words in the box. Listen and check.

great can help right supermarket

- A I need to go to the <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
B I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ come with you.  
A That's <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_! And I need to make dinner.  
B I'll <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you.  
A All <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, thank you very much.

- e Practise the conversation in 3d with a partner.

- f Use different words and expressions to make a new conversation.

I need to go to the shops.

I'll go with you.

### 4 PRONUNCIATION

#### Emphasising what you say 2

- a 2.89 Listen to the sentences and notice the strong stress. Then listen again and repeat.

- 1 I can go with you.
- 2 I'll come with you.

- b 2.90 Listen to the mini-conversations. Underline the strong stress.

##### Conversation 1

- A I can't do this exercise.  
B Joe can help you.

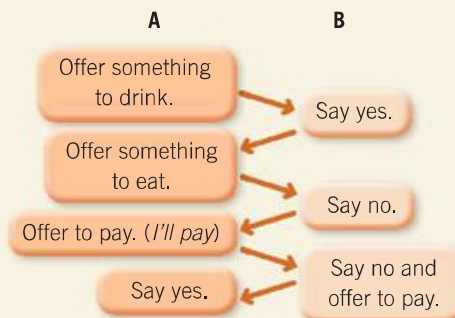
##### Conversation 2

- C I need to get to the station this afternoon.  
D I'll drive you.

- c Practise the mini-conversations in 4b with a partner.

### 5 SPEAKING

- a You're in a café with your partner. Use the ideas below to make a conversation.



### 6 WRITING

- a Read part of an email from Sophia to her sister. She writes about a day in her life in London. Where do Sophia and Megan have coffee? Why?

I walk to work every day because my flat is near the office. I start work at 8:30 and I finish at 5:30. I work with Megan. We go out to a café for coffee every day because the coffee machine in the office isn't very good. We also have lunch there. They have nice sandwiches and chocolate cake – my favourite! Megan always says, 'I'll pay.' She's very nice.

- b Now go to Writing Plus 6C on p.156 for *because* and *also*.  
c Write about a day in your life. Use *because* and *also*.  
d Read about your partner's day. Do you do the same?



### Unit Progress Test

#### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 6

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Tick (✓) the sentences that are correct. Correct the mistakes.

- > My sister doesn't lives at home.  
My sister *doesn't live* at home.
- > ☒ I don't study Russian.
- 1 ☐ She don't like cake.
- 2 ☐ Marcus doesn't meets many people.
- 3 ☐ This town doesn't have a university.
- 4 ☐ I work not on Fridays.
- 5 ☐ We don't talk much at work.
- 6 ☐ Isabella speaks not French.

b Complete the sentences with *do*, *don't*, *does* or *doesn't*.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ your sister work in a bank?  
No, she 2 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ you meet people at work?  
Yes, I 4 \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ you and your friends play football?  
No, we 6 \_\_\_\_\_.

c Write present simple questions with the words and phrases.

- > what time / you / get up  
What time *do you get up*?
- 1 what / you / eat in the morning
- 2 where / your brother / work
- 3 you / speak / English
- 4 your teacher / speak / French
- 5 what time / the lesson / start
- 6 when / it / finish

d Ask and answer the questions in 1c.

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Complete the job words.



1 w\_\_\_\_\_s    2 t\_\_\_\_\_id\_\_\_\_\_r    3 d\_\_\_\_\_r



4 r\_\_\_\_\_t    5 t\_\_\_\_\_r    6 c\_\_\_\_\_f

b Complete the table with the words and phrases in the box.

arrive   get   start   to bed   lunch   shower   ~~to school~~

go	<u>to school</u> / to work 1 _____
wake	up
2 _____	
finish	work
3 _____	
have	breakfast / 4 _____ / dinner a 5 _____ a coffee
6 _____ /	
get	home

c What do you do every day? Tell a partner.

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 2.91 Look at the information in the table.

/ʌ/	/ɔ:/
up, lunch, cup, rugby come, lovely, worry	sport, boring four small, always

b 2.92 Are the **marked** sounds the same (S) or different (D)? Practise saying the words.

- 1 always – boring                      4 four – cups
- 2 small – lunch                        5 sport – worry
- 3 lovely – rugby                        6 come – up

c 2.93 Match the words that start with the same consonant group. Practise saying the words.

bread   class   ~~flowers~~   player   sport   start   twenty

- > flat – flowers
- 1 twelve – \_\_\_\_\_                      4 clock – \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 study – \_\_\_\_\_                        5 breakfast – \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 plate – \_\_\_\_\_                        6 spoon – \_\_\_\_\_



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well    2 = well    1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

- talk about people's jobs ☐
- talk about daily routines and habits ☐
- make and accept offers ☐



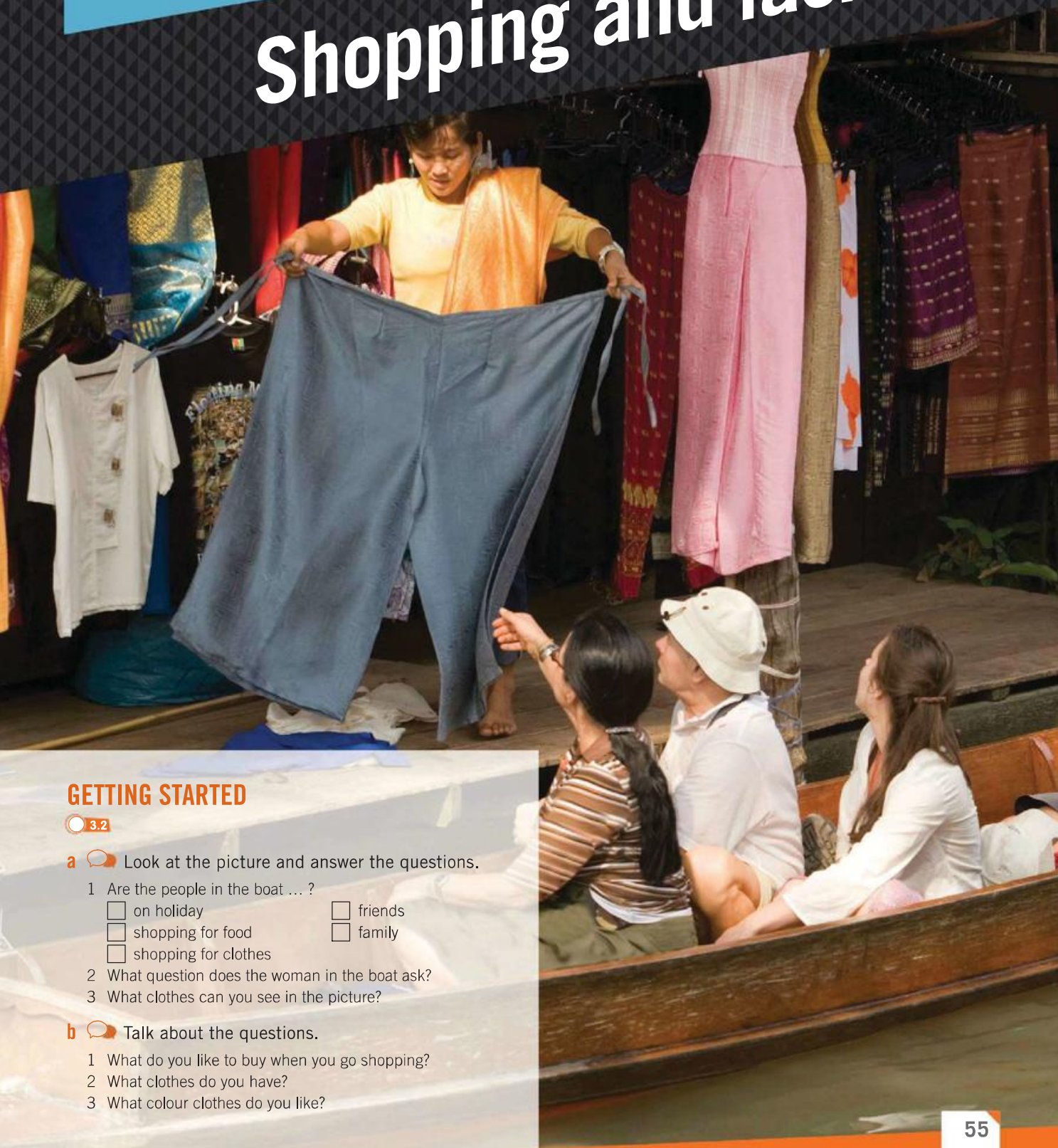


## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about things you want to buy
- Talk about the clothes that people wear
- Ask about and pay for things in a shop

# UNIT 7

## Shopping and fashion



### GETTING STARTED

3.2

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- Are the people in the boat ... ?  
☐ on holiday  
☐ shopping for food  
☐ shopping for clothes
- What question does the woman in the boat ask?
- What clothes can you see in the picture?

**b** Talk about the questions.

- What do you like to buy when you go shopping?
- What clothes do you have?
- What colour clothes do you like?



# 7A How much are these books?

Learn to talk about things you want to buy

**G** this, that, these, those

**V** Common objects 2; Prices

## 1 READING AND VOCABULARY Common objects 2

**a** Read about three places to shop. Which place is in the picture?

**b** Which place is good for these people?

- 1 'I want a new bed for my flat.'
- 2 'I love old books and magazines.'
- 3 'I always finish work at 7:00 pm.'
- 4 'I think old lamps are beautiful.'

**c** Look at the picture and read about The Saturday Market again. Find the words for objects a–f.

**d** Talk with other students about which object you would like to buy in the picture. Say why. Which object do most people want?

**e** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 7A on p.133

### f Sound and spelling /b/, /p/, /g/ and /k/

1 Complete the words in the table. They are all common objects.

Sound 1 /b/	Sound 2 /p/	Sound 3 /g/	Sound 4 /k/
__ag foot__all	__lant __late __icture	__lass __uitar	__up suit__ase __lo__

2 3.4 Listen and check.

3 Which sound is spelled in different ways in the table?

4 Practise saying the words.

**g** Work in pairs.

Student A: you have a market stall. Write five things you sell. Don't show Student B.  
Student B: what does Student A sell?

Do you sell guitars?

No, sorry.

Do you have glasses?

Yes, I do. Here you are.

## SHOPPING

### Places to go

#### Books & Co.

Open 9 am–6 pm

A very interesting bookshop. They sell old and new books and they also have magazines, pictures, old photographs and music. If you like old books and pictures, this is the place for you.

#### The Saturday Market

Open 6 am–4 pm

Here you can buy something for your home or you can just look around. They sell lots of old things. You can buy clocks, radios, suitcases, lamps, pictures, chairs ... anything!

#### The Mega Home Store

Open 8 am–8 pm

A great place to buy things for your home. They sell beds, pillows, tables, chairs and lamps. Everything is new, but it isn't expensive. There's also a good café with drinks, pizzas and sandwiches.





## 2 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR

*this, that, these, those*

**a** **3.5** Sue and Mike are at a market stall. Listen to their conversation and answer the questions.

- Who likes the picture and the chairs?
- Who likes old objects, Sue or Mike?
- How much is the radio?
- Does Mike think it's a good price?

**b** **3.6** Listen to Sue. Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these* or *those*.

- 'I like \_\_\_\_\_ picture. What do you think?'
- 'Or \_\_\_\_\_ chairs. They're really nice.'
- 'Oh, look. \_\_\_\_\_ books are interesting.'
- 'Look at \_\_\_\_\_ radio. That's so cool.'

**c** Complete the table with the words in 2b.

Singular	this	
Plural		

Which words mean ... ?

- here, near me
- there, not near me

**d** **Sound and spelling** *this, that, these* and *those*

- 3.7** Listen to *this, that, these* and *those*. Which words ... ?
  - have a short vowel sound
  - have a long vowel sound
  - end in a /s/ sound
  - end in a /z/ sound
- Practise saying the words.

**e** Now go to Grammar Focus 7A on p.122

**f** You and your partner are in the shop below. Talk about the objects in the box with *this, that, these* or *those*.

bags plates guitar picture chair books lamp

Look at those bags.  
They're really nice.

I like this chair –  
it's a great colour!



## 3 VOCABULARY Prices

**a** **3.9** Listen to the prices. Tick (✓) the phrase you hear.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 £3.80   | 2 €25   |
| a <input type="checkbox"/> three pound eighty     | a <input type="checkbox"/> twenty-five euro     |
| b <input type="checkbox"/> three pounds eighty    | b <input type="checkbox"/> twenty-five euros    |
| c <input type="checkbox"/> three pound and eighty | c <input type="checkbox"/> twenty-five of euros |

**b** **3.10** Practise saying the prices below. Listen and check.

- |           |         |
|-----------|---------|
| 1 £5.99   | 3 €4.50 |
| 2 \$16.50 | 4 \$100 |

**c** **3.11** Read and listen to the conversation. Then complete the gaps.

- A** Excuse me. <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ is that **clock**?  
**B** <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ €13.50.  
**A** Hmm. And <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ are these **cups**?  
**B** <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ €5 each.

**d** Practise the conversation in 3c with a partner. Change the **marked** words and the prices.

**e** How much are these things in your country?

- a cup of coffee in a café
- a kilo of apples
- a phone
- a bottle of water

## 4 SPEAKING

**Communication 7A**

Student A go to p.106.

Student B go to p.111.

# 7B It's Greg's T-shirt

## THEY MAKE COLOURFUL CLOTHES, BUT DO THEY WEAR THEM?

Fashion designers often make very different and interesting clothes for people, but they sometimes wear boring clothes. They often wear the same clothes and the same colours.

Learn to talk about clothes that people wear

**G** Possessive 's; Revision of adverbs

**V** Clothes; Colours



**Tom Ford** makes beautiful clothes, for men and for women, but he often wears a white shirt and a black or dark grey jacket.

### 1 VOCABULARY Clothes

**a** Look at the pictures of the models and the fashion designers. Which clothes do you like?

**b** Match the words in the box with a–g in the pictures. Listen and check.

jacket coat shirt skirt trousers T-shirt dress

**c** Which clothes do you often wear together?

#### d Sound and spelling /f/ and /dʒ/

1 Listen and practise these sounds.

1 /f/ shirt 2 /dʒ/ jacket

2 What sound do the **marked** letters have in the words in the box? Listen and add the words to the sound groups below.

German international fashion large language village sugar

Sound 1 /f/	Sound 2 /dʒ/
shirt	jacket

3 Practise saying the words.

### 2 READING

**a** Read about the fashion designers. What is the same about them?

**b** Read the text again. Are the sentences true or false? Correct the false sentences.

- Fashion designers sometimes wear boring clothes.
- Tom Ford never wears a black jacket.
- Carolina Herrera often wears a white skirt.
- Alexander Wang usually wears a jacket.

**c** Is it a good idea for fashion designers to wear their clothes? Why / Why not?

### 3 VOCABULARY Colours

**a** Look at the picture of Tom Ford. Complete the sentence about him with colours in the box.

black grey white

Tom Ford often wears a \_\_\_\_\_ shirt and a \_\_\_\_\_ or dark \_\_\_\_\_ jacket.

**e** Communication 7B Student A go to p.104. Student B go to p.110.



**Carolina Herrera**

makes clothes with lots of different colours, but she usually wears a black skirt and a white shirt.



**Alexander Wang** is a young designer with unusual ideas, but he usually wears a white T-shirt, black jeans and a black jacket.

**Language Plus** dark / light

dark blue

light blue

dark green

light green

**b** ▶ Now go to Vocabulary Focus 7B on p.152

**c** 🗨️ Work with a partner.

Student A: choose a picture in 1a. Don't tell your partner!  
Talk about the colours and the clothes.

Student B: guess the picture your partner talks about.

Then swap roles.

**4 LISTENING**

**a** 🎧 3.17 Listen to Kate and Giuseppe Costa. Tick (✓) the clothes you hear.

☐ T-shirt☐ skirt☐ shoes☐ jeans☐ trousers☐ shirt

**b** 🎧 3.17 Listen again and complete the information.

who?	what clothes?	why?
Greg	_____	doesn't wear / doesn't like
Sara	_____	doesn't wear / doesn't like
Giuseppe	_____	doesn't wear / doesn't like

**5 GRAMMAR** Possessive 's; Revision of adverbs

**a** 🎧 3.18 Complete the sentences with a name from 4b. Listen and check.

1 **GIUSEPPE** Is this my old T-shirt?

**KATE** No, it's \_\_\_\_\_'s T-shirt. (= It's **his** T-shirt.)

2 **GIUSEPPE** Are these your jeans?

**KATE** No, they're \_\_\_\_\_'s jeans. (= They're **her** jeans.)

**b** ▶ Now go to Grammar Focus 7B on p.122

**c** 🗨️ Look at the picture of Greg, Sara, Giuseppe and Kate. Ask and answer questions about the Costa family.

Who's Giuseppe?

He's Kate's husband.

**d** 🎧 3.20 Kate talks about the people in her office. Put the word in brackets in the correct place in the sentences. Listen and check.

Everyone wears different clothes at work. <sup>1</sup>My boss wears a blouse and trousers (always). <sup>2</sup>She wears a skirt (never) – she doesn't like them.

<sup>3</sup>Johnnie wears jeans and a white shirt (usually), <sup>4</sup>but he wears black trousers (sometimes). <sup>5</sup>And Fran wears a dress (often), <sup>6</sup>but on Fridays she wears jeans (usually).

**e** 🗨️ Think of people you work or study with. What do they usually wear? Tell a partner.

**6 SPEAKING**

**a** Put the words and phrases in the correct order to make questions. Write another question with your own idea.

1 wear / at work (or school) / do you / what ?

2 wear / do you / what colour clothes ?

3 your brother's (or sister's, father's, mother's) clothes / do you / wear ?

4 in your home / do you / wear shoes ?

**b** 🗨️ Ask and answer the questions in 6a. Add extra information to your answers.

What do you wear at work?

I usually wear a blue or black dress and dark shoes. I like dark colours.



The Costa family

### 1 LISTENING

- a** Number the things you can buy from 1 to 4.  
 1 = I like going shopping for this / these very much.  
 4 = I really don't like going shopping for this / these.  
☐ food ☐ clothes ☐ things for the home ☐ IT things
- b** Talk with a partner about your ideas in 1a. Do you like shopping for the same things?
- c** **3.21** Watch or listen to Part 1. Answer the questions.  
 1 Who sees some nice cups?    2 Who buys something?
- d** **3.21** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Complete the information about the cups with a number.  
 1 Price: £ \_\_\_\_\_    3 Sophia needs: \_\_\_\_\_  
 2 Number in the shop: \_\_\_\_\_    4 Megan wants: \_\_\_\_\_



### 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE

#### Going shopping 1

- a** **3.22** Who says each expression – the customer (C) or the shop assistant (S)? Listen and check.
- How much are these cups?
  - I'd like two of these cups, please.
  - They're three pounds each.
  - Certainly.
  - Can I look around?
  - Can I help you?
  - Of course.
- b** **3.23** Put the conversation in the correct order. Listen and check.
- ☐ It's fifteen pounds.  
☐ Certainly.  
☐ It's ten pounds for the small one.  
☒ Can I help you?  
☐ And how much is the small bowl?  
☐ OK, then I'd like the large bowl, please.  
☐ Yes, you can. How much is this large bowl?
- c** Practise the conversation in 2b with a partner.
- d** Practise the conversation in 2b again, but ask about glasses. Change the prices.

### 3 PRONUNCIATION Joining words

- a** **3.24** Listen and notice the extra sounds in these sentences.
- We ji only have three.
  - I'd like two w of these cups.
- Practise saying the sentences.
- b** Complete the rules with the sounds in the box.
- /w/ /j/
- We add a \_\_\_\_\_ sound between words ending with **/i:/** and words starting with a vowel.  
 We add a \_\_\_\_\_ sound between words ending with **/u:/** and words starting with a vowel.
- c** **3.25** Listen to these sentences. Which extra **/j/** or **/w/** sound can you hear? Listen again and repeat.
- Would you like two or three?
  - These are for me and you.
  - Would you like three or four?
  - Are they for you or me?
- d** Practise the sentences in 3c with a partner.





## 4 LISTENING AND USEFUL LANGUAGE

### Going shopping 2

- a 3.26 Watch or listen to Part 2. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Megan pays five pounds.
- 2 She uses a card to pay.
- 3 Sophia doesn't buy anything.

- b 3.27 Complete the sentences with words in the box. Listen and check.

your that's here's you no

- S OK, \_\_\_\_\_ two pounds, please.  
 C Here \_\_\_\_\_ are.  
 S Enter \_\_\_\_\_ PIN, please.  
 C OK, \_\_\_\_\_ problem.  
 S \_\_\_\_\_ your receipt.

- c 3.28 Complete a conversation between a shop assistant and customer. Use phrases in 4b. Listen and check.

- C How much ... ? (*shoes*)  
 S Twenty pounds.  
 C Here ...  
 S Enter ...  
 C OK ...  
 S And ... receipt

- d Practise the conversation in 4c with a partner. Change the things you buy and the price.

## 5 SPEAKING

### ► Communication 7C

Student A go to p.105.  
 Student B go to p.112.

## 6 WRITING

- a Sophia saw an online advertisement.

### For sale

Chairs, lamps, small tables, a big bed – all in good condition.  
 Not expensive!

Email me for more information:

[jack@icemail.com](mailto:jack@icemail.com)

Read her email. What information does she want to know?

Dear Jack,

You have an online ad for things you want to sell. I need a chair, a bed and a lamp. How old are these things? How much are they? Can I pay online by credit card?

Thank you!

Sophia

- b Now go to Writing Plus 7C on p.157 for Commas, exclamation marks and question marks.

- c You see these online advertisements.

### For sale

CDs – lots of different music – old and new: pop, techno, jazz, classical and more. Cheap prices!

Email me for more information:

[harry@antiques.co.uk](mailto:harry@antiques.co.uk)

### For sale

Books for learning English – dictionaries, grammar books, coursebooks. All in good condition.

Email me for more information:

[melissa@mymail.com](mailto:melissa@mymail.com)

Write an email to ask about one of the advertisements. Here are some ideas:

You have a / an / some ...      How much ... ?  
 I need ...      Can I pay ... ?  
 How old ... ?

- d Read a partner's email. What objects does your partner ask about? Do you ask about the same things?



## Unit Progress Test

### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 7

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Complete the sentences with the phrases in the box.

these this those that's



1 \_\_\_\_\_ is my dad's car.



2 I love \_\_\_\_\_ flowers.



3 \_\_\_\_\_ an expensive car.



4 \_\_\_\_\_ flowers in the windows are nice!

b Underline the correct answers to complete the conversation.

- JO** Hi Lee. Do you know Kate? <sup>1</sup>*This / That / These* are  
<sup>2</sup>*Kate's / Kates / Kates'* daughters, Amy and Anna.  
**LEE** Hello! Nice to meet you, girls. Who's who?  
**JO** This <sup>3</sup>*is / are* Amy.  
**ANNA** And I'm Anna.  
**LEE** I like your bag, Anna.  
**ANNA** Oh, thanks. It's my <sup>4</sup>*dads / dads' / dad's*. Amy and I  
have a swimming lesson today.  
**JO** Yes, the <sup>5</sup>*girl's / girls / girls'* lesson starts at nine.  
**ANNA** And then we go to the café!

c Practise the conversation in 1b in groups of three.

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Complete the names of these common objects.



1 a p\_\_\_\_\_e



2 a g\_\_\_\_\_r



3 a c\_\_\_\_\_r



4 a g\_\_\_\_\_s



5 a l\_\_\_\_\_p

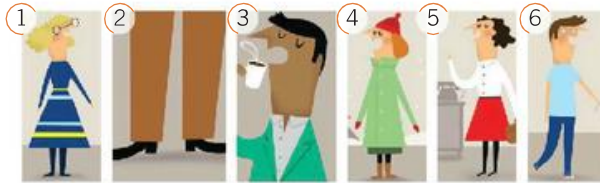


6 a p\_\_\_\_\_t

b Complete the descriptions using the colours and clothes.

white light blue light brown red green dark blue

shirt coat skirt jeans shoes



- 1 a \_\_\_\_\_ dress  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ trousers and black \_\_\_\_\_  
3 a grey \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_ jacket  
4 a light green \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_ hat  
5 a \_\_\_\_\_ blouse and a red \_\_\_\_\_  
6 dark blue \_\_\_\_\_ and a \_\_\_\_\_ T-shirt

c How many hats / coats / jackets / shoes do you have? What colour are they? Tell a partner.

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 3.29 Answer the questions. Practise saying the words.

1 Which words have the /k/ sound? Underline them.

suitcase clock place chair cup jacket coat dark

2 Which words have the /b/ sound? Underline them.

blue black brown blouse bed bowl

3 Which words have the /p/ sound? Underline them.

pink lamp photograph picture pillow plate plant

4 Which words have the /g/ sound? Underline them.

magazine bag light grey green thing

b 3.30 Complete the table with the words in the box. Practise saying the words.

dress shoes sugar Spain international jeans  
large fashion T-shirt jacket Germany this skirt

/f/	/s/	/dʒ/
shoes		

### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

talk about things I want to buy ☐

talk about the clothes that people wear ☐

ask about and pay for things in a shop ☐





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about past events
- Describe events in the past
- Make and respond to suggestions

# UNIT 8

## Past events

### GETTING STARTED

3.31

**a** Look at the picture of a New Year show and talk about the questions.

- 1 Would you like to be there? Why / Why not?
- 2 What other things do you think happened here that night? Here are some ideas:
  - music
  - dancing
  - shopping
  - fireworks
  - eating food
  - meeting friends

**b** Talk about the questions.

- 1 Where were you last New Year?
- 2 What things did you do?
- 3 Where were you last weekend?
- 4 What things did you do?





# 8A I was on tour with my band

Learn to talk about past events

**G** Past simple: *be*

**V** Past time expressions

## 1 READING

- a** Look at the events in pictures a–d. Choose one you like and one you don't like. Tell a partner. Say why.



a party



a sports game



a concert



a meeting

- b** Read about Cara, Antonio and Ava. Which events in 1a do they talk about?
- c** Read the texts again. Which cities does each person talk about?
- d** Talk about Cara, Antonio and Ava's lives with a partner. Who would you like to meet? Why?

Hi Jenny,  
Thanks for your email. I'm sorry my reply is late! I was in New York three days ago for work and then I was in Dublin yesterday at a meeting about newspaper photography. Life's busy at the moment!  
Cara



**'Yesterday I was in Dublin.'**



## The people in **OUR TEAM** ...

My name's Antonio Marotto. I'm the doctor for our team. It's a great job – I really like helping our players. I often go away with the team. We were in Newcastle two weeks ago for a game and we were in Bristol last week. It's fun to travel with the team.

**'At a game in Madrid. It was the World Cup!'**



## **Ava on THE ROAD ...**

Hi everyone, it's Ava. Last week I was on tour with my band in Europe: three cities in five days. We were in Munich on Wednesday and then we were in Vienna on Thursday. But Saturday was the best night. We were in Milan and about 1,000 people were at our concert.

**'In this photo we were in Milan.'**



## 2 GRAMMAR Past simple: be positive

- a Complete the table. Find examples of the past simple of *be* in the texts about Cara, Antonio and Ava.

+	
I <sup>1</sup> _____	we <sup>3</sup> _____
you were	you were
he / she / it <sup>2</sup> _____	they were

- b **3.32 Pronunciation** Listen to sentences 1–4. Are *was* and *were* stressed? Practise saying the sentences.

- 1 We were in Munich.                      3 We were in Newcastle.  
2 I was in Madrid.                          4 I was in New York.

- c **Now go to Grammar Focus 8A Part 1 on p.124**

- d Write sentences about where you were:

- this morning • last night • yesterday afternoon

- e **Compare your sentences in 2d with a partner. Were you in the same places?**

Boris and I were at the supermarket yesterday.

## 3 VOCABULARY Past time expressions

- a Today is Friday of week 3. Put the number of sentences 1–4 in the correct place on the timeline.

week 1	week 2	week 3

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday

- 1 We were in Munich on Wednesday.  
2 We were in Newcastle two weeks ago.  
3 ... we were in Bristol last week.  
4 I was in Dublin yesterday.

- b Look at the underlined words in 3a. Change them with words in the box.

months this morning Saturday year

- c **Now go to Vocabulary Focus 8A on p.144**

- d **Work in pairs.**

Student A: say a past time expression.

Student B: say where a person you know was.

Then swap roles.

last weekend

My parents were in Izmir last weekend.

two years ago

My friend Marco was in Russia two years ago.

## 4 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR Past simple: be negative and questions

- a **3.37** Listen to Cara, Antonio and Ava talking to friends. Write the correct name in each conversation.

Conversation 1 \_\_\_\_\_

Conversation 2 \_\_\_\_\_

Conversation 3 \_\_\_\_\_

- b **3.37** Match events 1–3 with adjectives a–c. Listen again and check.

- 1 the meeting                      a exciting  
2 the concert                      b interesting  
3 the game                        c fun

- c **3.38** Listen to Conversation 1 again. Complete the conversation with the words in the box.



was (x2) were (x2) wasn't

- LARRY \_\_\_\_\_ you at work yesterday?  
CARA Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_, but I \_\_\_\_\_ here in the office.  
LARRY Where \_\_\_\_\_ you?  
CARA I was at a meeting in Dublin.  
LARRY Oh, \_\_\_\_\_ it interesting?  
CARA Yes, it was really interesting.

- d **Now go to Grammar Focus 8A Part 2 on p.124**

- e **3.42** Complete the conversation with *was*, *were*, *wasn't* or *weren't*. Listen and check.

- A You \_\_\_\_\_ at work yesterday.  
B No, it \_\_\_\_\_ a holiday for me.  
A Nice. \_\_\_\_\_ you at home all day?  
B No, I \_\_\_\_\_. I \_\_\_\_\_ in town in the morning and then I \_\_\_\_\_ at a party last night.  
A \_\_\_\_\_ the party good?  
B Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of fun.

- f **Practise the conversation in 4e with a partner. Change some of the information.**

I was at a football game in the morning and then at the cinema last night.

Was the film good?

## 5 SPEAKING

- Communication 8A** Student A go to p.106. Student B go to p.111. Student C go to p.113.

# 8B Who killed Lady Grey?

Learn to describe events in the past

**G** Past simple: positive

**V** Free time activities

## 1 READING AND LISTENING

**a** Look at picture a and answer the questions with a partner.

- 1 Do you think this is ... ? a breakfast b lunch c dinner
- 2 Are the people ... ? a rich b poor

**b** Read *Who killed Lady Grey?* and underline the correct answers.

- 1 Lady Grey's diamonds were in the *bedroom* / *living room*.
- 2 The guests were there until 3:00 / 4:00.
- 3 Someone killed Lady Grey with *a bag* / *a knife*.
- 4 At 3:15 the diamonds *were* / *weren't* in the bag.

**c** **3.43** Read and listen to the police interviews. Which people are A, B and C on the plan?

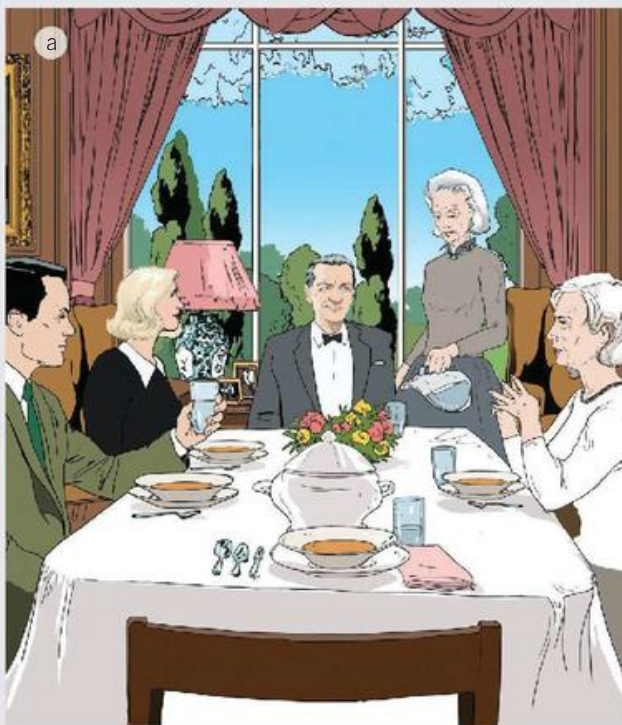
**d** Who do you think killed Lady Grey? Why?

## Who killed Lady Grey?



Lord and Lady Grey live in a big house in London. Lady Grey has some very expensive diamonds. They are always in a bag under her bed.

One weekend, Lord and Lady Grey had guests at their house for lunch. After lunch, Lady Grey was tired, so she went to her bedroom to sleep. Lord Grey stayed with the guests until 3:00 and then they went home. At 3:15 he went to the bedroom with some tea for his wife. Lady Grey was on the floor. She was dead. There was a knife next to her and a bag ... but no diamonds.



## The police interviews



**James Green** 'After lunch, I went with Lord Grey to the living room and we had coffee. We saw Jane White through the window. She was in the garden with a book. At 3:00 I went home with Sue Black. She lives near me, so we went in my car.'



**Jane White** 'After lunch, I went into the garden. Sue Black was with me. She said 'Oh, my phone is on the table!' and she went back into the house. I stayed in the garden and read a book. At 3:00, I went home and watched TV.'

**Sue Black** 'After lunch, I went into the garden. I saw Jane White in the garden and we went for a walk together until 3:00. Then we all went home. James Green lives near me, so I went with him in his car.'



**Lord Grey** 'We had lunch until 2:00, then I stayed in the living room with James Green. We had coffee together and we talked about business. At 3:00 the guests went home.'





## 2 GRAMMAR Past simple: positive

- a Read the police interviews again and find the past simple forms of the verbs in the table.

A		B	
Verb	Past form	Verb	Past form
kill	killed	go	went
talk		have	
stay		see	
watch		read	

- b Answer the questions about the table in 2a.

- What do we add to the verbs in A to make the past form?
- Do the verbs in B all change in the same way or in different ways?

### c Sound and spelling /t/ and /d/

- 1 3.44 Listen and practise these sounds.

1 /t/ talked 2 /d/ killed

- 2 3.45 Listen to the past forms in the box. Which -ed endings sound ... ?

• more like /t/ • more like /d/

stayed watched finished worked played

- 3 Practise saying the words.

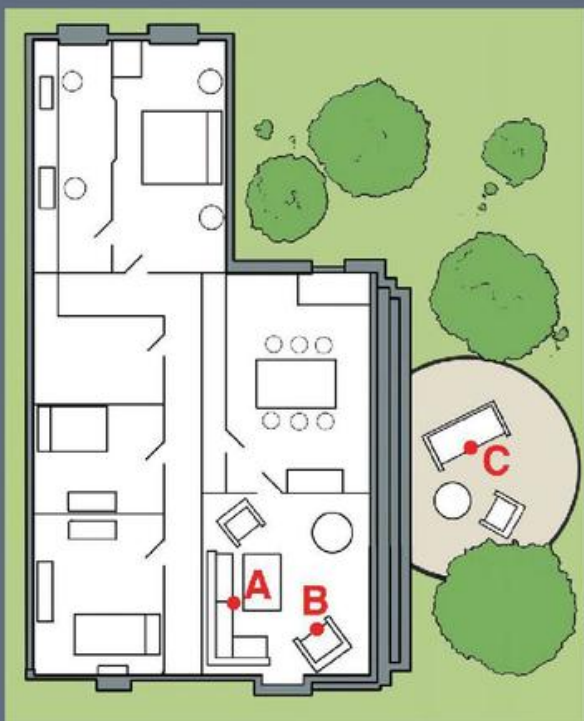
- d Cover the table in 2a. Test a partner.

Student A: say a verb.

Student B: say the past form.

Then swap roles.

- e Now go to Grammar Focus 8B on p.124



## 3 LISTENING AND VOCABULARY Free time activities

- a 3.48 Complete the sentences with the correct past simple verbs. Listen and check.

JAMES I <sup>1</sup>w\_\_\_\_\_ home with Sue Black.

SUE We <sup>2</sup>w\_\_\_\_\_ for a walk.

JANE I <sup>3</sup>r\_\_\_\_\_ a book in the garden. At home I

<sup>4</sup>w\_\_\_\_\_ TV.

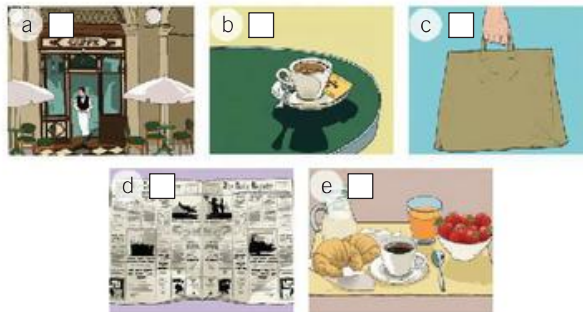
LORD GREY We <sup>5</sup>h\_\_\_\_\_ coffee together. We <sup>6</sup>t\_\_\_\_\_ about business.

- b Match verbs 1–6 with a word or phrase in the box to make more past simple phrases.

a drink to a café at home breakfast a film  
shopping to my friends the newspaper

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1 went _____,  | 4 had _____,    |
| 2 read _____   | 5 watched _____ |
| 3 stayed _____ | 6 talked _____  |

- c 3.49 Listen to Jane White talk about what she did before she went to Lord and Lady Grey's house for lunch. Put pictures a–e in the correct order.



- d 3.49 Complete what Jane White says with phrases in 3b. Then listen again and check.

'I <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ at about 9:00. After that I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. Then I went into town and I <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. After that I <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ near Lord and Lady Grey's house. A few of my friends were there. I talked to my friends and we <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ together.'

- e Now go to Vocabulary Focus 8B on p.138

- f Complete the sentences about free time activities.

- When I was a child, I \_\_\_\_\_.
- After work / university, I often \_\_\_\_\_.
- At weekends I like to \_\_\_\_\_.
- (your idea)

- g Tell other students your sentences in 3f. What free time activities were / are popular ... ?

- when everyone was a child
- after work / university
- at weekends

## 4 SPEAKING

- Communication 8B Student A go to p.106.  
Student B go to p.111.

# 8C Everyday English

Let's go somewhere this weekend

Learn to make and respond to suggestions

**P** Main stress and tone

**W** Thank you note



## 1 LISTENING

**a** Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 On the first day at work / university / school after the weekend, how do you feel?
- 2 What do you talk to your friends about on this day?

**b** Sophia arrives at work. Choose the answer you think is correct.

- 1 Sophia asks David about:
  - a London and work
  - b his home town and family
- 2 Sophia and Megan talk about:
  - a shopping
  - b a party



**c** **3.52** Watch or listen to Part 1. Are your answers in 1b correct?

**d** **3.52** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1
  - ☐ Sophia helped Megan on Saturday.
  - ☐ Sophia doesn't like shopping.
  - ☐ Sophia and Megan both enjoyed shopping.
- 2
  - ☐ Sophia wants to go shopping again.
  - ☐ Megan wants to go shopping this afternoon.
  - ☐ Sophia wants to go to a café and then go shopping.

**e** **3.53** Watch or listen to Part 2. Who went to a party? Who watched TV?

**f** **3.53** Watch or listen to Part 2 again and answer the questions.

- 1 What was the problem with the party?
- 2 What's difficult for Sophia?
- 3 What's Megan's idea for next weekend?
- 4 Does Sophia feel happy or sad at the end of the conversation? Why?

**g** Talk about the questions.

- 1 Is it difficult to meet new people in your town / city? Why / Why not?
- 2 What are good ways to meet new people?



## 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Making and responding to suggestions

**a** **3.54** Listen to the conversations. Underline the word you hear. Are both options possible?

- MEGAN** We *can* / *could* go shopping again some time.  
**SOPHIA** Yes, OK. *Good* / *Great* idea.
- MEGAN** So, *shall we* / *let's* go there for the day next Saturday?  
**SOPHIA** OK, that's a *nice* / *lovely* idea.

**b** **3.55** Complete the conversation with the words in the box. Listen and check.

we idea go sorry

- A** Let's \_\_\_\_\_ for dinner on Saturday.  
**B** Saturday? I'm \_\_\_\_\_, I can't. I'm away on Saturday.  
**A** Shall \_\_\_\_\_ go on Sunday?  
**B** Yes, that's a lovely \_\_\_\_\_.

**c** Practise the conversation in 2b with a partner.



**d** Complete the conversation with words or expressions in 2a and 2b. There is sometimes more than one answer.

- A** \_\_\_\_\_ go to the cinema tonight.  
**B** \_\_\_\_\_, I'm not free. I have a dinner with my family.  
**A** \_\_\_\_\_ go tomorrow night.  
**B** OK, \_\_\_\_\_.

**e** Practise the conversation in 2d with a partner. Take turns to be A and B.

## 3 PRONUNCIATION Main stress and tone

**a** **3.56** Listen to the expressions. Notice the main stress.

- Yes, that's a great idea.
- Yes, that's a lovely idea.

**b** **3.56** Listen to the expressions in 3a again. Does the tone rise or fall after the main stress?

**c** Work with a partner.

Student A: say sentences 1 and 2.  
 Student B: answer with phrases in 3a.

- Let's have a cup of coffee.
- Shall we go for a walk?

Then swap roles.

**b** Have a phone conversation with your partner. Then swap roles.

Shall we go to a restaurant on Friday?

I'm sorry, I'm not free. I have a work dinner.

## 5 WRITING

**a** Read Sophia's note to Megan. Why did Sophia write it?

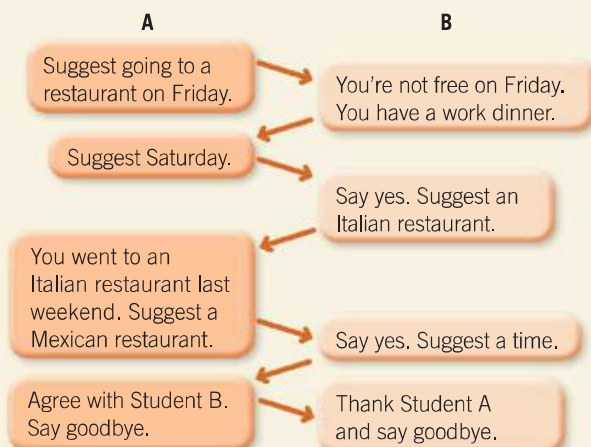
Dear Megan,

This is a card to say thank you for your help on Saturday. It was fun to go shopping with you and you helped me find some good shops. I hope we can go shopping again some time soon.

Best wishes,  
 Sophia

## 4 SPEAKING

**a** Work in pairs. Read the ideas below and think about what you want to say.



**b** Now go to Writing Plus 8C on p.157 for Writing short emails, letters and notes.

**c** Write a note to a friend to thank them for something. Here are some ideas:

Here are some flowers / chocolates to say thank you for ...  
 It was ... I hope ...

**d** Read another student's note. What do they say thank you for?



## Unit Progress Test

### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 8

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Write past simple sentences and questions with *be* and the words and phrases.

> (?) where / you yesterday

*Where were you yesterday?*

1 (+) I / in a meeting.

2 (?) / you OK

3 (–) James / at work this morning.

4 (?) where / he

5 (+) Yasmin and Adele / in New York two weeks ago.

6 (–) we / in Paris six years ago

b Complete the text with the past simple form of the verb in brackets.

Last week my family and I <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (be) in Dublin. We <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) on Wednesday morning. First, we <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (visit) my dad's family. My dad and his brothers <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (talk) for a long time. Then we <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (go) to a big museum in the city centre. We <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (see) lots of interesting things there. In the evening we <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (watch) a film at the cinema. We <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (stay) at the Dylan Hotel. The rooms <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (not / be) very big but I <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (like) the bathroom and the food <sup>11</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (be) great! Every morning I <sup>12</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (have) toast, eggs, fruit, coffee and cake for breakfast.

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Tick (✓) the correct answer.

**Today is WEDNESDAY 14 OCTOBER 2015.**  
**It's 7:30 pm.**

1 Wednesday 30 September 2015

a ☐ two weeks ago

b ☐ yesterday

2 2:30 pm Wednesday 14 October 2015

a ☐ last night

b ☐ this afternoon

3 October 2005

a ☐ ten years ago

b ☐ last month

4 Tuesday 13 October 2015

a ☐ yesterday

b ☐ a few days ago

5 Saturday 10 October 2015

a ☐ this morning

b ☐ last Saturday

6 Sunday 11 October 2015

a ☐ six months ago

b ☐ on Sunday

b Ask and answer questions with *Where were you ... ?* and a past time expression.

c Complete the table with the words and phrases in the box.

a computer game   a football match  
a magazine   a pizza   the radio



have	a drink, a coffee, <sup>1</sup> _____, a shower
listen to	music, <sup>2</sup> _____
watch	<sup>3</sup> _____, a film
read	a book, <sup>4</sup> _____, the newspaper
play	the guitar, <sup>5</sup> _____, football
go to	the cinema, a party, <sup>6</sup> _____, a café

d Correct the sentences.

1 I was in Manchester before two weeks ago.

2 We were in Rome at weekend.

3 I had coffee with Lily at Friday.

4 We went a party yesterday.

5 I listened music last night.

6 We played the football this morning.

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 3.57 Look at the words in the box. Is the final sound /t/ or /d/? Complete the table. Practise saying the words.

~~killed~~ talked stayed watched  
listened played helped

/t/	/d/
	killed

b 3.58 Look at the information in the table.

/eɪ/	/aɪ/
play, stay, day game, paper, radio great, grey	white, knife, wife night, right

c 3.59 Are the **marked** sounds the same (S) or different (D)? Practise saying the words.

1 white – **night**

2 **great** – game

3 **right** – day

4 stay – **grey**

5 paper – knife

6 radio – **play**



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well   2 = well   1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

talk about past events

☐

describe events in the past

☐

make and respond to suggestions

☐





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about travel and holiday experiences
- Talk about past holidays
- Make and respond to requests

# UNIT 9

## Holidays



### GETTING STARTED

3.60

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 What country do you think it is?
- 2 What transport can you see?
- 3 What time of year is it?
- 4 What is the weather in this place?

**b** Talk about the questions.

- 1 Where did you go on your last holiday?
- 2 What weather do you like on holiday? Why?

**c** Ask your partner one question about their last holiday.



# 9A We didn't stay in their house

Learn to talk about travel and holiday experiences

**G** Past simple: negative

**V** Transport

## Garden camping

### How does it work?

Do you want a cheap holiday in a beautiful place? Why not camp in someone's garden? It's cheap and you can make new friends. We have more than 1,000 gardens in 70 countries and you can camp in them all!

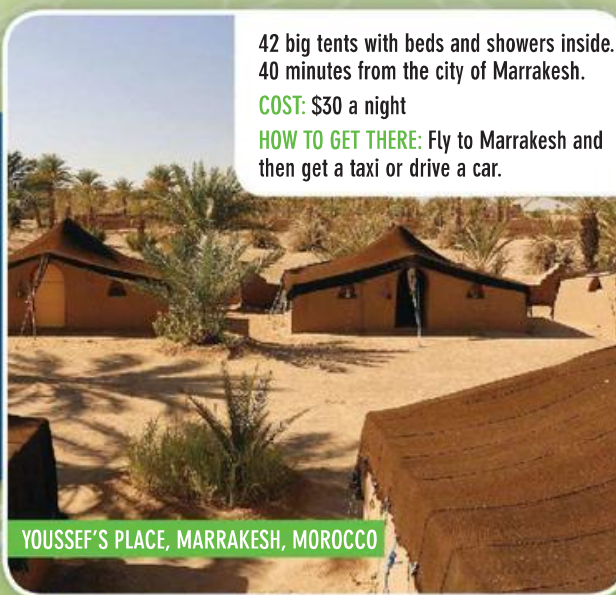


Old house with a big garden. 20 minutes from the centre of Cambridge.

**COST:** \$15 a night

**HOW TO GET THERE:** Go to Cambridge by bus from London. Then walk to the house from the bus station (5 minutes).

**LAURENCE'S PLACE, CAMBRIDGE, ENGLAND**



42 big tents with beds and showers inside. 40 minutes from the city of Marrakesh.

**COST:** \$30 a night

**HOW TO GET THERE:** Fly to Marrakesh and then get a taxi or drive a car.

**YOUSSEF'S PLACE, MARRAKESH, MOROCCO**

## 1 READING

**a** Where do you usually stay on holiday? Here are some ideas:

- at a hotel
- at a campsite
- at a hostel
- with friends or family

**b** Read *How does it work?* on the *Garden camping* website. What do you think of the idea?

It's a great idea!

Hmm, interesting.

No, thanks!

**c** Read about three gardens on the *Garden camping* website. Which answers (a–d) are incorrect? Correct the wrong answers.

1 Laurence's place:

- a old house
- b big garden
- c in the centre
- d near the bus station

2 Youssef's place:

- a small tents
- b showers
- c not in Marrakesh
- d not very cheap

3 Guadalupe's place:

- a big garden
- b pool
- c near some restaurants
- d expensive

## 2 VOCABULARY Transport

**a** **3.61** Find words on the *Garden camping* website to match pictures 1–5. Listen and check.



**b** Complete the tables.

go _____	bus plane	_____	a bus a taxi
----------	--------------	-------	-----------------

**c** Find verbs in the texts that mean:

- a go by car
- b go by plane

**d** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 9A on p.153

**e** How do you ... ?

- 1 go to work or university
- 2 go to a big town or city nearby
- 3 go home late at night
- 4 go to a party
- 5 go on holiday

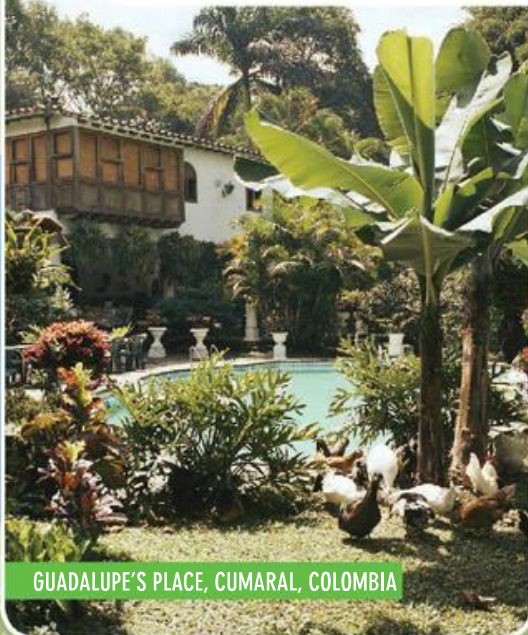
I usually go to work by bike.



House with a big garden and swimming pool. Free bikes. Near to restaurants, a river and a zoo.

**COST:** \$4 a night

**HOW TO GET THERE:** Go to Villavicencio by plane or bus. Then get a taxi or another bus to our house.



GUADALUPE'S PLACE, CUMARAL, COLOMBIA

### Language Plus go



go to the  
cinema

go to work  
NOT ~~to the~~  
work

go home  
NOT ~~to home~~

go on holiday

### f Sound and spelling the letter a

- 1 **3.64** The letter *a* can have different sounds.  
Listen and practise the words.

1 /æ/ taxi 2 /ɑ:/ car 3 /eɪ/ plane 4 /ɒ/ watch

- 2 **3.65** Listen to these words. Are the **marked** letters  
Sound 1, 2, 3 or 4?

what flat train father

- 3 **3.66** Listen to these words. Which one in each  
group has a different *a* sound?

1 bank want man  
2 have cake Spain  
3 party bag garden  
4 plant glass want

- 4 Practise saying the words.

## WEEK 3

### Through the country by bus



Alessandro

We didn't go to big cities. We went by bus and we stayed in small places in the country. In one place we stayed with a family. We didn't stay in their house – we camped in their garden. We bought food in the town and we cooked meals in the house. And we went swimming every morning in their pool. It was very cheap and the family were very friendly. We stayed for four days!

## 3 GRAMMAR AND LISTENING

### Past simple: negative

- a Read Alessandro's travel blog. Which place from the *Garden camping* website does he write about?

- b Read the blog again. Tick (✓) the correct sentences.

- |                                |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 a They went to small places. | b They didn't go to small places. |
| 2 a They had a car.            | b They didn't have a car.         |
| 3 a They stayed in the house.  | b They didn't stay in the house.  |
| 4 a They used the kitchen.     | b They didn't use the kitchen.    |

- c Look at the b sentences in 3b. Complete the rule.

Past simple negative (–):

I / you / he / she / it / we / they + \_\_\_\_\_ + verb

- d Now go to Grammar Focus 9A on p.126

- e **3.68 Pronunciation** Listen to the sentences. Is *didn't* stressed or unstressed?

- 1 We didn't stay in their house.  
2 We didn't have a car.

- f **3.69** Listen to Alessandro. He says more things about his trip. What does he say about ... ?

• emails • money • bikes • photos

- g What do you like about Alessandro's holiday? What don't you like?

- h Think about your last holiday. Which sentences are true? If they aren't true, make them negative. Then write a true positive sentence.

- |                              |                         |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 I stayed in a hotel.       | 5 I went to bed early.  |
| 2 I visited museums.         | 6 I cooked my own food. |
| 3 I bought a lot of clothes. | 7 I watched TV.         |
| 4 I had my computer with me. | 8 I read lots of books. |

1 I ~~didn't stay~~ in a hotel. I ~~stayed~~ in a hostel.

- i Tell a partner your sentences in 3h.

I ~~didn't visit~~ museums.  
I ~~went to~~ the zoo.

## 4 SPEAKING

- Communication 9A** Student A go to p.107. Student B go to p.110.




# 9B How did you get there?

Learn to talk about past holidays

**G** Past simple: questions

**V** The seasons; The weather

## 1 VOCABULARY The seasons

**a**  **3.70** Match the words in the box with pictures a–d. Listen and check.

winter summer spring autumn

**b**  Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 Do you have four seasons in your country?
- 2 Which seasons do you like? Which seasons don't you like?

## 2 READING

**a** Read about the Duncan family's holiday. What was different about this New Year for them?

**b** Complete Michael's notes with the words in the box.

party shopping beach hot

Thursday: <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ with family in Chapel Street

New Year's Eve: <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ in a park – great fireworks!

Friday: <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ and sunny weather; everyone went to the <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_.



**The Duncan family, from Edinburgh, went to Melbourne, Australia, for New Year. Read Michael Duncan's diary ...**

### Thursday 31 December

We went shopping in Chapel Street – it has lots of interesting shops, restaurants and cafés. The weather changes all the time here. It's hot and sunny one minute and then it's cold and rainy. We went to a big New Year's Eve party in a park in the evening. The children loved the fireworks.

### Friday 1 January

Australia is 11 hours ahead of Scotland. New Year arrived early this year! It's also summer time here and it's very different to have New Year in the sun. I like the snowy, cold weather in Scotland at New Year, but in Melbourne it was very hot today and it didn't feel like New Year. Everyone went to the beach!





### 3 VOCABULARY The weather

- a 3.71 What does Duncan say about the weather in Melbourne? Complete the sentences with *hot* or *cold*. Listen and check.

- 1 It's \_\_\_\_\_ and sunny and then it's \_\_\_\_\_ and rainy.



- 2 I like the snowy, \_\_\_\_\_ weather in Scotland at New Year.



#### Language Plus like

I **like** sunny weather. = I think sunny weather is good.  
What's the weather **like**? = How's the weather?

- b Now go to Vocabulary Focus 9B on p.145

#### c Sound and spelling the letter o

- 1 3.74 The letter *o* can have different sounds. Listen and repeat the words.

1 /əʊ/ snow    2 /aʊ/ cloudy    3 /ɒ/ hot

- 2 3.75 Listen to these words. Are the **marked** letters Sound 1, 2 or 3?

holiday    town    cold

- 3 3.76 Listen to these words. Which one in each group has a different *o* sound? Listen again and repeat.

1 got    job    go  
2 know    not    slow  
3 phone    now    down

- d **Communication 9B** Student A go to p.107.  
Student B go to p.112.

### 4 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR

#### Past simple: questions

- a 3.77 Listen to Kiril and Angie talk about summer holidays. Tick (✓) the correct sentence.

- 1 ☐ They're on holiday now.  
2 ☐ They talk about past and future holidays.  
3 ☐ They only talk about past holidays.



- b 3.77 Listen again. Match 1–3 with a–c.

- 1 Kiril last year    a Greece  
2 Angie last year    b the south of France  
3 Angie two years ago    c Moscow

- c 3.78 Listen to the questions from the conversation. Choose one word from the box to complete the three questions.

do    does    did

- 1 Where \_\_\_\_\_ you go on your summer holiday last year?  
2 How \_\_\_\_\_ you get there?  
3 \_\_\_\_\_ you enjoy it there?

- d Now go to Grammar Focus 9B on p.126

- e 3.81 Complete the two conversations about last weekend. Listen and check your answers.

#### Conversation 1

A go / cinema  
last weekend?

B Yes, I did.

A What / see?

B The new James Bond film.

#### Conversation 2

C go / restaurant  
last night?

D Yes, I did.

C Where / go?

D A new Thai restaurant.

- f Tell a partner about last weekend. Use the conversations in 4e and your own ideas.

Did you see your friends last weekend?

Yes, I did.

Who did you see?

I saw Daniele.

- g Work in new pairs. Tell your new partner about your first partner.

Matteo saw his friend Daniele last weekend.

### 5 SPEAKING

- a Think about a past holiday. Make notes about the:

- place
- food
- weather
- things you did

- b Write questions to ask about your partner's holiday.

- 1 When ... the holiday? *When was the holiday?*  
2 Where ... go?  
3 What ... the weather like?  
4 What ... eat?  
5 What ... do?  
6 (your idea for a question)

- c Ask and answer the questions in 5b about your holiday.

When was the holiday?

It was last spring.

Where did you go?

We went to Lombok, in Indonesia.

What was the weather like?

It was hot and sunny.

### 1 LISTENING

**a** Talk about a place near your town or city with a partner. Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 Where's a nice place to visit for a day? Why?
- 2 What can you see and do there?
- 3 Do you go there often?

**b** **3.82** Look at pictures a and b and talk about the questions. Watch or listen to Part 1 and check your answers.

- 1 Do you think Sophia and Megan like Henley?
- 2 What do they see in the shop?

**c** **3.82** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 They decide to go to the museum before lunch.
- 2 Megan decides to go in the shop.
- 3 The clock is difficult to carry.

**d** What do you buy when you visit another place?



### 2 PRONUNCIATION Syllables and spelling

**a** **3.83** Listen to the **marked** word in the sentence. Do you hear all the letters?

It's very **different** from Toronto.

**3.83** Listen again and repeat the **marked** word.

**b** **3.84** Listen to these words. Underline the letters you don't hear.

restaurant interesting favourite  
every family vegetable camera

**c** Practise saying the words in 2c.

### 3 LISTENING

**a** **3.85** Look at picture c and answer the questions. Watch or listen to Part 2 and check your answers.

- 1 Who does Megan call?
- 2 What does she want?

**b** **3.85** Watch or listen to Part 2 again. Underline the correct answer.

- 1 Sophia and Megan *take the train / drive* home.
- 2 Megan says the problem is the *clock / weather*.
- 3 James *can / can't* meet Megan and Sophia at the station.

**c** Who do you usually ask for help – a friend or someone in your family? Why?



#### 4 USEFUL LANGUAGE Making and responding to requests

**a** **3.86** Listen to the questions. Underline the word you hear. Then answer the question below.

- 1 *Can / Could* you take it for a minute?
- 2 *Can / Could* you do something for me?
- 3 *Can / Could* you pick us up from the station later, please?
- 4 *Can / Could* you meet us at the station, please?

Is it OK to use *can* and *could* in all the sentences?

**b** **3.87** Put the possible replies to the questions in 4a into the table. Listen and check your answers.

Of course. No, I can't. Yes, certainly.  
I'm sorry, I can't. Sure, no problem.

Yes	No

**c** **3.88** Complete mini-conversations 1 and 2 with the phrases in the box. Listen and check.

Oh, OK, I'll do it then.  
Thanks, that's really kind of you.

- 1 **A** Could you help me with the shopping?  
**B** Sure, no problem.  
**A** \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 **C** Can you get the children from school?  
**D** I'm sorry, I can't. I have a lot of work to finish.  
**C** \_\_\_\_\_.

**d** Work in pairs. Take turns to make requests and reply. Use the ideas below and *can / could*.

- 1 help me with my work
- 2 give me your book
- 3 meet me after class
- 4 phone me this evening

Could you meet me after class?

I'm sorry, I can't.  
I'm busy.

#### 5 SPEAKING

**a** Work in pairs. You talk on the phone. Look at the ideas below and think about what you want to say.

**A**

Say hello and who you are.

Answer. Ask for help with something.

Ask Student B to come shopping with you today.

Ask about tomorrow.

Say thanks and goodbye.

**B**

Say hello and ask how Student A is.

Say yes.

Say no – you're busy today.

Say yes.

Say goodbye.

**b** Have a phone conversation with your partner. Then swap roles.

#### 6 WRITING

**a** Read about Sophia's weekend. What information about the clock is new?



Last weekend I went to Henley with my new friend, Megan. First, we went for a walk by the river. It was beautiful. Next, we went to a small museum and had lunch. Then, we went shopping and I saw a lovely clock. It was quite expensive (£150!), but I bought it and we took it back to London. It was really heavy! Henley is a nice town – it's very different from Toronto.

**b** Now go to Writing Plus 9C on p.158 for Making the order clear.

**c** Write an online post about a trip to another place. Here are some ideas:

Last weekend, / month, / summer, I went to ... with ...  
First, we ... It was ... Next, we ... Then, we ...  
... is a nice / beautiful / lovely city / town / place.

**d** Read another student's online post. Do you like the activities he / she did?



#### Unit Progress Test

#### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 9

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Underline the correct answers.

- We didn't *stay / stayed* in a hotel last year.
- I didn't *take / took* any photos this morning.
- She *doesn't / didn't* buy a book yesterday.
- They didn't *have / had* fish for dinner last night.
- We *don't watched / didn't watch* a film last week.
- He *didn't got / didn't get* a taxi to the airport.

b Look at the answers and complete the questions.

- > 'Did it rain yesterday?' 'Yes, it did. It rained in the morning.'
- '\_\_\_\_\_ football last week?' 'No, I didn't – but I played tennis!'
  - 'What time \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday?' 'I got up at six o'clock.'
  - '\_\_\_\_\_ any photos at New Year?' 'Yes, I did. I took some photos at the party.'
  - 'Where \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday?' 'I went to the park.'
  - '\_\_\_\_\_ your phone yesterday?' 'Yes, of course! I use my phone every day!'
  - 'What \_\_\_\_\_ for breakfast today?' 'I had cereal and coffee.'

c Work in pairs. Ask and answer the questions in 1b.

d Correct the past simple sentences.

- > Where they did stay? *Where did they stay?*
- Do you arrived last night?      6 What you cooked?
  - Yes, I arrived.                      7 We don't visit Pedro yesterday.
  - No, I not.                              8 Saw you the garden?
  - What did you bought?
  - I didn't watched TV.

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Write the words.



- ritan \_\_\_\_\_
- atix \_\_\_\_\_
- rungedundro \_\_\_\_\_
- mart \_\_\_\_\_
- elnap \_\_\_\_\_
- pish \_\_\_\_\_

b Underline the correct answers.

- A Was it <sup>1</sup>*cold / wet / warm*?  
 B Yes! It was –10°C! There was lots of <sup>2</sup>*snow / snowy*.  
 A Wow! It never <sup>3</sup>*snows / snowy* in my country.  
 C Do I need an umbrella?  
 D I don't know. It's <sup>4</sup>*rainy / rain* – but it's very <sup>5</sup>*wind / windy* too!  
 E Was it <sup>6</sup>*wet / hot*?  
 F Yes, very! It was about 35°C! But it was <sup>7</sup>*cloud / cloudy* all the time. We didn't see the sun.



### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 3.89 Which of the **marked** letters in each group has a different sound? Underline the word. Practise saying the words.

- train car plane rain
- camp what hot not
- go boat snow wind
- flat camp take tram
- cloud home cold no
- bus sun drove lovely

b 3.90 Complete the table with words in the box.

~~cinema~~ beautiful ~~different~~ expensive  
 interesting camera lovely difficult  
 restaurant business favourite museum

We always say all the letters	We don't always say all the letters
cinema	different



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well    2 = well    1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

- talk about travel and holiday experiences ☐
- talk about past holidays ☐
- make and respond to requests ☐





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about your home
- Ask where people are and what they're doing
- Ask for travel information

# UNIT 10

## Here and now

### GETTING STARTED

4.2

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 What room are the people in?
- 2 What are they doing?
- 3 How often do you think they do this?
- 4 Who is the man at the computer talking to? What do you think he's saying?
- 5 How do the other people feel? Why?

**b** Talk about the questions.

- 1 Do you have a computer at home? Where do you use it?
- 2 Do you speak to family and friends on the Internet? How often? Who do you speak to?
- 3 What programmes do you use to speak to people on the Internet?
- 4 What are the good things and bad things about speaking to people on the Internet and not on the phone?





# 10A I'm sitting in my flat

Learn to talk about your home

**G** Present continuous: positive

**V** The home



## 1 VOCABULARY The home

**a** **4.3** Match the words in the box with pictures a–f. Listen and check.

bedroom garden living room  
dining room kitchen bathroom

**b** **►** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 10A on p.150

### c Sound and spelling /tʃ/ and /θ/

1 **4.5** Listen and practise these sounds.

1 /tʃ/ kitchen 2 /θ/ bathroom

2 **4.6** What sound do you hear in the words in the box, Sound 1 or Sound 2? Listen and add the words to the sound groups below.

cheese month birthday thanks chips  
both March question three watch

Sound 1 /tʃ/	Sound 2 /θ/
kitchen	bathroom

3 Which letters usually spell /tʃ/ and which spell /θ/?

4 **►** Practise saying the words.

**d** **►** Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

- How many bedrooms are there in your home?
- Where do you eat your dinner?
- Is there a TV in your home? Where?
- Do you have a garden? If yes, is it big or small?
- Which room do you like best in your home?

## 2 LISTENING AND SPEAKING

**a** **4.7** Listen to Mimi talk about her flat. Put pictures 1–3 on page 81 in the order Mimi talks about them.



**b** **4.7** Listen again. Are the sentences true or false?

- Mimi's flat isn't big.
- The light in her flat is good.
- There are three chairs in the living room.
- There's a dining room in her flat.
- She uses her computer in her living room.

**c** **►** Do you like Mimi's flat? Why / Why not?

### Language Plus in / on

**in** + room

There's a desk **in** my bedroom.

Put the cake **in** the kitchen.

**on** + floor, wall

The books are **on** the floor.

There are pictures **on** the wall.

**d** **►** Think about your home and the rooms it has. Tell a partner about your home.

In my home there are four bedrooms and a big bathroom.

**e** **►** Choose a room in your home and write the names of some objects in that room. Then tell your partner about them.

In my bedroom there's a bed, a chair and a small desk.



### 3 READING

- a Read the messages. Are they for people who are near or far away?

1 Come in here! We're watching the game. It's Germany and Brazil. SEND

2 Mum, I'm studying really hard for my exam. Can I have a cup of coffee, please? ☺ SEND

3 Steve's talking too much – I can't hear the TV. Tell him to be quiet! SEND

4 I'm sitting in the car outside the house. Can you come and help me with my suitcase? It's really heavy! Thanks! 😊 SEND

5 I'm cooking your dinner and there's no butter – can you stop watching TV and go to the supermarket for me? SEND

- b Read the messages again. Where are the writers?

- c Do you sometimes send a message to someone when you're in the same place? Why / Why not?

### 4 GRAMMAR

#### Present continuous: positive

- a Look at the sentence from message 1. Does it mean *now* or *usually*?

We're watching the game.

- b Complete the rule with *-ing* and *be*.

Present continuous positive (+):

*I / you / he / she / it / we / they* + \_\_\_\_\_ + verb + \_\_\_\_\_

- c **4.8 Pronunciation** Listen to the sentence in 4a. Underline the stressed words.

- d Underline four more examples of the present continuous in messages 2–5 in 3a.

- e Now go to Grammar Focus 10A on p.126

- f It's 2 pm on Sunday. What are you doing? Write a message to a friend.

Hi Jules,

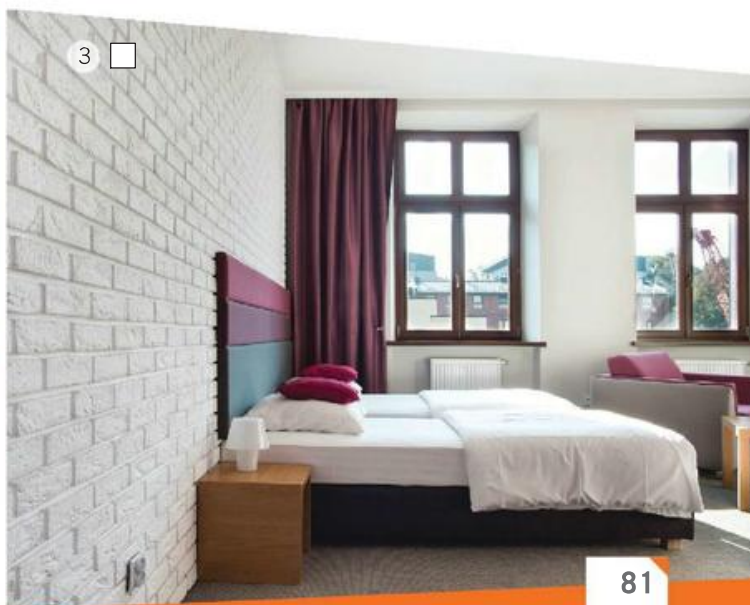
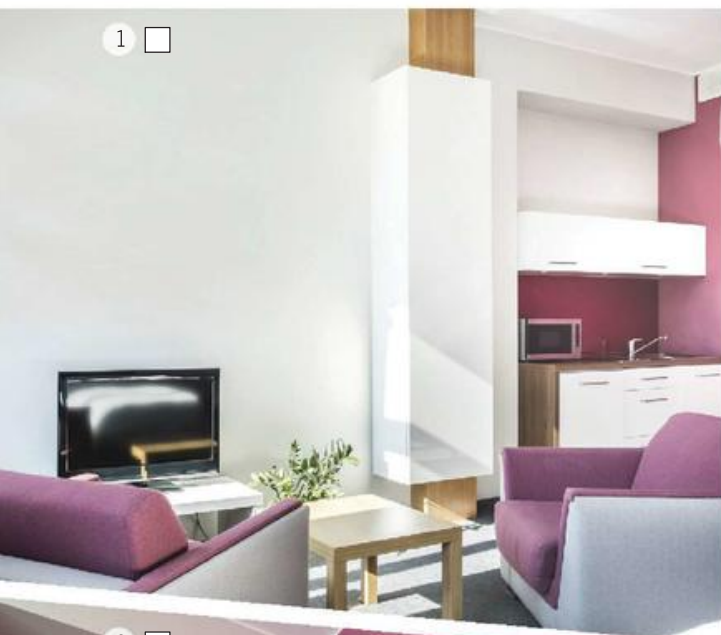
I'm having lunch at a new restaurant in the centre of town with my sister. It's really good! We're eating lots of food.

Doug

- g Read your message to the class. Listen to the other students. Is anyone doing the same thing?

### 5 SPEAKING

- Communication 10A** Student A go to p.107. Student B go to p.112.



# 10B Are you working?

Learn to ask where people are and what they're doing

**G** Present continuous: negative and questions

**V** Place phrases with prepositions

## IS YOUR PHONE ALWAYS ON?



Some people always have their phone on and they use it all the time – in a café, in the car, even in bed! Is this a good idea? Tell us what you think! And is *your* phone always on?

### KEVIN

My phone's always on, day and night. You never know – maybe someone needs to call you at night.

### YASMIN

I never have my phone with me when I'm with people in a restaurant. I don't want to talk on the phone when I'm eating. And I always turn it off at night.

### BRANKO

My phone's always on in the day – when I'm at home and when I'm at work, but I turn it off at night. I want to sleep!

### SAM

My phone is usually on, but not at the cinema of course, and not on a plane. I have it on at night.

### JENNY

My phone is always off! I use it when I speak to a friend, or maybe at the airport or on a train – sometimes I need to tell my mum that the train's late. But then I turn it off. I don't like talking on the phone.



## 1 READING

- a** Match the phrases in the box with pictures a–e.

at the cinema in bed in the car  
in a restaurant on a mountain

- b** Look at pictures a–e again. Answer the questions.

- What object is in all the pictures?
- Which are ... ?
  - a good idea
  - quite normal
  - a bad idea

- c** Read the comments on the website and answer the questions.

- You phone the five people from the website. They're in a restaurant. Who will answer?
- You phone the five people at 3 am. Who will answer?

- d** Which person do you think ... ?

- has good ideas
- has a problem

- e** Write a comment about you and your phone for the website.

- f** Read your comment to your partner. Are you the same?

## 2 VOCABULARY Place phrases with prepositions

- a** Find phrases on the website with *in*, *on* or *at* and the nouns in the box. Add them to the table.

café airport car work bed plane  
cinema train restaurant home

in	on	at
<i>in a café</i> _____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

- b** You're in a place in 2a and your partner calls you. Tell your partner what you're doing. Your partner guesses the place.

I'm going to work.

Are you in the car?

- c** Now go to Vocabulary Focus 10B on p.149

### d Sound and spelling /ə/

- 4.11** Listen to the sound /ə/ in these words. Is it a long or a short sound? Is it stressed or unstressed?  
teacher student cinema station
- 4.12** Listen to these words. Underline the /ə/ sound in each word.

dinner England garden television  
waiter breakfast listen driver

- 3** Practise saying the words.





**C** **4.14** Complete the table. Listen and check.

+	-
I'm working.	I'm _____.
I'm having dinner.	I'm _____ dinner.

**d** **4.15** Complete Dan's questions. Listen and check.

- DAN** What \_\_\_\_\_ doing?  
**LOU** I'm at the bus stop. I'm going home.
- DAN** \_\_\_\_\_ working?  
**LOU** No, I'm not working.
- LOU** I'm watching a film.  
**DAN** Oh, what \_\_\_\_\_ watching?

**e** **4.16** **Pronunciation** Listen to the questions in 3d again. Which word has the main stress?

**f** **Now go to Grammar Focus 10B on p.128**

**g** **Communication 10B** Student A go to p.107.  
Student B go to p.112.

## 4 SPEAKING

**a** You and a partner are in different places. You want to meet. Before you speak on the phone, make notes. Think about these questions:

- Where are you? (Choose a place from Vocabulary Focus 10B on page 149.)
- What are you doing? (Think of two or more activities.)
- When do you want to meet? (Think of a day, a time and a place.)

**b** **Phone your partner and have a conversation.**

- Ask where your partner is and what he / she is doing.
- Plan when and where to meet your partner.

Hi, Tom.  
What are you doing?

I'm at work.

Are you free this evening? Do you want to go to Café Cabana?

## 3 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR Present continuous: negative and questions

**a** **4.13** Listen and match conversations 1–5 with pictures a–e.



**b** **Do you think ... ?**

- Dan likes Lou
- Lou likes Dan

How do you know?





# 100 Everyday English

## What time's the next train to London?

Learn to ask for travel information

- P** Sound and spelling: /ɪə/ and /eə/  
**W** A message asking for information

### 1 LISTENING

**a** Look at picture a and talk about the questions.

- 1 How does Sophia feel?
- 2 What does Megan offer to do?

**b** **4.20** Watch or listen to Part 1. Check your ideas in 1a.

**c** **4.20** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Answer the questions.

- 1 What does Megan say about James?
- 2 Do they know what time the train leaves?

### 2 PRONUNCIATION Sound and spelling: /ɪə/ and /eə/

**a** **4.21** Listen to these words. Which word has a different sound?

here yeah really

**b** **4.22** Listen and complete the table with the words in the box.

chair care hear real hair  
near there clear pair meal

Sound 1 /ɪə/	Sound 2 /eə/
here	yeah

**c** **4.22** Listen again and repeat.



### 3 LISTENING

**a** Look at picture b. What questions do Megan and Sophia ask the station official?

**b** **4.23** Watch or listen to Part 2. Check your ideas in 3a.

**c** **4.23** Watch or listen to Part 2 again. Complete the information.

- 1 Time of next train: \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Time now: \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Platform: \_\_\_\_\_

**d** In your country, what is an easy way to travel – train, bus, car?







#### 4 USEFUL LANGUAGE Asking for travel information

**a** Who says these expressions – a passenger (P) or the station official (SO)?

- 1 The next train is at 4:35.
- 2 Which platform is it?
- 3 Excuse me.
- 4 The train leaves in three minutes.
- 5 No, you change at Reading.
- 6 Yes? How can I help?
- 7 What time's the next train to London?
- 8 Is it a direct train?
- 9 It's Platform 3.

**b** **4.24** Listen and check your answers in 4a. Then listen again and repeat.

**c** **4.25** Complete the sentences with *at* or *in*. Listen and check.

- 1 The next train leaves \_\_\_\_\_ half an hour.
- 2 The next train leaves \_\_\_\_\_ five o'clock.

**d** **4.26** Put the conversation in the correct order. Then listen and check.

**A**

- ☐ So, at 5:15. And is it a direct bus?
- ☐ Great! Thanks for your help.
- ☐ What time's the next bus to Cambridge?
- ☒ Excuse me.
- ☐ OK, and which bus stop is it?

**B**

- ☐ The next bus leaves in 20 minutes.
- ☐ It's stop 7, near the ticket office.
- ☐ No problem.
- ☐ Yes? How can I help?
- ☐ No, you change at Birmingham.

**e** Practise the conversation in 4d with a partner. Take turns to be the station official and the passenger. Change the times, kind of transport and the platforms / bus stops.

#### 5 SPEAKING

**Communication 10C**

Student A go to [p.106](#).

Student B go to [p.111](#).

#### 6 WRITING

**a** Megan helped her friend Amelia plan a holiday in Paris. Amelia sends Megan a message. Read it and answer the questions.

- 1 Where's Amelia now?
- 2 Which two questions does she ask?

**TODAY**

Hi, Megan. I'm travelling to Paris right now on the train. Sorry, I can't remember two things. First, where do I find a taxi at the station? And how much is it from the station to the hotel? I don't have a lot of euros with me! Thanks!

**b** Now go to Writing Plus 10C on [p.158](#) for Word order in questions.

**c** Write a message to a friend. Ask two questions in your message. Here are some ideas:

Hi ...  
I'm going / doing / having ...  
Sorry, I can't remember ...  
Where / How / When ... ?  
Thanks ...

**d** Read another student's message. Try to answer the questions.



**Unit Progress Test**

**CHECK YOUR PROGRESS**

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 10

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

#### a Correct the present continuous sentences.

> Carmen be wearing a yellow T-shirt.

*Carmen's wearing a yellow T-shirt.*

- |                          |                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 You wearing my shoes!  | 4 The lesson starting. |
| 2 They're geting a taxi. | 5 She's having lunch.  |
| 3 I'm writeing to Mimi.  | 6 We waiting.          |

#### b Write present continuous questions with the words and phrases.

- |                              |                              |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 where / you / sit ?        | 5 why / you / study /        |
| 2 you / wear / black shoes ? | English ?                    |
| 3 it / rain ?                | 6 what / your friends / do ? |
| 4 you / use / a computer ?   |                              |

#### c Ask and answer the questions in 1b.

#### d Complete the phone conversation with the verbs in brackets.

**CATHY** Hi, it's me.

**MATT** Oh, hi. What <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (you / do)?

**CATHY** I'm on the train.

**MATT** Oh, of course. Well, I <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (cook) dinner. So, <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (you / listen to) music?

**CATHY** Mm, no. I <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (talk) to you, of course.

**MATT** Oh, very funny. What's the weather like there?

**CATHY** Not good. It <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (rain) outside.

**MATT** Well, it <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (not / rain) here – it <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (snow)! But Gwen and Carla are in the garden.

**CATHY** The garden? Why? What <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (they / do)?

**MATT** They <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ (make) a snowman!

### 2 VOCABULARY

#### a Write the rooms.



#### b Complete the questions with *in*, *on* or *at*.

- Do you listen to music \_\_\_\_\_ the car?
- Do you sleep \_\_\_\_\_ trains / buses / planes?
- Do you read \_\_\_\_\_ bed?
- Do you eat \_\_\_\_\_ the cinema?
- Were you \_\_\_\_\_ home yesterday lunchtime?
- Did you play football \_\_\_\_\_ school?
- What's \_\_\_\_\_ the floor in this room?
- Are there any pictures \_\_\_\_\_ the walls?

#### c Ask and answer the questions in 2b.

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

#### a Notice the three sounds and the marked letters.

- /tʃ/ choose
- /θ/ three
- /ð/ they're

#### b Complete the table with the words in the box. Practise saying the words.

bathroom birthday change choose kitchen mother question thanks the three they're weather

/tʃ/	/θ/	/ð/
choose	three	they're

#### c Are the two marked sounds in each sentence the same (S) or different (D)? Practise saying the sentences.

- |                         |                      |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| 1 We're here.           | 4 It's real hair.    |
| 2 Wear a pair of shoes. | 5 Yeah, it's there.  |
| 3 Their house is near.  | 6 Where's the chair? |



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

talk about my home

☐

ask where people are and what they're doing

☐

ask for travel information

☐





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about people's lives
- Talk about things you know how to do
- Talk about opinions

# UNIT 11

## Achievers



### GETTING STARTED

4.29

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 What did this man do before he went into his tent? What are his plans tomorrow?
- 2 Tick (✓) the things the man can do in his tent tonight. Why can't he do some things?

<input type="checkbox"/> listen to music	<input type="checkbox"/> cook dinner
<input type="checkbox"/> read a magazine	<input type="checkbox"/> do yoga
<input type="checkbox"/> have a coffee	<input type="checkbox"/> sleep well
<input type="checkbox"/> play the guitar	
- 3 What do you think he is writing in his book?
- 4 What questions do you want to ask him? Write down three.

**b** Would you like to be where this man is? Why / Why not?

# 11A She met him in 1963

Learn to talk about people's lives

**G** Object pronouns

**V** Life events

## 1 READING

**a** Think of two famous people from your country (present or past). Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

- 1 Why are / were they famous?
- 2 What do you know about them?
- 3 Do you think people from other countries know about them? Why / Why not?

**b** Read *They were the first!*. Who ... ?

- 1 died over 50 years ago
- 2 had new ideas for machines
- 3 lived in a village as a child
- 4 came from a poor family
- 5 had one child
- 6 lived in France

**c** Read *They were the first!* again. Choose one thing about each person you think is interesting and say why.

## THEY WERE THE FIRST!

... BUT THEY WEREN'T WORLD FAMOUS.

### #1 THE FIRST WOMAN IN SPACE

**Valentina Tereshkova (born 1937)**

**Who is she?**

A Russian cosmonaut

**What did she do?**

In 1963 she flew in *Vostok 6*. She went round the Earth 48 times and she was in space for almost 3 days.

**Her life**

She was born in 1937 in a small village in Russia. Her father was a tractor driver and her mother worked in a factory.

She finished school at 16 and started work in a factory. In her free time she studied and she also went parachute jumping.

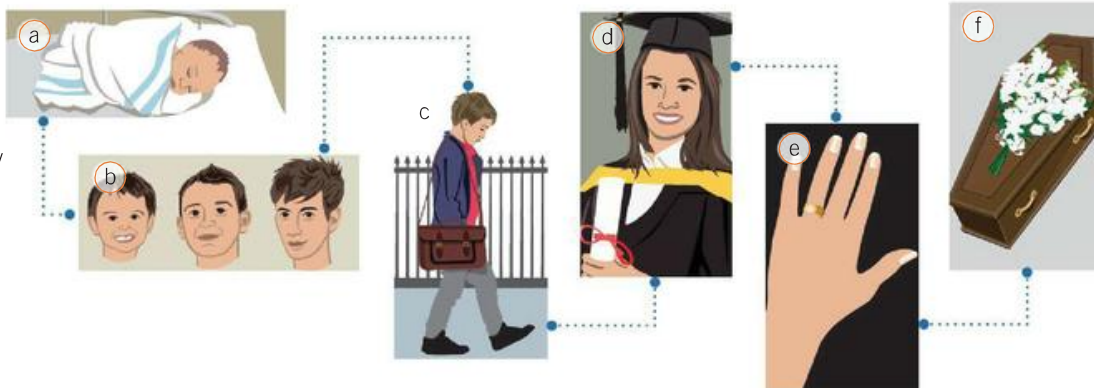
In 1963 she got married and the next year she had a daughter, Elena. After that, Valentina never flew into space again.



## 2 VOCABULARY Life events

**a** **4.30** Look at these events in a person's life. Match events 1–6 with pictures a–f. Listen and check.

- 1 die
- 2 grow up
- 3 finish university
- 4 get married
- 5 go to school
- 6 be born



**b** Write the events in three lists.

- 1 everyone does this
- 2 most people do this
- 3 only some people do this

**c** Compare your lists with other students. Are they the same?

**d** Read *They were the first!* again. Write past simple sentences about the years below.

Valentina Tereshkova

• 1937 • 1953 • 1963 • 1964

1937 – Valentina was born.

Leonardo Torres y Quevedo

• 1852 • 1868 • 1914 • 1936

### Language Plus Years

To say a year, we say the numbers in pairs:

1937 → 19 37 *nineteen thirty-seven*    2016 → 20 16 *twenty sixteen*

**Note:** 1900 = *nineteen hundred*

2000 = *two thousand*

2005 = *two thousand and five*



## #2 HE MADE THE FIRST COMPUTER GAME ... IN 1914!

Leonardo Torres y Quevedo (1852–1936)

### Who was he?

A Spanish engineer

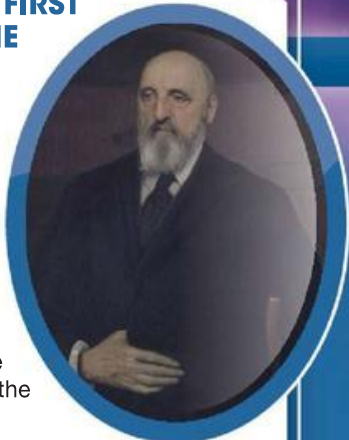
### What did he do?

In 1914 he made a machine called 'The Chess Player'. You could play chess against it and it was the first computer game in the world.

### His life

He was born in 1852 and grew up in the city of Bilbao, in Spain. When he was 16 he went to live in Paris and two years later he went to university in Madrid. After he finished university he travelled around Europe and studied new ideas.

Leonardo got married in 1885 and had eight children. His family was very rich, so he had lots of time to have ideas for new machines – like 'The Chess Player'.



## 3 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR

### Object pronouns

- a 4.35 Listen to two friends talking about Valentina Tereshkova. Tick (✓) the questions you can answer after listening to their conversation.

- 1 ☐ Where did she go to school?
- 2 ☐ Why did she get the job?
- 3 ☐ How did she meet her husband?
- 4 ☐ Where does she live now?
- 5 ☐ What does she want to do in the future?



- b 4.35 Listen again and answer the questions you ticked in 3a.

- c 4.36 Complete the sentences from the conversation with the words in the box. Listen and check.

he him she her

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_'s a Russian cosmonaut. Do you know about \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2 She married a cosmonaut. She met \_\_\_\_\_ in 1963. \_\_\_\_\_ was on the same space programme.

- d Underline the correct words to complete the rules.

- 1 We use **he** and **she** *before / after* a verb.
- 2 We use **him** and **her** *before / after* a verb or preposition.

- e Now go to Grammar Focus 11A on p.128

## 4 SPEAKING

- a Write four or five events in your life and the years.

1997–2011 – I *lived* in Budapest.  
2011 – I *started* university.

- b Work in pairs. Read your partner's sentences and ask some questions.

Where did you ...?

When did you ...?

Why did you ...?

- c Tell the class two things about your partner's life.

### e Sound and spelling /ɜ:/

- 1 4.31 Listen to the words.

university worked thirty

Are the **marked** letters ... ?

- a all the same sound
  - b two different sounds
  - c three different sounds
- 2 4.32 Underline the letters in these words that have the sound /ɜ:/. Listen and check.

Thursday first world shirt early weren't girl

- 3 Practise saying the words.

- f Now go to Vocabulary Focus 11A on p.139

# 11B She can pull a plane

Learn to talk about things you know how to do

**G** can for ability

**V** Abilities

## 1 READING

**a** Look at 1–3 below.  
What's difficult for you to do?  
Why / Why not?

- 1 be cold for a long time
- 2 swim underwater
- 3 pull or carry big objects



**b** Read *Real life X-Men*. Does it talk more about X-Men or about real people?

**c** Read *Real life X-Men* again. Answer the questions.

- 1 How long can Wim Hof stay in a cold bath?
- 2 How long can the Bajau Laut people stay underwater?
- 3 How does Seema Bhadoria pull things?

**d** Which real person / people in *Real life X-Men* can do something useful?

## 2 GRAMMAR

**can: positive and negative**

**a** Underline the correct answer in the table.

+	I / You / He / She /	can / can't	swim.
-	We / They	can / can't	fly.

**b** Underline examples of *can / can't* in *Real life X-Men*.  
What is after *can / can't*, a noun or a verb?

**c** Now go to Grammar Focus 11B Part 1 on p.130

REAL LIFE

# X-MEN

The X-Men films are about 'superhumans'. They can do amazing things, for example, Iceman can make ice and Firestar can make fire and fly. Of course, X-Men aren't real, and people in the real world can't do the same things. But a few people can also do some amazing things!

### THE ICEMAN

Wim Hof is from the Netherlands and he's often called 'The Iceman'. He can't make ice, but he can sit in a bath of ice for one hour, 52 minutes and two seconds. He doesn't feel cold. In 2009, he ran more than 40 kilometres in -20°C wearing only shorts!

### THE FISHMEN

The Bajau Laut people in Southeast Asia can swim underwater for a long time. Sometimes they can go underwater for more than five minutes. They can also see very well in the water – it helps them to see the fish!

### THE STRONG WOMAN

Seema Bhadoria is an amazing young woman from India – she can pull really big objects with only her teeth. When she was only 18 years old she pulled a plane with her teeth! She can also pull a ship and a big truck.





### 3 VOCABULARY Abilities

a Match the verbs in the box with pictures a–d.

cook sing swim paint



b Now go to Vocabulary Focus 11B on p.140

#### Language Plus (very / quite) well

I can swim **very well**. = I'm very good.

I can swim **well**. = I'm good.

I can swim **quite well**. = I'm OK.

I can't swim **at all**. = It's impossible for me.

c Talk about people you know and what they can or can't do.

My brother can't dance very well.

### 4 LISTENING

a Read the job advertisement. Does the school want someone who can do one thing or lots of things?

#### Job alert

CLOSE

#### We need people to work at our summer school in West Lynn.

We want people who can do lots of different things – sing, dance, play the guitar, draw, ride a horse, but we also want good teachers!

If you're interested, please send us an email or give us a call ...

b 4.41 Listen to Celia, the head teacher at the school, talk to Andy. Is he a good person for the job?

c 4.41 Listen again. What can Andy do? Complete sentences 1–4 with the words and phrases in the box.

teach ride a horse play the guitar sing dance

- 1 He can \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ quite well.
- 2 He can \_\_\_\_\_ very well.
- 3 He can't \_\_\_\_\_ very well.
- 4 He can't \_\_\_\_\_ at all.

### 5 GRAMMAR can: questions

a 4.42 Complete the conversations. Listen and check your answers.

1 CELIA And \_\_\_\_\_ sing?

ANDY Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.

2 CELIA \_\_\_\_\_ dance well?

ANDY No, \_\_\_\_\_.

b Now go to Grammar Focus 11B Part 2 on p.130

c 4.44 Pronunciation Listen to the sentences. Tick (✓) when *can* / *can't* is stressed.

1 ☐ I can sing quite well. 3 ☐ Can you sing?

2 ☐ I can't dance very well. 4 ☐ Yes, I can.

d Practise saying the sentences. Underline the correct words to complete the rules.

**Can** is / *isn't* stressed in positive sentences and questions.

**Can** is / *isn't* stressed in negative sentences and short answers.

e 4.45 Complete the conversation with the correct form of *can*. Listen and check.

A \_\_\_\_\_ Andy play the guitar?

B Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_.

A And \_\_\_\_\_ he ride a horse?

B Yes, he \_\_\_\_\_ ride a horse very well.

A \_\_\_\_\_ he teach?

B No, he \_\_\_\_\_ teach at all.

f Practise the conversation in 5e with a partner.

### 6 SPEAKING

a Work in pairs. Write one question with *can* for each topic.

• sport

Can you play tennis?

• food

Can you make a cake?

• language

• music / art

b Work with a new partner. Ask and answer your questions in 6a.

Can you play tennis?

No, I can't play tennis at all.

c Work with your first partner again. Tell them about your second partner.

Olga can speak German quite well, but she can't speak Spanish.

# 110 Everyday English

## What do you think?

Learn to talk about opinions

**P** Consonant groups

**W** An email to a friend

### 1 LISTENING

**a** Ask and answer the questions.

- 1 What's your favourite room in your house?
- 2 What things have you got there?

**b** Look at pictures a–c. Which is the best description of the story, 1 or 2?

- 1 Sophia, Megan and James arrive home. They tell James about the fun things they did in Henley. Sophia knows where she wants to put the clock.
- 2 Sophia, Megan and James arrive home. Megan and James talk about places to visit in London. They like different places. Sophia can't choose a good place for the clock.

**c** **4.46** Watch or listen. Check your answer in 1b.

**d** **4.46** Watch or listen again and answer the questions.

- 1 What does James think of the clock?
- 2 What did Sophia think of Henley?
- 3 Why doesn't Megan like London Zoo?
- 4 Why doesn't James like the Tower of London?
- 5 Why does James think a clock in the bedroom is a bad idea?
- 6 Where does Sophia choose to put the clock?

**e** Are there any interesting places to visit in / near your town or city?



### 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Talking about opinions

**a** Look at the expressions. Do we use them to ... ?

- a ask an opinion
- b give an opinion
- c have the same opinion
- d have a different opinion

- 1 Did you like Henley?
- 2 I don't think so.
- 3 Maybe you're right.
- 4 I don't think the bedroom is a good idea.
- 5 I think London Zoo is very nice.
- 6 What about the Tower of London?
- 7 I think you're right.
- 8 What do you think?

**4.47** Listen and check your answers.

**b** **4.47** **Pronunciation** Listen to sentences 1–8 in 2a again. Underline the main stress. Listen again and repeat.

**c** **4.48** Look at expressions 1–4. Are they in group a, b, c or d in 2a? Listen and check.

- 1 Yes, I agree.
- 2 Do you like this clock?
- 3 What do you think of London?
- 4 I'm not so sure.

**d** **4.49** Put the words in the correct order to make expressions. Listen and check.

- 1 very interesting / museum is / I think the .
- 2 you think / what do / new restaurant / of the ?
- 3 you're / I think / right .
- 4 so / think / I don't .
- 5 the colour blue / I don't think / is a good idea .

**e** Complete the conversation with your ideas.

**A** What do you think of English?  
**YOU** \_\_\_\_\_  
**A** Yes, maybe you're right. What about the grammar?  
**YOU** \_\_\_\_\_  
**A** Really? I don't think so. I think your language is very difficult.  
**YOU** \_\_\_\_\_  
**A** Well, all languages are a bit difficult.  
**YOU** \_\_\_\_\_

**f** Practise the conversation in 2e with a partner. Take turns to be A.





### 3 PRONUNCIATION Consonant groups

**a** **4.50** Listen to the words. Notice how the **marked** letters are pronounced. Listen again and repeat.

1 /t/ right    2 /ŋk/ think    3 /st/ tourist

**b** **4.51** Listen and match the **marked** letters in 1–6 with a–f.

1 ask    3 find    5 restaurant  
2 dance    4 difficult    6 six

a /nt/    c /sk/    e /nd/  
b /lt/    d /ks/    f /ns/

**c** Practise saying the words.

### 4 SPEAKING

#### Communication 11C

Student A go to p.106.

Student B go to p.113.

### 5 WRITING

**a** Read Sophia's email to a friend in Canada. What does she like about her life in London?

Hi Lisa,

Thanks for your email – it was nice to hear from you.

Things in London are going well. It's a big city and there are lots of things I can do. I'm making some new friends here. I work in an office with a girl called Megan. She's from London and she's very friendly. She helped me a lot when I arrived. I also know her cousin James. He's very kind. I often see them at the weekend.

My flat is quite big. It's comfortable and I like it a lot. It's near my office, so I can walk to work every day. I like that!

I miss my family at home and I miss my friends, too! Write again soon.

Love,

Sophia

**b** Now go to Writing Plus 11C on p.159 for Pronouns.

**c** Write an email to a friend. Tell them about your life now. Here are some ideas:

- Say hi and thank the person for his / her email.  
(Hi ... Thanks ... )
- Write about your life – your job or studies.  
(I'm working / studying ... )
- Write about family and / or friends.  
(My parents are well ... I see my friend Luisa every ... )
- Say goodbye and ask the person to write to you.  
(Goodbye for now ... Love / Best wishes ... )

**d** Read another student's email. What's interesting about their life?



### Unit Progress Test

#### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 11

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

a Complete the sentences with the correct pronoun.

- 1 I like Rob, but I don't think he likes \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Those shoes are beautiful. Can I buy \_\_\_\_\_, please?
- 3 Sarah's a good friend. I met \_\_\_\_\_ at university.
- 4 My husband and I live in the city, but my parents live in a small village. They sometimes visit \_\_\_\_\_ at the weekend.
- 5 They had a baby boy and they called \_\_\_\_\_ Antonio.
- 6 Happy birthday! I got \_\_\_\_\_ a present!
- 7 Your car is dirty. You need to clean \_\_\_\_\_.

b Look at the table. Then complete the conversation with the words and phrases in the box.

	dance	play tennis	ride a horse
Igor	✗	✓✓	✓
Melanie	✓	✗	✓✓

can (x4) can't can she can you  
he can't I can she can

- A <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Igor dance?  
 B No, <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. But he <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ play tennis very well and he <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ride a horse.  
 A What about Melanie? <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ ride a horse?  
 B Yes, <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. She can ride a horse and she <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ dance, but she <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ play tennis.  
 A What about you? <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ play tennis?  
 B Yes, <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.

c Ask a partner about the activities in 1b. Use *Can you ...* ?

### 2 VOCABULARY

a Complete the text with the correct form of the verb phrases in the box.

have a baby boy finish school go to school be born  
go to university die grow up get married

My parents met in London and I <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in England, but my family came here to New Zealand when I was three. I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ here and I don't remember anything about England. I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ when I was sixteen. I got a job in a factory, but it wasn't very interesting. So I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ and studied for two more years. Then I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in Australia. I studied engineering and I met Barbara – she's now my wife! Barbara and I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ five years ago. We both got good jobs in Australia, but then my father <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, so we came back here to New Zealand to be with my mum. We <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ last year. Life is good!

b Complete the verb phrases with the words in the box.

dinner basketball a motorbike songs to work walls

play	cards, <sup>1</sup> _____, volleyball
sing	<sup>2</sup> _____
paint	a picture, <sup>3</sup> _____
ride	a horse, <sup>4</sup> _____, a bike
drive	a car, <sup>5</sup> _____
cook	<sup>6</sup> _____



c Which of the things in 2b do you do every day? Which do you sometimes do? Which do you never do?

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

a 4.52 Tick (✓) the words with an /ɜ:/ sound. Practise saying the words.

- |                                     |                                  |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> thirteen   | <input type="checkbox"/> cooked  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> born       | <input type="checkbox"/> swam    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> university | <input type="checkbox"/> thirty  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> rode       | <input type="checkbox"/> worked  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> sand       | <input type="checkbox"/> married |
| <input type="checkbox"/> weren't    |                                  |

b 4.53 Are the **marked** sounds the same (S) or different (D)? Practise saying the words.

- |                                |                                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 <b>six</b> – thanks          | 4 <b>tourist</b> – d <b>anced</b> |
| 2 <b>dance</b> – <b>answer</b> | 5 <b>ask</b> – <b>school</b>      |
| 3 <b>right</b> – <b>white</b>  | 6 <b>sing</b> – <b>sang</b>       |



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

- |                                    |                          |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| talk about people's lives          | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| talk about things I know how to do | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| talk about opinions                | <input type="checkbox"/> |





## CAN DO OBJECTIVES

- Talk about future plans
- Ask and answer about future plans
- Make and accept invitations

# UNIT 12

## Plans



### GETTING STARTED

4.54

**a** Look at the picture and answer the questions.

- 1 Do you think this family are going to go ... ?
  - on a long or short holiday
  - somewhere near or far
  - somewhere hot or cold
  - to stay with family or in a hotel
  - all the way by car or drive to the airport
 Why?

- 2 What did this man do ... ?
  - the day before the holiday
  - the morning of the holiday
  - a month before the holiday
- 3 What do you think this family are going to do on holiday? Why?
- 4 How does the girl on the far left of the picture feel? Why?

**b** Talk about the questions.

- 1 When you go on holiday, do you pack too much or not enough?
- 2 What do you sometimes forget to take when you go on holiday?



# 12A I'm going to have a long hot bath

Learn to talk about future plans

**G** going to: positive and negative

**V** Months and future time expressions; Ordinal numbers

## 1 READING

**a** Talk about everyday objects and activities that are important to you. Think about:

- food and drink (*my morning coffee ...*)
- your things (*my sofa ...*)
- things you do (*listen to music ...*)

Every day I play video games – I really like them.

**b** Read about *Outside the comfort zone*. Is it about ... ?

- 1 a fun holiday
- 2 a dangerous competition

**c** Read about the programme again. Answer the questions.

- 1 Where do people on the programme go?
- 2 Do they have an easy time? Why / Why not?
- 3 What do the two best people get?

**d** Read the people's ideas for after the programme. Which is the best idea? Tell a partner.

## 2 GRAMMAR *going to*: positive

**a** **4.55** Complete Mick's sentences with the words in the box. Listen and check.

to are going

- 1 I'm \_\_\_\_\_ to sleep for a long time.
- 2 Melissa's going \_\_\_\_\_ have a long hot bath.
- 3 Joel and Shelley \_\_\_\_\_ going to have their favourite food and drink.

**b** Underline the correct answer in the rule.

We use *be + going to* to talk about *now / the future*.

**c** **4.55** **Pronunciation** Listen to the sentences in 2a again. Notice the sentence stress and the pronunciation of *going to*. Answer the questions.

- 1 Do we stress *going*, the main verb or both?
- 2 Can we hear the words *going to* clearly?

Practise saying the sentences.

**d** Now go to Grammar Focus 12A Part 1 on p.130

**e** Write three sentences about something you're going to do after class.

After class I'm going to meet my friend, Diego.

**f** Tell other students your sentences in 2e.

I'm going to study in the Learning Centre. What about you?

I'm going to have a coffee.

## Outside the COMFORT ZONE

In this exciting new TV programme, ten people go and live in the mountains for ten days. Every day they do something difficult and sometimes dangerous. It's usually cold and wet and they don't have a lot of food. They need to stay safe and comfortable (if possible!), but it's not easy. The two people who do the best win a prize of £25,000!

It starts on Channel Six next Tuesday at 8:30 pm.

It's Day 5 on *Outside the comfort zone* and everyone is thinking about the first thing they're going to do after the programme finishes.

I'm going to eat a big meal of steak and chips. JOEL

I'm going to have a long hot bath. MELISSA

I'm going to sleep for a long time. MICK

I'm going to have a big cup of coffee. SHELLEY



### 3 VOCABULARY Months and future time expressions; Ordinal numbers

a It's Monday morning. Put time expressions 1–6 in the correct place on the timeline.

- 1 this evening    2 tomorrow    3 this Wednesday    4 on Friday    5 at the weekend    6 next Monday



**Language Plus** The date

What's the date today? It's **the fifth of August**.

When's your birthday? It's **on the twentieth of March**.

**Note:** With dates we use ordinal numbers:

first, second, third, fourth ...

c Ask and answer the questions with a partner. Use time expressions in your answers.

- 1 When's your next English lesson?
- 2 When's your next English test?
- 3 When's your birthday?

It's on the **fifteenth**  
of November.

b Now go to Vocabulary Focus 12A on p.147

### 4 LISTENING

a **4.60** Listen to Paola (P), Yaz (Y) and Nikita (N) talk about their holiday plans this summer. Match them with pictures a–c.

b **4.60** Listen again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Paola often goes to a cooking school for her holiday.
- 2 The trip to Norway is a different kind of holiday for Yaz.
- 3 Nikita doesn't want to make money on the farm.

c Which holiday plan do you like? Which don't you like? Why?



### 5 GRAMMAR going to: negative

a **4.61** Listen and complete the sentences.

- 1 **PAOLA** I \_\_\_\_\_ going \_\_\_\_\_ have a normal holiday.
- 2 **YAZ** We \_\_\_\_\_ going \_\_\_\_\_ do that this year.

b Now go to Grammar Focus 12A Part 2 on p.130

c **4.63** Complete the conversations. Listen and check.

- 1 **A** After class, I' \_\_\_\_\_ not \_\_\_\_\_ to do my homework.  
**B** Why not?  
**A** I'm tired. I'm going \_\_\_\_\_ do it tomorrow.
- 2 **C** After class, I' \_\_\_\_\_ not \_\_\_\_\_ to go home.  
**D** Why not?  
**C** I'm going \_\_\_\_\_ meet friends in a café.

d Practise the conversations in 5c. Use your ideas to have similar conversations.

### 6 SPEAKING

a Write two things you're going to do on your next holiday. Think about:

- places
- activities
- places to stay
- things to buy
- sports
- people

b Write two things from your everyday life you aren't going to do on your holiday.

- things you do at school / work
- things you do at home

c Talk to other students about your ideas in 6a and 6b. Do you all have the same ideas?

I'm going to go to the beach.

I'm not going to read work emails.

# 12B What are you going to do this weekend?

Learn to ask and answer about future plans

**G** going to: questions

**V** Common verbs and collocations

ONLY **4,000 WEEKENDS** IN YOUR LIFE!

SO, WHAT ARE **YOU** GOING TO DO WITH THEM?

HOME

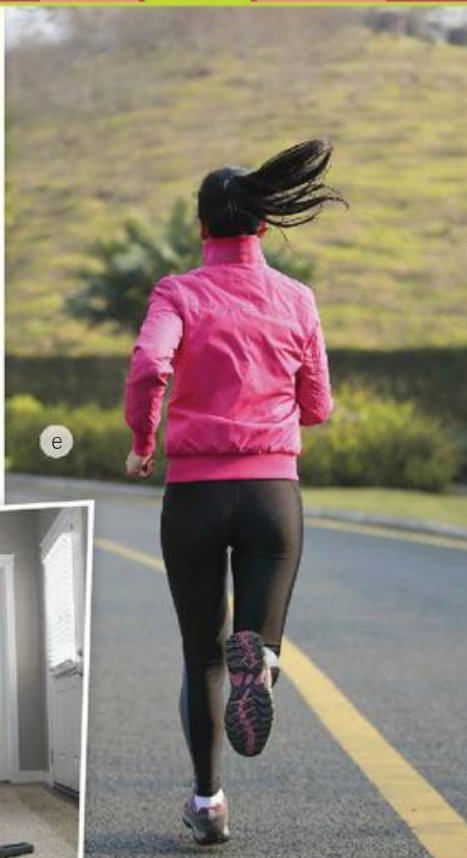
BOOKS

WRITING

What's your answer to this question? Perhaps it's 'I don't know' or 'Not a lot'?

In her new book, *What the most successful people do on the weekend*, Laura Vanderkam says these are bad answers. She says the weekend is a time to relax, but also a time to do interesting things. With only 4,000 weekends in our life, each one is important. So don't just sit on the sofa and watch TV. It's a good idea to plan the weekend – then you can use the time well. Here are some of her ideas:

- 1** Plan three to five activities to do at the weekend and write them down. Be sure you do these things.
- 2** Plan to read a book. Buy a book for the weekend and then plan a time to read it.
- 3** Write a list of 100 'big' things you'd like to do in your life. Choose one to do this weekend.
- 4** Get up early. Between 6:00 and 8:00 in the morning is the best time to do things. Plan to wake up early and do something before breakfast!
- 5** Turn off your phone and don't use your computer. You can read your emails on Monday. On Sunday evening, go for a run, play some music or do yoga, so you relax and don't think about work.
- 6** Don't clean your house or flat at the weekend. It's a time to do things you like!



## 1 READING

**a** Talk about sentences 1–3 in small groups. Which are true for you?

- 1 Weekends are too short and we don't have many of them.
- 2 It's not a good idea to do a lot at the weekend.
- 3 It's important to use the time well at the weekend.

**b** Read about Laura Vanderkam's new book. Which sentence in 1a is her main idea?

**c** Look at pictures a–e. Which does Laura say are good things to do at the weekend? Which aren't good?

**d** Look at Wendy, Dermot and Rini's plans for the weekend. Match them with ideas 1–3 in the text.

**e** What do you think of Laura's ideas? Which do you like? Which don't you like? Why / Why not?

Great ideas! I'd like to try them.

Interesting ideas, but ...

That's not my idea of a good weekend.

## Wendy's big ideas

I'd like to ...

- make a cheesecake
- visit Paris
- paint my room
- learn Chinese
- read a book by Stephen King
- start a blog
- go parachuting

### DERMOT'S DIARY

SUNDAY

10:00  
11:00  
12:00  
1:00  
2:00

Sit in the park and read my new book.

### Rini's weekend to-do list

This weekend I'm going to:

- 1 go for a long run (10 km or more!).
- 2 invite some friends for dinner.
- 3 have my first tennis lesson.



## 2 VOCABULARY Common verbs and collocations

- a 4.64 Match the verbs in the box with the words and phrases in 1–8. Listen and check.

paint clean use make invite visit go do

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ sport / your homework
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ friends / someone to a party
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ a friend / a museum
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ a list / lunch
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ a picture / a wall
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ your flat / windows
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ your phone / the Internet
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ for a walk / shopping

- b Find examples of each verb on page 98. Add them to 1–8 in 2a.

- c Tell a partner which activities in 2a and 2b you do at the weekend.

I always ... I often ...  
I sometimes ... I never ...

- d Now go to Vocabulary Focus 12B on p.141

### e Sound and spelling /v/ and /w/

- 1 4.66 Listen and practise these sounds.

1 /v/ visit 2 /w/ weekend

- 2 4.67 Listen to these words and practise saying them.

invite verb watch with evening well never

## 3 LISTENING AND GRAMMAR going to: questions

- a 4.68 Listen to Lee and Marcus talk to a friend about their weekend plans. Write their names on the line.

NO PLAN

CLEAR PLAN

- b 4.68 Listen again. Tick (✓) the things you know after listening to the conversations.

- 1 ☐ the name of the film Lee's going to see
- 2 ☐ Lee's plans for Sunday
- 3 ☐ Marcus's shopping plans
- 4 ☐ the name of the restaurant Marcus's going to go to
- 5 ☐ Marcus's plans for Sunday

- c 4.69 Tick (✓) the correct questions in 1–2. Listen and check.

- 1 a ☐ What are you going to do on Saturday?  
b ☐ What you are going to do on Saturday?
- 2 a ☐ You going to go shopping?  
b ☐ Are you going to go shopping?

- d Now go to Grammar Focus 12B on p.130

- e 4.72 Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Listen and check.

- 1 what / you / this weekend / do / going to / are ?
- 2 go out / you / are / going to ?
- 3 what / going to / film / see / are / you ?
- 4 you / are / buy / going to / what ?
- 5 go / going to / where / you / are ?

- f Have two conversations with a partner.

- 1 Student A: you're Lee.  
Student B: ask questions 1, 2 and 3 in 3e.
- 2 Student B: you're Marcus.  
Student A: ask questions 1, 4 and 5 in 3e.

## 4 SPEAKING

- a Write questions to ask your partner about their plans. Use the ideas below and *going to*.

- this evening • the weekend
- on your next birthday

- b Ask your partner your questions in 4a. Listen to the answers and write your partner's name on the line in 3a.

- c Compare your line with other students. Who has clear plans for the future?



# 120 Everyday English

## Would you like to come for dinner?

Learn to make and accept invitations

**P** Sound and spelling: oo

**W** An invitation

### 1 LISTENING

**a** You invite friends for a meal. Which of these things do you do? Write *Yes*, *No* or *Sometimes*.

- make special food
- wear your best clothes
- eat at a fixed time
- use the best plates
- play music when you eat
- cook with your friends

**b** Talk about your ideas in 1a with a partner.

**c** Look at pictures a and b. Why do you think James calls Sophia?

**d** **4.73** Watch or listen to Part 1. Check your answer in 1c.

**e** **4.73** Watch or listen to Part 1 again. Underline the correct answer.

- 1 Sophia's plates are *new* / *old*.
- 2 Sophia wants to *help James* / *thank James*.
- 3 James *is* / *isn't* happy about the invitation.

### 2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Making and accepting invitations

**a** Look at the expressions. Do we use them to ... ?

- a make an invitation      c say no to an invitation  
b accept an invitation

- 1 Would you like to come for dinner?
- 2 I'd love to, but ...
- 3 I'd love to come. Thank you.
- 4 Are you free on Friday?
- 5 Sorry, I'm busy then.
- 6 Saturday's OK.

**4.74** Listen and check your answers.

**b** **4.75** Complete the conversation with the words in the box. Listen and check.

sorry   thank   love   like   OK   free   busy

- A** Would you <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to come to the cinema?  
**B** Yes, I'd <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to come. <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ you.  
**A** Are you <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ on Saturday?  
**B** No, <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_, I'm <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ on Saturday. But Sunday's <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_.  
**A** OK, we can go on Sunday.

**c** Practise the conversation in 2b with a partner.



### 3 LISTENING

**a** Look at picture c and talk about the questions.

- 1 Where is James going?
- 2 Why did he buy flowers?

**b** **4.76** Watch or listen to Part 2. Check your answers in 3a.

**c** **4.76** Watch or listen to Part 2 again. What is Sophia's news? Tick (✓) the correct answer.

- 1 ☐ She's going to leave her job.
- 2 ☐ She's going to go back to Canada.
- 3 ☐ She's going to stay in London.

**d** Match 1–4 with a–d.

1 James is surprised		
2 Sophia wants to say thank you		
3 Sophia wasn't happy in London	because	a James and Megan helped her.
4 Now she wants to stay		b Megan is there too.
		c she has new friends.
		d she missed her friends in Canada.



#### 4 PRONUNCIATION Sound and spelling: oo

**a** **4.77** Listen to these sentences. When is *oo* an /u:/ sound? When is it an /ʊ/ sound?

- 1 Good – now you're both here.
- 2 I'll bring the food.

**b** **4.78** Listen to these words. Put them in the correct place in the table.

cool cook spoon look  
book soon football

Sound 1 /ʊ/	Sound 2 /u:/
good	food

**c** Practise saying the words in 2b with a partner.

#### 5 SPEAKING

##### ► Communication 12C

Student A go to p.108.

Student B go to p.113.



#### 6 WRITING

**a** James and Megan wrote invitations to friends. Read the invitations and the replies. Do Jon and Emma say yes or no? Why?

Hi Jon,  
It's my birthday on Saturday. Would you like to come to my party? It's at my flat and it starts at 9:00.  
See you then, I hope.  
James

Hi James,  
Thanks, I'd love to come, but I'm not in London. I'm in Sheffield and I'm staying here till Sunday.  
Hope you have a great time! See you next week.  
Jon

Hi Emma,  
I'm in town this afternoon. Would you like to meet for coffee?  
We could go to Café Roma. It's just near your office. I'm free at 4:00. Is that OK for you?  
Megan

Hi Megan,  
Sorry, I'm working till 6:30.  
Café Roma's a great idea. Maybe we could meet there tomorrow for lunch. Are you in town then?  
Emma

**b** ► Now go to Writing Plus 12C on p.159 for Paragraphs.

**c** You want to meet a friend. Think of a place and time. Write an invitation. Here are some ideas:

Would you like to ... ?

We could ...

I'm free at ...

Is that OK for you?

See you ...

**d** Read another student's invitation. Write a reply.



#### Unit Progress Test

#### CHECK YOUR PROGRESS

You can now do the Unit Progress Test.

# UNIT 12

## Review

### 1 GRAMMAR

- a Complete Emily's email with *be going to* and the verbs in brackets.

#### Busy week!

Hi Minna,

I have so many plans for this week! This afternoon I <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (study) and then I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (work) from Tuesday to Thursday. On Wednesday evening I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) for my parents and then on Thursday evening Marco <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) dinner for me!

I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / work) on Friday morning because you <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (arrive) at lunchtime! Jay <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a party on Friday evening. Do you want to go? He <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / invite) a lot of people.

It's a busy week for me! So I <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / do) any work or housework at the weekend and we <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / go) to lots of different places! I hope that's OK.

See you on Friday!

Emily

- b Correct the sentences.

- > 'Is your friend going to have lunch with us?' 'No, she not.'  
No, she isn't.  
1 'You are going to watch TV this evening?' 'No, I'm not.'  
2 Are your mum going to cook your dinner this evening?  
3 'Are you going to clean your bedroom?' 'Yes, I'm going.'  
4 What do you going to wear tomorrow?  
5 'Are your friends going to visit you today?' 'Yes, they're.'  
6 What you going to do next summer?

- c Ask and answer the questions in 1b. Use *be going to*.

### 2 VOCABULARY

- a Cross-out the answers which are NOT possible.

- 1 tomorrow / on tomorrow      5 next / at weekend  
2 this / in / next / on Friday      6 on / in Sunday  
3 at / in the weekend      7 in / on three weeks  
4 on / this / in / next June      8 this / at afternoon

- b Complete the ordinal numbers.

- > 6<sup>th</sup>      s i x t h  
1 2<sup>nd</sup>      s \_\_\_\_\_ d  
2 30<sup>th</sup>      t \_\_\_\_\_ h  
3 21<sup>st</sup>      t \_\_\_\_\_ y-f \_\_\_\_\_ t  
4 3<sup>rd</sup>      t \_\_\_\_\_ d  
5 15<sup>th</sup>      f \_\_\_\_\_ h  
6 9<sup>th</sup>      n \_\_\_\_\_ h

- c Complete the questions with the words in the box.

clean do invite make use visit

- 1 Do you often \_\_\_\_\_ museums?  
2 Are you going to \_\_\_\_\_ a cake at the weekend?  
3 Did you \_\_\_\_\_ any sport yesterday?  
4 Are you going to \_\_\_\_\_ your bedroom today?  
5 Do you \_\_\_\_\_ the Internet every day?  
6 Are you going to \_\_\_\_\_ someone for a meal next week?



- d Ask and answer the questions in 2c.

### 3 SOUND AND SPELLING

- a 4.79 Circle the /v/ sounds in the phrases and underline the /w/ sounds. Practise saying the phrases.

- 1 visit in the evening      5 watch TV with Vicky and William  
2 we never invite Wendy  
3 I love weekends in winter      6 on Wednesday the twelfth of November  
4 win video games every week

- b 4.80 Complete the table with the words in the box. Are the oo sounds short (/ʊ/) or long (/u:/)? Practise saying the words.

good book football boots  
cool look school soon

/ʊ/	/u:/
cooking	spoon



### REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

How well did you do in this unit? Write 3, 2, or 1 for each objective.

3 = very well    2 = well    1 = not so well

#### I CAN ...

talk about future plans

☐

ask and answer about future plans

☐

make and accept invitations

☐



## 1A Student A

**a** You're Yoshi from Japan. You're a student. Complete the conversation.

**A** Hello, I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

**B** Hi, I'm Bella. Nice to meet you.

**A** Are you from \_\_\_\_\_?

**B** No, I'm not. I'm from the USA. And you?

**A** I'm from \_\_\_\_\_.

**B** Are you a teacher?

**A** No, I'm a \_\_\_\_\_. And you?

**B** I'm a teacher.

**b** Have a conversation with Student B.

**c** Choose a name and a country and have another conversation.

## 2A Student A

**a** Read the information about Kate.

**Name:** Kate

**Town / city:** Ely – small city near Cambridge, in England

**Home:** beautiful, old house

**b** Tell Students B and C about Kate.

Her name's ...

She's from ...

Her home is ...

**c** Listen to Students B and C talk about two people. What information is the same about all three people?

## 3B Student A

**a** Ask Student B the time in these cities:

- Paris
- Rio de Janeiro
- Moscow
- Istanbul

**b** Answer Student B's questions about the time in these cities.



Tokyo



New York



Mexico City



Berlin

**c** Now go back to p.27

## 1B Student A



Jenna = British    Denis = Russian    Sandra and Pietro = Italian

**a** Look at the picture and the information box. Then cover the box.

**b** Tell Student B the names of the people and answer Student B's questions.

This is ...

**c** Listen to Student B talk about the people in the picture. Then ask Student B about the nationalities of the people.

Are they British?

No, they aren't.  
They're American.

## 4B Student A

**a** Read the information about Omar on your card.

'I'm a student. I'm 19 and I study English at Cairo University, in Egypt. I live at home with my parents. My mother is a teacher and my father works at the Bank of Cairo. He's a bank manager. I have one brother. He's married and he lives in Dubai. He works at Dubai Airport.'

**b** Tell Student B about Omar.

He's a student.  
He studies English ...

**c** Listen to Student B talk about Monica. Find six things that are the same about Omar and Monica.

1 They're both students.

**d** Now go back to p.35

## 2B Student A

- a** Look at the picture. Student B has a similar picture. Ask and answer questions to find seven differences.



Do you have a phone in your picture?

I have two phones.

- b** Now go back to p.19

## 4A Student A

- a** Read the information.

- You live in Paris in France, but you work three days a week in London, in the UK.
- You work two days a week at home.
- You study French and you go to lessons on Friday.



- b** Start a conversation with Student B about their life. Use the questions below to help you.

Where do you live?

Do you work in ...?

Do you speak ...?

- c** Listen to Student B and reply.

I live in ...

I speak a little ...

## 2C Student A

- a** Ask Student B about his / her:

- surname
- address
- phone number
- email address

What's your surname?

- b** Read the information on your card. Answer Student B's questions.

**Surname:** Ramirez

**Address:** 5 High Street

**Phone number:** 0124 364592

**Email address:** toniramirez@powermail.com

- c** Now go back to p.20

## 7B Student A



- a** Look at picture 1. Make notes about their clothes.

- b** Tell Student B about the clothes the people in picture 1 are wearing. Find out their names and write them under each picture.

This person has a blouse and a skirt. What's this person's name?

- c** Listen to Student B talk about the clothes in picture 2. Tell him / her the people's names.

- d** Now go back to p.58



## 5B Student A

- a Read the information about a hostel on your card.

### HARRY'S HOSTEL

- big rooms with no shower
- small rooms with a shower
- free wi-fi
- a small café

**Note:** There isn't a swimming pool or a car park.

- b Student B has information about a hotel. Ask and answer questions to find what things are the same and what things are different in the hotel and the hostel.

Is there a swimming pool in the hotel?

Yes, there is.

## 6A Student A

- a Look at the information about Rosa and Franco. Make positive (+) and negative (–) sentences.

- |                      |                           |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| + work very hard     | – have a lot of free time |
| + work at a hospital | – sit very much           |
| → a doctor           |                           |



Rosa

- |                   |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|
| + work long hours | – sit down a lot |
| + like his job    | – work in summer |
| → a teacher       |                  |



Franco

- b Tell Student B about Rosa and Franco. Don't say their jobs.

Rosa works very hard.

- c Ask Student B about Lidia and Hassan.  
Say: *Tell me about ...*  
Can you guess their jobs?



Lidia



Hassan

## 7C Student A

- a **Conversation 1.** You're a shop assistant. Student B is your customer. You have six glasses and they are £2.00 each. Your customer can pay by card. Start a conversation with *Hello, can I help you?*

- b **Conversation 2.** You're a customer in a shop. Student B is a shop assistant. You want to buy four plates. Ask how much they are.

- c Now go back to p.61

## 4C Student A

- a Look at the pictures. The two people are your friends. You want to show the pictures to Student B. Think about what you want to say.



Rob, teacher, interesting



Carla, hotel manager, happy

- b Cover the information under the pictures. Show them to Student B and talk about your friends.

These are my friends, Rob and Carla.

- c Ask Student B about his / her two friends.

Do you have photos of your friends?

- d Now go back to p.37

## 6B Student A

- a Gamal and Peter live in the same flat. Read about Gamal's daily routine.

Gamal is a student. He usually gets up at 9:00 and has breakfast. Then he goes to university at 10:00. In the afternoon he studies in the library and he gets home at 5:00. In the evening he works in a café near their flat. He starts work at 7:00 and finishes at 11:00. He goes to bed at 12:00.



- b Ask Student B questions about Peter. Then write the answers.

When does he get up?

What does he do then?

- |                        |                             |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| • When / wake up? 6:30 | • When / finish work?       |
| • When / get up?       | • When / get home?          |
| • What / do then?      | • What / do in the evening? |
| • When / start work?   | • When / go to bed?         |

- c Answer Student B's questions about Gamal.

- d When does Gamal see Peter?

## 7A Student A

- a** You have a market stall. You sell the objects in the box.

cups glasses plates bags knives

Write a price for each object.

- b** Try to sell things to Student B.

It's only £5 –  
it's very cheap.

They're £3 each.  
They're very beautiful.

- c** At Student B's stall you see three things you like:

- a beautiful old picture
- a lamp
- some interesting old books

Try to buy them  
for a good price.

It's very expensive.  
Is £10 OK?

## 8A Student A

- a** Ask Student B about Hanan.

Where was she  
a year ago?

Where was she last  
weekend?

Was she at work on Monday?

- b** Listen to Students B and C talk about Marcella.

- c** Answer Student C's questions about Henri.

**1 year ago** in Chile  
**last weekend** at a party in Paris  
**on Monday** at work in Germany



Henri

- d** What is the same for all three people?

## 11C Student A

- a** You and Student B live in the same city. Talk about good places for tourists to visit. This is what you think of the four main places to visit:

the Museum – very interesting

Central Park – OK, nice

the Old Town – a bit boring

the Mega Department Store – very expensive

What do you think  
of Central Park?

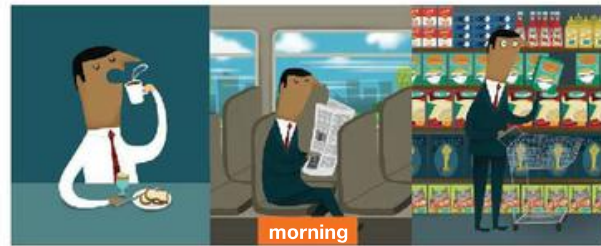
I think Central Park is OK.

Really? I don't  
think so.

- b** Now go back to p.93

## 8B Student A

- a** Look at the pictures of Leo's day yesterday. Make notes about what he did.



morning



afternoon



evening

- b** Tell Student B what Leo did yesterday.

- c** Listen to Student B talk about what Nina did yesterday. What activities are the same?

## 10C Student A

- a Conversation 1.** Read your first card. Think about what you want to say. Then start the conversation with Student B with *Excuse me*.

- 1** You want to go to Manchester.
- Time now: 11:15 am.
  - Ask about the next train.
  - Ask about the platform.
  - You have a big suitcase – it's difficult to run.

- b Conversation 2.** Now read your second card. Think about what you want to say. Listen to Student B and reply.

- 2** You're an official at a bus station.
- Time now: 2:45 pm.

	Time	Bus stop	Price
Oxford	3:00 pm	4	£16
Oxford	4:00 pm	3	£11

- c** Now go back to p.85



## 10A Student A



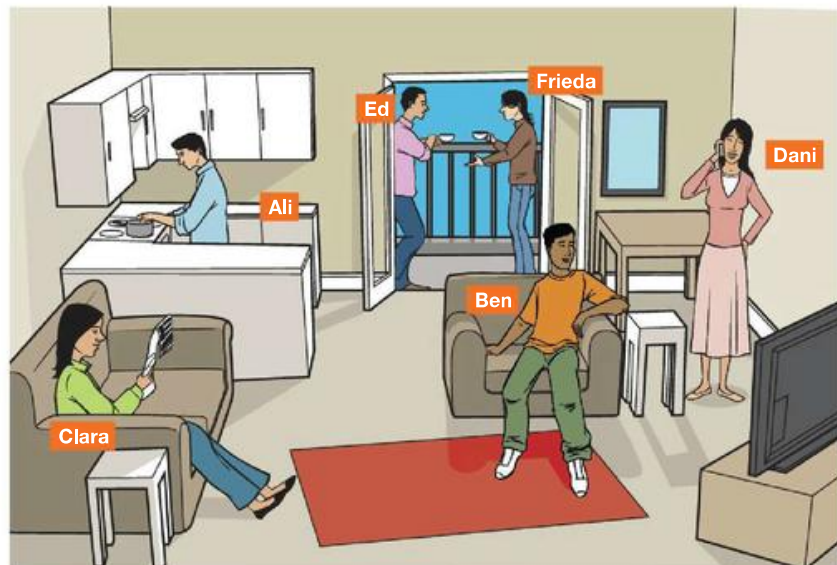
- a** You are in picture 2. Tell Student B:
- where you are (*I'm sitting in ...*)
  - what's in the next room (*There's a ... next door.*)
  - what you're doing (*I'm ...*)
- b** Listen to Student B. Are they talking about picture 4, 5 or 6?
- c** Choose picture 4 or 5. Describe it to Student B.
- d** Listen to Student B again. Which picture are they talking about now?

## 10B Student A

- a** Look at the picture. What are the people doing? Make notes.
- b** Student B has a similar picture. Ask and answer questions to find five differences. You start. Ask about Ali.

- Is Ali in the kitchen?
- Yes, he is.
- Is he eating?
- No, he isn't. He's ...

- c** Now go back to p.83



## 9A Student A

- a** Read notes about your trip to Seville, in Spain. Make sentences from the notes. Use the past simple.
- Seville – south of Spain
  - plane to Madrid ...
  - ... then train to Seville
  - small hotel – city centre
  - lots of photos
  - shopping – didn't buy anything
  - restaurants – very good food
  - a concert – you liked it!
- b** Tell Student B about your trip.
- c** Listen to Student B talk about a trip to Dubai. Find four things you both did on your trips.

## 9B Student A

- a** Read the information about the weather in Mumbai, in India. Listen to Student B and reply.

Weather in Mumbai	
Yesterday	hot, sunny
Today	cloudy, warm
Summer	a lot of rain, hot

- b** Ask Student B these questions about the weather in Berlin, in Germany.

What was the weather like yesterday?

What's the weather like today?

What's the weather like in winter?

- c** Now go back to p.75

## 12C Student A

**a** You want to invite Student B to:

- 1 go for a walk at the weekend.
- 2 meet for coffee in town.

Think about what you want to say. Start the conversation with Student B. Try to find times when you're both free.

Would you like to go for a walk at the weekend?

### YOUR DIARY

<b>MON</b>	work 8:00-6:00	<b>FRI</b>	work 8:00-6:00 yoga 7:00-8:30
<b>TUES</b>	work 8:00-6:00	<b>SAT</b>	concert 7:00 pm
<b>WED</b>		<b>SUN</b>	visiting parents 12:00-5:00
<b>THURS</b>	work 8:00-6:00		

**b** Now go back to p.101

## 1A Student B

**a** You're Bella from the USA. You're a teacher. Complete the conversation.

- A** Hello, I'm Yoshi.  
**B** Hi, I'm \_\_\_\_\_. Nice to meet you.  
**A** Are you from England?  
**B** No, I'm not. I'm from \_\_\_\_\_. And you?  
**A** I'm from Japan.  
**B** Are you a \_\_\_\_\_?  
**A** No, I'm a student. And you?  
**B** I'm a \_\_\_\_\_.

**b** Have a conversation with Student A.

**c** Choose a name and a country and have another conversation.

## 3B Student B

**a** Answer Student A's questions about the time in these cities.



Paris



Rio de Janeiro



Moscow



Istanbul

**b** Ask Student A the time in these cities:

- Tokyo
- Mexico City
- New York
- Berlin

**c** Now go back to p.27

## 1B Student B



Sara = Spanish Tony = American Marta and Luiza = Brazilian

**a** Look at the picture and the information in the box. Then cover the box.

**b** Listen to Student A talk about the people in the picture. Then ask Student A about the nationalities of the people.

Is he British?

No, he isn't. He's American.

**c** Tell Student A the names of the people and answer Student A's questions.

This is ...

## 2B Student B

**a** Look at the picture. Student A has a similar picture. Ask and answer questions to find seven differences.



Do you have keys in your picture?

I have one key.

**b** Now go back to p.19



## 2A Student B

a Read the information about Carla.

**Name:** Carla

**Town / city:** Hamilton – small city near Toronto, in Canada

**Home:** nice, new flat

b Listen to Student A.

c Tell Students A and C about Carla.

Her name's ...

She's from ...

Her home is ...

d Listen to Student C talk. What information is the same about all three people?

## 2C Student B

a Read the information on your card. Answer Student A's questions.

**Surname:** Adams

**Address:** 8 Park Road

**Phone number:** 0124 732816

**Email address:** alexadams@powermail.com

b Ask Student A about his / her:

- surname
- phone number
- address
- email address

What's your surname?

c Now go back to p.20

## 4B Student B

a Read the information about Monica on your card.

'I'm Spanish. I'm 20. I live in Madrid and I study English at university. I live at home with my parents. I have a brother and two sisters. My brother works at Madrid Airport. He's married and he has two children.'

b Listen to Student A talk about Omar.

c Tell Student A about Monica. Find six things that are the same about Omar and Monica.

She's a student.  
She studies English ...

1 They're both students.

d Now go back to p.35

## 4A Student B

a Read the information.

- You live in Monterrey, in Mexico, but you work four days a week in Austin, Texas, in the USA.
- You work one day a week at home.
- You study Spanish and you go to lessons on Saturday.



b Listen to Student A and reply.

I live in ...

I speak a little ...

c Start a conversation with Student A about their life. Use the questions below to help you.

Where do you live?

Do you work in ...?

Do you speak ...?

## 4C Student B

a Look at the pictures. The two people are your friends. You want to show the pictures to Student A. Think about what you want to say.



Mia, student, kind



Fred, bank manager, funny

b Ask Student A about his / her two friends.

Do you have photos of your friends?

c Cover the information under the pictures. Show them to Student A and talk about your friends.

These are my friends,  
Mia and Fred.

d Now go back to p.37

## 5B Student B

- a Read the information about a hotel on your card.

### Hotel Helena

- rooms with showers and TVs
- restaurant
- swimming pool
- car park

**Note:** There isn't free wi-fi in the hotel. You pay for it.

- b Student A has information about a hostel. Ask and answer questions to find what things are the same and what things are different in the hotel and the hostel.

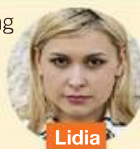
Is there free wi-fi in the hostel?

Yes, there is.


## 6A Student B

- a Look at the information about Lidia and Hassan. Make positive (+) and negative (–) sentences.

+ meet a lot of people    – work in the morning  
 + work in a restaurant    – sit very much  
 → a waitress

  
**Lidia**

+ meet a lot of people    – work in the day  
 + like his job    – work very hard  
 → a taxi driver

  
**Hassan**

- b Ask Student A about Rosa and Franco.  
 Say: *Tell me about ...*  
 Can you guess their jobs?



- c Tell Student A about Lidia and Hassan. Don't say their jobs.

Lidia meets lots of people.

## 7B Student B



- a Look at picture 2. Make notes about their clothes.

- b Listen to Student A talk about the clothes in picture 1. Tell him / her the people's names.

- c Tell Student A about the clothes the people in picture 2 are wearing. Find out their names and write them under each picture.

This person has a coat and trousers.  
 What's the person's name?

- d Now go back to p.58

## 9A Student B

- a Read notes about your trip to Dubai, in the UAE. Make sentences from the notes. Use the past simple.

- Dubai – north of the UAE
- plane to Dubai ...
- didn't stay in a hotel ...
- ... my brother's apartment (he lives in Dubai)
- ... then taxi around the city
- lots of photos
- shopping – lots of clothes
- restaurants – very good food

- b Listen to Student A talk about a trip to Seville.

- c Tell Student A about your trip. Find four things you both did on your trips.



## 5C Student B

**a Conversation 1.** You're on a street you know. Use the information to answer Student A's questions.

a hotel: not near here – near the station  
cafés: Black Cat café in this street

**b Conversation 2.** Now you're on a street you don't know. Ask Student A about:

- a bank
- shops

**c** Now go back to p.45

## 7A Student B

**a** You have a market stall. You sell the objects in the box.

pictures   clocks   lamps   chairs   old books

Write a price for each object.

**b** At Student A's stall you see three things you like:

- some beautiful plates
- an interesting shopping bag
- a good knife for your kitchen

Try to buy them for a good price.

They're expensive. Is £2 OK?

**c** Try to sell things to Student A.

They're £10 each.  
They're very old.

It's only £5 –  
it's very cheap.

## 8A Student B

**a** Answer Student A's questions about Hanan.

**1 year ago** in Germany  
**last weekend** at a party at her home  
**on Monday** at university



Hanan

**b** Ask Student C about Marcella.

Where was she  
a year ago?

Where was she last  
weekend?

Was she at work on Monday?

**c** Listen to Students A and C talk about Henri.

**d** What is the same for all three people?

## 8B Student B

**a** Look at the pictures of Nina's day yesterday. Make notes about what she did.



morning



afternoon



evening

**b** Listen to Student A talk about what Leo did yesterday.

**c** Tell Student A what Nina did yesterday. What activities are the same?

## 10C Student B

**a Conversation 1.** Read your first card. Think about what you want to say. Listen to Student A and reply.

- 1** You're an official at a train station.
- Time now: 11:15 am.
  - Platform 6 is two minutes' walk away.

	Time	Platform
Manchester	11:17 am	6
Manchester	11:35 am	6

**b Conversation 2.** Now read your second card. Think about what you want to say. Then start the conversation with Student A with *Excuse me*.

- 2** You want to go to Oxford.
- Time now: 2:45 pm.
  - Ask about the next bus.
  - Ask about the bus stop.
  - Ask about the price. (You only have £15 with you.)

**c** Now go back to p.85

## 10A Student B



- a** Listen to Student A. Are they talking about picture 1, 2 or 3?
- b** You are in picture 6. Tell Student A:
- where you are (*I'm sitting in ...*)
  - what's in the next room (*There's a ... next door.*)
  - what you're doing (*I'm ...*)
- c** Listen to Student A again. Which picture are they talking about now?
- d** Choose picture 1 or 3. Describe it to Student A.

## 10B Student B

- a** Look at the picture. What are the people doing? Make notes.
- b** Student A has a similar picture. Ask and answer questions to find five differences. Student A starts.

Is Ali in the kitchen?

Yes, he is.

Is he eating?

No, he isn't. He's ...

- c** Now go back to p.83

## 7C Student B

**a Conversation 1.** You're a customer in a shop. Student A is a shop assistant. You want to buy four glasses. Ask how much they are. You'd like to pay by card.

**b Conversation 2.** You're a shop assistant. Student A is your customer. You have three plates and they are £3.00 each. Your customer can pay by card. Start a conversation with *Hello, can I help you?*

**c** Now go back to p.61

## 9B Student B

**a** Ask Student A these questions about the weather in Mumbai, in India.

What was the weather like yesterday?

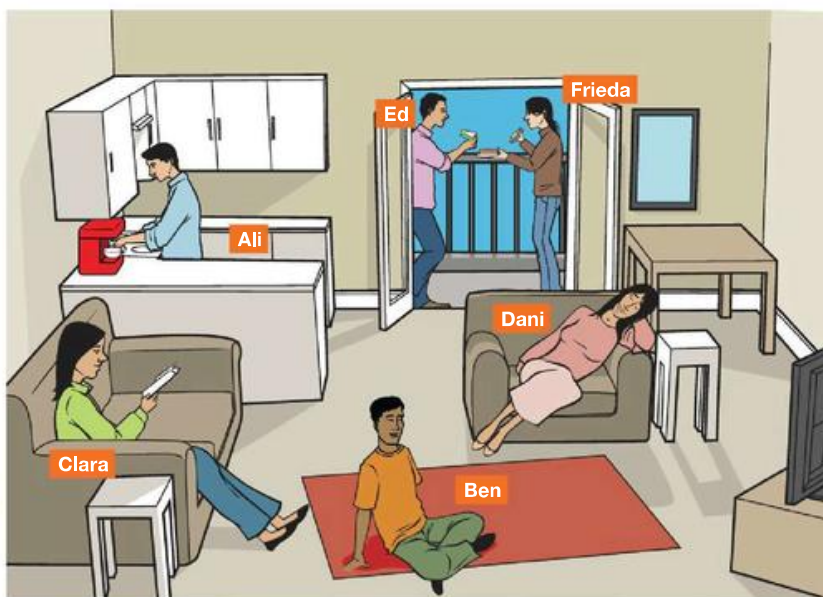
What's the weather like today?

What's the weather like in summer?

**b** Read the information about the weather in Berlin, in Germany. Listen to Student A and reply.

Weather in Berlin	
Yesterday	wet, windy
Today	sunny, cold
Winter	snows, cold

**c** Now go back to p.75





## 6B Student B

- a** Peter and Gamal live in the same flat. Read about Peter's daily routine.

Peter works in a bank. He always wakes up at 6:30. He gets up at 7:00, has coffee and goes to work. He starts work at 8:30 and he finishes at 5:30. He gets home at 6:00, has dinner and watches TV. Sometimes he goes out, but he always goes to bed at 10:30.



- b** Answer Student A's questions about Peter.
- c** Ask Student A questions about Gamal. Then write the answers.

When does he go to university?

What does he do in the afternoon?

- When / get up? 9:00
- When / go to university?
- What / do in the afternoon?
- When / get home?
- What / do in the evening?
- When / start work?
- When / finish work?
- When / go to bed?

- d** When does Peter see Gamal?

## 12C Student B

- a** You want to invite Student A to:

- 1 go out for a meal one evening.
- 2 go shopping for clothes.

Think about what you want to say. Listen to Student A and reply. Try to find times when you're both free.

Would you like to go out for dinner?

YOUR DIARY	MON	work 8:00-6:00 theatre 8:00 pm
	TUES	
	WED	work 8:00-6:00 Spanish class 7:00-8:30
	THURS	on holiday - not here
	FRI	on holiday - not here
	SAT	sport 9:00-2:00
	SUN	

- b** Now go back to p.101

## 11C Student B

- a** You and Student A live in the same city. Talk about good places for tourists to visit. This is what you think of the four main places to visit:

the Museum – OK  
Central Park – boring  
the Old Town – lovely  
the Mega Department Store – lots of fun

What do you think of the Museum?

I think the Museum is OK.

Really? I don't think so.

- b** Now go back to p.93

## 2A Student C

- a** Read the information about Dave.

**Name:** Dave

**Town / city:** Newcastle – small city near Sydney, in Australia

**Home:** big, new flat

- b** Listen to Students A and B talk about two people.
- c** Tell Students A and B about Dave. What information is the same about all three people?

His name's ...

He's from ...

His home is ...

## 8A Student C

- a** Listen to Students A and B talk about Hanan.
- b** Answer Student B's questions about Marcella.

<b>1 year ago</b> in Greece	<b>last weekend</b> at a party in Venice	<b>on Monday</b> in a meeting at work
--------------------------------	--	---



Marcella

- c** Ask Student A about Henri.

Where was he a year ago?

Where was he last weekend?

Was he at work on Monday?

- d** What is the same for all three people?

# Grammar Focus

## 1A be: I / you / we



### Part 1: Positive and questions

1.6

	Positive (+)
I	<i>I'm</i> fine.
you	You're right.
we	We're from the USA.
you	You're John and Hannah.

#### Tip

I am → I'm  
You are → You're  
We are → We're

1.8

	Wh- questions (?)
I	Where <b>am</b> I?
you	How <b>are</b> you?
we	Where <b>are</b> we?
you	Where <b>are</b> you?

1.7

	Yes/No questions (?)	Short answers
I	<b>Am</b> I at home?	Yes, <b>I am</b> . No, <b>I'm not</b> .
you	<b>Are</b> you OK?	Yes, you <b>are</b> . No, you <b>aren't</b> .
we	<b>Are</b> we in London?	Yes, we <b>are</b> . No, we <b>aren't</b> .
you	<b>Are</b> you students?	Yes, you <b>are</b> . No, you <b>aren't</b> .

**Are you** from Spain? NOT ~~You are~~ from Spain?  
Yes, **I am**. NOT ~~Yes, I'm~~.

### Part 2: Negative

1.11

	Negative (-)
I	<b>I'm not</b> from Italy.
you	You <b>aren't</b> a teacher.
we	We <b>aren't</b> from the USA.
you	You <b>aren't</b> teachers.

#### Tip

I am not → I'm not  
You are not → You're not  
We are not → We're not

**I'm not** from Brazil. NOT ~~I am n't~~ from Brazil.

## 1B be: he / she / they

### Part 1: Positive

1.19

	+
he	He's Japanese.
she	She's Russian.
they	They're American.

#### Tip

He **is** Japanese. → He's Japanese.  
They **are** American. → They're American.

### Part 2: Negative and questions

1.21

	-
he	He <b>isn't</b> Japanese.
she	She <b>isn't</b> Russian.
they	They <b>aren't</b> American.

#### Tip

She **is not** Russian. → She **isn't** Russian.  
They **are not** American. → They **aren't** American.



1.22

	Yes/No questions (?)	Short answers
he	<b>Is</b> he Japanese?	Yes, he <b>is</b> . No, he <b>isn't</b> .
she	<b>Is</b> she Russian?	Yes, she <b>is</b> . No, she <b>isn't</b> .
they	<b>Are</b> they American?	Yes, they <b>are</b> . No, they <b>aren't</b> .

1.23

	Wh- questions (?)
he / she	Where's he / she from? Who's he / she?
they	Where <b>are</b> they from? Who <b>are</b> they?

**Is he** Japanese? NOT ~~Is Japanese?~~ OR ~~He is Japanese?~~  
**Are they** American? NOT ~~Are American?~~ OR ~~They are American?~~  
Yes, **he is**. NOT ~~Yes, he's~~.

#### Tip

Where **is** he from? → Where's he from?  
Who **is** she? → Who's she?



## 1A be: I / you / we

### Part 1: Positive and questions

#### a Write sentences with 're or 'm.

- 1 I am from New York. I'm from New York.
- 2 We are students.
- 3 You are Roberto.
- 4 I am fine, thanks.
- 5 We are from Mexico.

#### b Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 you / are / how? How are you?
- 2 are / from / the USA / you?
- 3 we / in / Russia / are?
- 4 OK / I / am?
- 5 name / your / what's?

#### c Now go back to p.8

### Part 2: Negative

#### a Write one positive (+) and one negative (-) sentence for 1-5.

- 1 We / from Brazil  
We're from Brazil. We aren't from Brazil.
- 2 You / Rebecca
- 3 I / a teacher
- 4 We / in Paris
- 5 I / OK

#### b Write short answers.

- |                           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 A Are you from the USA? | 3 A Are we in Spain?  |
| B No, I'm not.            | B No, _____.          |
| 2 A Are you Eric?         | 4 A Are you students? |
| B Yes, _____.             | B Yes, _____.         |

#### c Now go back to p.9

## 1B be: he / she / they

### Part 1: Positive

#### a Complete the sentences with he's, she's or they're.



1 \_\_\_\_\_ Italian.



2 \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese.



3 \_\_\_\_\_ Brazilian.



4 \_\_\_\_\_ Russian.



5 \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish.



6 \_\_\_\_\_ American.

#### b Now go back to p.11

### Part 2: Negative and questions

#### a Complete the sentences with isn't or aren't.

- 1 She \_\_\_\_\_ Italian. She's Brazilian.
- 2 They \_\_\_\_\_ American. They're English.
- 3 He \_\_\_\_\_ Chinese. He's American.
- 4 They \_\_\_\_\_ Russian. They're English.
- 5 He \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish. He's Italian.
- 6 She \_\_\_\_\_ Brazilian. She's Japanese.

#### b Tick (✓) the correct questions. Correct the wrong questions.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1 <input type="checkbox"/> He is Russian?    | 4 <input type="checkbox"/> Are he Italian?    |
| 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Is she Brazilian? | 5 <input type="checkbox"/> She is Chinese?    |
| 3 <input type="checkbox"/> Are English they? | 6 <input type="checkbox"/> Are they Japanese? |

#### c Complete the conversations with is, isn't, 's, are, aren't or 're.

- A Who is this?  
B He <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ my friend, Lee.  
A <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ he Chinese?  
B No, he <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. He <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ from the USA.  
A Who are they?  
B They <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ my friends, Nick and Anna.  
A <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ they from England?  
B No, they <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. They <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Russian.

#### d Now go back to p.11

## 2A be: it's / it isn't; Possessive adjectives

### Part 1: it's / it isn't

it = a place / a thing

they = 2+ places / things



1.42

	+	–
<b>it</b>	<i>It's</i> an old hotel.	<i>It isn't</i> a new hotel.
<b>they</b>	<i>They're</i> old houses.	<i>They aren't</i> big houses.

1.43

	Yes/No questions	Short answers	
<b>it</b>	<i>Is it</i> a big hotel?	Yes, <i>it is</i> .	No, <i>it isn't</i> .
<b>they</b>	<i>Are</i> they new houses?	Yes, <i>they are</i> .	No, <i>they aren't</i> .

*Is it* in Ireland? NOT ~~*Is in Ireland?*~~ OR ~~*It is in Ireland?*~~  
Yes, *it is*. NOT ~~*Yes, it's*~~.



Tip

*It is* in Chile. → *It's* in Chile.

*It is not* in Italy. → *It isn't* in Italy.

### Part 2: Possessive adjectives

Pronoun	Possessive adjective	1.48
I	<b>my</b>	<i><b>My</b> flat is small.</i>
you	<b>your</b>	<i>Is this <b>your</b> book?</i>
he	<b>his</b>	<i><b>His</b> home is old and beautiful.</i>
she	<b>her</b>	<i>She's here with <b>her</b> friend.</i>
we	<b>our</b>	<i>This is <b>our</b> home in Moscow.</i>
they	<b>their</b>	<i>Is that <b>their</b> home?</i>

*your* bag NOT ~~*you're bag*~~

*their* house NOT ~~*they're house*~~

## 2B Plural nouns

### SPELLING: Plural nouns

most words → add -s	<i>book</i> → <i>books</i> <i>boy</i> → <i>boys</i> <i>house</i> → <i>houses</i>
consonant + -y → -y add -ies	<i>city</i> → <i>cities</i> <i>baby</i> → <i>babies</i>
ends in -o, -ch, -ss, -s, -sh and -x → add -es	<i>watch</i> → <i>watches</i> <i>glass</i> → <i>glasses</i>
irregular	<i>knife</i> → <i>knives</i>

*books* NOT ~~*a-books*~~



a book



a ticket



an apple



books



two tickets



apples

## 3A Present simple: I / you / we / they

1.80

	+	–
<b>I</b>	<i>I like</i> fish.	<i>I don't like</i> fish.
<b>you</b>	<i>You eat</i> meat.	<i>You don't eat</i> meat.
<b>we</b>	<i>We eat</i> a lot of vegetables.	<i>We don't eat</i> a lot of vegetables.
<b>they</b>	<i>They like</i> eggs.	<i>They don't like</i> eggs.

*I don't like* fish. NOT ~~*I not like fish*~~.



Tip

*I do not* like rice. → *I don't like* rice.

1.81

	Yes/No questions	Short answers	
<b>I</b>	<i>Do I like</i> fish?	Yes, <i>I do</i> .	No, <i>I don't</i> .
<b>you</b>	<i>Do you eat</i> meat?	Yes, <i>you do</i> .	No, <i>you don't</i> .
<b>we</b>	<i>Do we eat</i> a lot of vegetables?	Yes, <i>we do</i> .	No, <i>we don't</i> .
<b>they</b>	<i>Do they like</i> eggs?	Yes, <i>they do</i> .	No, <i>they don't</i> .

*Do you* eat meat? NOT ~~*You eat meat?*~~

Yes, *I do*. NOT ~~*Yes, I like*~~.

No, *we don't*. NOT ~~*No, we don't like*~~.



## 2A be: it's / it isn't; Possessive adjectives

### Part 1: it's / it isn't

**a** Complete the sentences with *it's* or *they're*.

- \_\_\_\_\_ a beautiful town near Barcelona.
- I'm from Istanbul. \_\_\_\_\_ in Turkey.
- São Paulo and Rio de Janeiro are big cities. \_\_\_\_\_ in Brazil.
- My flat is small. \_\_\_\_\_ in a new part of town.
- Our homes are old. \_\_\_\_\_ in a nice part of town.
- His home is in St Petersburg. \_\_\_\_\_ a big, old flat.
- The flats are in an old part of town. \_\_\_\_\_ big and beautiful.
- They're from a small village in China. \_\_\_\_\_ near Beijing.

**b** Now go back to p.16

### Part 2: Possessive adjectives

**a** Complete the sentences.

- 'Hi, I'm Jack. What's \_\_\_\_\_ name?' 'I'm Selim.'
- She's from Brazil and \_\_\_\_\_ name's Maria.
- They're from America and \_\_\_\_\_ names are Sam and Erica.
- We live in Moscow. \_\_\_\_\_ flat is in an old part of town.
- 'Is this \_\_\_\_\_ book?' 'Yes, it is, thank you.'
- They're from London, but \_\_\_\_\_ parents are from Mumbai.

**b** Now go back to p.17

## 2B Plural nouns

**a** Write the plurals.

- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1 an egg _____    | 5 a town _____    |
| 2 a knife _____   | 6 a phone _____   |
| 3 a girl _____    | 7 a village _____ |
| 4 a country _____ | 8 a city _____    |

**b** Underline the correct words.

- Moscow is *big city* / *a big city*.
- Villajoyosa is *a town* / *towns* in Spain.
- It's *small* / *a small* house.
- They're new *flat* / *flats*.
- Two *bottle* / *bottles* of water, please.
- He's a big *baby* / *babies*.
- New York and Washington are *cities* / *citys* in the USA.
- Two *tickets* / *ticketes* to London, please.

**c** Now go back to p.19

## 3A Present simple: I / you / we / they

**a** Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

do (x2) don't (x3) eat

- I like rice, but I \_\_\_\_\_ like bread.
- \_\_\_\_\_ you like fruit?
- A** Do they eat meat? **B** Yes, they \_\_\_\_\_.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ fruit every day.
- I eat rice, but I \_\_\_\_\_ like it.
- A** Do you like fish? **B** No, I \_\_\_\_\_.

**b** Look at the information about the Brown family. Write five sentences about them.

meat	✓
fish	✗
vegetables	✓
rice	✓
bread	✗

They eat ... They don't eat ...

**c** Write sentences about things you eat and drink.

*I eat rice. I eat vegetables every day. I don't like coffee ...*

**d** Now go back to p.25

## 3B Adverbs of frequency

1.91



We **always** have breakfast at 7:00.



I **usually** have a sandwich for lunch.



We **sometimes** eat fish for dinner.



I **never** eat cake.  
NOT ~~I never don't eat cake.~~

### Tip

Adverbs of frequency go **before** the verb.

NOT ~~Always we have~~ breakfast at 7:00. OR ~~We have always~~ breakfast at 7:00.

## 4A Present simple: Wh- questions



2.17

Wh- questions with be	
What's your name?	My name's Lucia.
When <b>are</b> you at home?	We're at home this evening.
Where <b>are</b> they from?	They're from Brazil.

NOT What ~~your name is~~? OR Where ~~you are~~ from?

### Tip

Wh- word + is / are + person (you / they, etc.).?

2.18

Wh- questions with other verbs	
Where <b>do</b> you <b>live</b> ?	I <b>live</b> in Barcelona.
What <b>do</b> you <b>study</b> ?	We <b>study</b> Russian.
When <b>do</b> they <b>go</b> to school?	They <b>go</b> to school at 8:00.

NOT Where ~~you live~~? OR Where ~~live you~~?

### Tip

Wh- word + do + person (you / they, etc.) + verb?

## 4B Present simple: he / she / it positive

2.26

	+	
he	My brother <b>works</b> He <b>lives</b>	in a hotel. in a small house.
she	Ingrid <b>lives</b> She <b>works</b>	in Berlin. in an office.
it	My room <b>has</b> It <b>has</b>	a big window. a big table.

### Tip

I / you / we / they **work** in a hotel.  
He / She **works** in a hotel.

### SPELLING: verb + -s

most verbs → add -s	work → <b>works</b> live → <b>lives</b>
consonant + -y → -y add -ies	study → <b>studies</b>
ends in -o, -ch, -ss, -s, -sh and -x → add -es	go → <b>goes</b> do → <b>does</b> teach → <b>teaches</b>
irregular	have → <b>has</b>

He **studies** NOT He ~~studys~~  
She **has** NOT She ~~haves~~



### 3B Adverbs of frequency

a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- sometimes / at 10:00 / have dinner / we
- I / in the evening / have coffee / never
- have a tomato sandwich / I / for lunch / usually
- we / at home / always / have dinner
- at lunchtime / always / eat fruit / I
- usually / in a café / I / have lunch

b Look at Monica's diary. Complete her sentences with adverbs of frequency.

- 'I \_\_\_\_\_ have coffee in a small café.'
- 'I \_\_\_\_\_ eat breakfast.'
- 'My friends and I \_\_\_\_\_ have lunch at work.'
- 'We \_\_\_\_\_ have dinner at home.'

c Now go back to p.27

Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Sa
2	3	4	5	6	
8:00 coffee at Café Blanc		8:00 coffee at Café Blanc			
12:30 lunch at work	12:30 lunch at work	12:30 lunch at work	12:30 lunch at work	12:30 lunch at work	
7:00 dinner with the family	7:00 dinner with the family	7:00 dinner with the family	7:00 dinner with the family	7:00 dinner with the family	
9	10	11	12	13	

### 4A Present simple: Wh- questions

a Complete the questions with 's, are or do.

- Where \_\_\_\_\_ they work?
- What \_\_\_\_\_ you eat for breakfast?
- Where \_\_\_\_\_ your home?
- What \_\_\_\_\_ the time?
- Where \_\_\_\_\_ you study English?
- Where \_\_\_\_\_ you from?
- What time \_\_\_\_\_ you go to university every day?
- When \_\_\_\_\_ he at home?

b Write questions for the sentences. Use the question word in brackets.

- I work in Madrid. (where)  
Where do you work?
- We go to work at 7:00 in the morning. (when)
- I eat a sandwich for lunch. (what)
- We study at a big language school in Madrid. (where)
- I study business at university. (what)
- I go to my lesson at 6:00 in the evening. (when)

c Now go back to p.33

### 4B Present simple: he / she / it positive

a Underline the correct words.

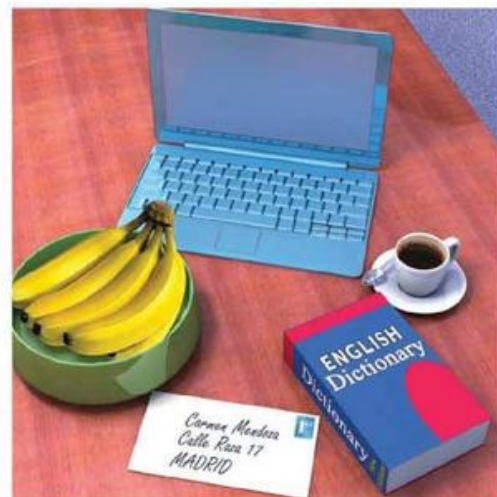
- She always *drink* / *drinks* tea for breakfast.
- My son *studies* / *studys* Spanish at university.
- He *works* / *workes* in a supermarket.
- The car *have* / *has* new lights.
- She has breakfast and then she *gos* / *goes* to school.
- The dog *live* / *lives* in the garden.

b Look at the picture. Complete the sentences about Carmen with the verbs in the box.

have drink eat live study

- She \_\_\_\_\_ in Madrid.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ English.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ bananas.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ coffee.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ a computer.

c Now go back to p.35



## 5A there is / there are: positive



On Regent Street ...  
 ... **there's** a supermarket.  
 ... **there's** a cinema.  
 ... **there are** two cafés.  
 ... **there are** lots of people.

2.39

	+	
Singular	<b>There's</b>	a café. one café.
Plural	<b>There are</b>	cafés. three cafés.

There's = There is  
**There's** a café. NOT ~~There~~ a café.  
**There are** three cafés.  
 NOT ~~There's~~ three cafés.

## 5B there is / there are: negative and questions

2.53

	-	
Singular	<b>There isn't</b>	a shower. a blanket.
Plural	<b>There aren't</b>	any pillows. any rooms.

### Tip

There **is not** a hotel. → There **isn't** a hotel.  
 There **are not** any cafés. → There **aren't** any cafés.  
 Use **any** after **there aren't**.

2.54

	Yes/No questions		Short answers	
Singular	<b>Is there</b>	a café?	Yes, <b>there is</b> .	No, <b>there isn't</b> .
Plural	<b>Are there</b>	any small rooms?	Yes, <b>there are</b> .	No, <b>there aren't</b> .

NOT ~~There is~~ a café? OR ~~There are~~ small rooms?  
 NOT Yes, ~~there's~~. OR No, ~~there not~~.

### Tip

Use **any** after **Are there ... ?**



## 6A Present simple: he / she / it negative

2.71

	-	
<b>he</b>	He <b>doesn't work</b>	on Monday.
<b>she</b>	She <b>doesn't study</b>	Spanish.
<b>it</b>	The village <b>doesn't have</b>	a school.

He **doesn't work** on Monday. NOT ~~He doesn't works~~ on Monday.  
 OR He ~~don't works~~ on Monday.  
 OR He ~~not works~~ on Monday.

### Tip

I **do not work** at night. → I **don't work** at night.  
 He **does not work** at night. → He **doesn't work** at night.



## 5A *there is / there are*: positive

- a** Write three more sentences about Regent Street on page 120. Use *there's* or *there are* and the words in the box.

house car park

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_

- b** Look at the picture. Change the sentences to make them true.

- |                              |                          |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 There's a taxi.            | 4 There are three women. |
| 2 There are two restaurants. | 5 There are three girls. |
| 3 There's one shop.          | 6 There's a boy.         |
|                              | 7 There are two schools. |



- c** Now go back to p.40

## 5B *there is / there are*: negative and questions

- a** Complete the sentences with a negative (–) or question (?) form of *there is* or *there are*.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ any cafés in my street.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ a cinema in this part of town.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ a hotel near the station?
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ any shops near the hotel?
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_ any restaurants on High Street.
- 6 \_\_\_\_\_ a café near here?
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ a restaurant near the cinema.
- 8 \_\_\_\_\_ any supermarkets near the hostel?

- b** Add *any* to the sentences if possible.

- 1 There aren't good restaurants in this town.
- 2 Are there shops near the hotel?
- 3 Is there a TV in the room?
- 4 Sorry, there aren't free rooms.
- 5 There's a café on the first floor.
- 6 There are two cinemas near here.

- c** Complete the conversation with the correct form of *there is / there are*.

**A** Excuse me, \_\_\_\_\_ any hotels near here?

**B** No, \_\_\_\_\_. But \_\_\_\_\_ one near the station.

**A** And \_\_\_\_\_ a restaurant near the hotel?

**B** Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. It's a very good one.

- d** Now go back to p.43

## 6A Present simple: *he / she / it* negative

- a** Complete the sentences with *don't* or *doesn't*.

- 1 They don't speak French.
- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ like chocolate cake.
- 3 She \_\_\_\_\_ eat toast for breakfast.
- 4 We \_\_\_\_\_ go to work early.
- 5 Eva and Marek \_\_\_\_\_ like their jobs.
- 6 Blanca and her sister \_\_\_\_\_ live in Spain.
- 7 Her brother \_\_\_\_\_ work in a bank.
- 8 My sister, Lucia, and I \_\_\_\_\_ eat fish.

- b** Make the sentences negative.

- 1 Pia works in a shop. Pia *doesn't* work in a shop.
- 2 My brother works in a car factory.
- 3 My parents like coffee.
- 4 We live near the station.
- 5 He studies Italian.
- 6 They go to work early.
- 7 Akira lives in Tokyo.
- 8 Their son works in a bank.

- c** Now go back to p.49

## 6B Present simple: he / she / it questions

2.79

	Yes/No questions		Short answers	
he	Does he	work in a bank?	Yes, he <b>does</b> .	No, he <b>doesn't</b> .
she	Does she	get up early?	Yes, she <b>does</b> .	No, she <b>doesn't</b> .
it	Does the party	start at 9:00?	Yes, it <b>does</b> .	No, it <b>doesn't</b> .

Does he work in a bank? NOT ~~Does he works ...?~~  
 Yes, **she does**. NOT ~~Yes, she works.~~  
 No, **she doesn't**. NOT ~~No, she doesn't work.~~

2.80

	Wh- questions		
he	Where	does he	work?
she	When	does she	get up?
it	What time	does it	start?

Where **does she** work? NOT ~~Where she does work?~~  
 OR ~~Where she works?~~



Does she get up early?

## 7A this, that, these, those

3.8

this, these = here, near me



'My brother wants **this** car.'



'I love **these** flowers.'

Singular	<b>this</b> car	<b>that</b> car
Plural	<b>these</b> flowers	<b>those</b> flowers

that, those = there, not near me



'My sister wants **that** car.'



'I love **those** flowers.'

this / that / these / those + be	this / that / these / those + noun
<b>That's</b> my car. <b>Is this</b> your bag?	I like <b>that</b> car. <b>These flowers</b> are beautiful.

## 7B Possessive 's

3.19



Kristina's Zane's sister.  
 Millie's Kristina's friend. → Millie is Kristina's friend.  
**KRISTINA** My brother's jeans are red.  
 The girls' dresses are beautiful.



Zane and Kristina's parents are Lara and Jim.

**My brother's** jeans are red. NOT ~~The jeans of my brother are red.~~  
 The **girls'** dresses are beautiful. (2+ girls) NOT ~~The girl's dresses are beautiful.~~ (1 girl)



## 6B Present simple: *he / she / it* questions

### a Complete the questions.

- A** He works in a restaurant.  
**B** \_\_\_\_\_ he like it?
- A** I'm a taxi driver.  
**B** \_\_\_\_\_ you meet interesting people?
- A** My brother's in London.  
**B** \_\_\_\_\_ he live there?
- A** My children go to school at 7:30.  
**B** What time \_\_\_\_\_ they get up?
- A** She often works in the evenings.  
**B** When \_\_\_\_\_ she get home?

### b Underline the correct words.

- A** Does your daughter like school?  
**B** Yes, she likes / does. She thinks it's great.
- A** Do you like ice cream?  
**B** Yes / No, I don't. I never eat it.
- A** Does he watch football?  
**B** No, he don't / doesn't. He only likes tennis.
- A** Do you start work early?  
**B** Yes, we are / do. We start at 5:00 in the morning!
- A** Does your wife work in a restaurant?  
**B** No, she doesn't work / doesn't. She's a hotel receptionist.

**c** Now go back to p.51

## 7A *this, that, these, those*

### a Underline the correct words.

- Excuse me, is this / these your coat?
- Who's this / that man in the next room?
- How much are those / that watches?
- This is / are my wife, Susanna.
- Are this / these your glasses?

### b Complete the sentences with *this, that, these* or *those*.



1 'Look at \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful house.'



2 '\_\_\_\_\_ are our tickets.'



3 'Who are \_\_\_\_\_ people?'



4 'Is \_\_\_\_\_ your phone?'

**c** Now go back to p.57

## 7B Possessive 's

### a Complete the sentences with the words in brackets.

- It's Mara's skirt. (Mara / skirt)
- It's \_\_\_\_\_. (Steven / shirt)
- It's \_\_\_\_\_. (Liza / dress)
- They're \_\_\_\_\_. (Luke / jeans)
- They're \_\_\_\_\_. (Sara / shoes)
- It's \_\_\_\_\_. (Tim / jacket)

### b Write new sentences. Use the names in brackets.

- His** new jeans are dark blue. (Sam)  
*Sam's new jeans are dark blue.*
- His** house is near the station. (Jake)
- Her** shoes are brown. (Louise)
- I like **her** new coat. (my friend)
- Their** new car is blue. (Ross and Emma)
- Her** new dress is lovely. (Penny)
- He's **his** best friend. (Ron)
- Their** room is on the first floor. (the boys)

**c** Now go back to p.59

## 8A Past simple: be

### Part 1: Positive

3.33

	+	
I / you / he / she / it	I <b>was</b> You <b>were</b> He / She <b>was</b> It <b>was</b>	in Munich yesterday. in Madrid yesterday. in Rome yesterday. fun.
we / you / they	We <b>were</b> You <b>were</b> They <b>were</b>	in Istanbul last weekend. in Moscow last weekend. in Paris last weekend.

She **was** in Rome yesterday. NOT ~~She is in Rome yesterday.~~  
OR ~~She were in Rome yesterday.~~

#### Tip

We often use past forms of *be* with past time expressions like *yesterday, last night, two days ago, on Saturday, this morning.* (See Vocabulary Focus 8A on p.144.)

#### Tip

I **was not** in Munich yesterday. → I **wasn't** in Munich yesterday.  
You **were not** in Madrid yesterday. → You **weren't** in Madrid yesterday.

3.40

Yes/No questions		Short answers	
<b>Were</b> you	in Madrid yesterday?	Yes, you <b>were</b> .	No, you <b>weren't</b> .
<b>Was</b> she	in Rome yesterday?	Yes, she <b>was</b> .	No, she <b>wasn't</b> .
<b>Were</b> they	in Paris yesterday?	Yes, they <b>were</b> .	No, they <b>weren't</b> .

### Part 2: Negative and questions

3.39

	-	
I / you / he / she / it	I <b>wasn't</b> You <b>weren't</b> He / She <b>wasn't</b> It <b>wasn't</b>	in Munich yesterday. in Madrid yesterday. in Rome yesterday. fun.
we / you / they	We <b>weren't</b> You <b>weren't</b> They <b>weren't</b>	in Istanbul last weekend. in Moscow last weekend. in Paris last weekend.

I **wasn't** at home yesterday. NOT ~~I'm not at home yesterday.~~  
OR ~~I not was home yesterday.~~

3.41

Wh- questions		
Where	<b>was</b> she	yesterday?
When	<b>was</b>	the meeting?
Where	<b>were</b> you	yesterday?
When	<b>were</b> they	in Milan?

Where **were you** yesterday? NOT ~~Where you were yesterday?~~

## 8B Past simple: positive

3.46

Regular verbs	+	
<b>talk</b>	I <b>talked</b>	to Sue yesterday.
<b>play</b>	They <b>played</b>	tennis on Saturday.
<b>like</b>	He was nice – I <b>liked</b>	him.
<b>arrive</b>	They <b>arrived</b>	last night.

I **talked** to Sue. NOT ~~I was talk to Sue.~~

#### SPELLING: -ed endings

most verbs → add -ed	talk → <b>talked</b> play → <b>played</b>
verb ends in -e → add -d	like → <b>liked</b>

3.47

Irregular verbs	+	
<b>go</b>	I <b>went</b>	to a party on Friday.
<b>have</b>	We <b>had</b>	sandwiches for lunch.
<b>see</b>	I <b>saw</b>	Peter yesterday.

I **went** to a party. NOT ~~I goed to a party.~~  
We **had** sandwiches. NOT ~~We did have sandwiches.~~

See Irregular verbs on p.165

#### Tip

The past simple form is the same for all persons, e.g. *I played tennis., He played tennis., We played tennis., etc.*



## 8A Past simple: be

### Part 1: Positive

a Complete the sentences with *was* or *were*.

- I \_\_\_\_\_ at home yesterday.
- He \_\_\_\_\_ in the office in the morning, but not in the afternoon.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ at the cinema last night.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ in Buenos Aires last month.
- The film \_\_\_\_\_ really great.
- Melissa \_\_\_\_\_ at school last week.
- Ahmed and Jamal \_\_\_\_\_ at the football game on Saturday.
- The concert \_\_\_\_\_ very good.

b Now go back to p.65

### Part 2: Negative and questions



a Complete the text with *was*, *were*, *wasn't* or *weren't*.

'It <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday yesterday, but I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ at work all morning. I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not) at my desk – I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in a meeting. It <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ very boring. In the afternoon I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ at home with a book – it <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ great. In the evening, my friend Masha and I <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ at the cinema, but the film <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not) very good. We <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ tired so I <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not) out late.'



b Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- last night / were you / at the cinema ?  
*Were you at the cinema last night?*
- football game / was / on Saturday / he at the ?
- were / the supermarket / they at / yesterday ?
- you three / where were / years ago ?
- interesting / film / was the ?
- China / you in / when were ?
- was the / concert / where ?
- a boring / was it / meeting ?

c Now go back to p.65

## 8B Past simple: positive

a Match verbs 1–6 with the past forms in the box.

arrived had watched saw stayed went

- |              |                |
|--------------|----------------|
| 1 go _____   | 4 see _____    |
| 2 have _____ | 5 watch _____  |
| 3 stay _____ | 6 arrive _____ |

b Underline the correct words.

- She goed / went to Spain last week.
- I was sees / saw my sister at the weekend.
- It wasn't a very interesting evening. Everyone talkd / talked about work.
- I staied / stayed in a cheap hotel near the station.
- We watch / watched Germany v. Uruguay last night.
- She read / readed a magazine in the garden.

c Complete the text with the past form of the verbs in the box.

have (x2) go (x2) stay read talk watch get

Last Saturday, Mr Jones <sup>1</sup> got up late and he <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a big breakfast. Then he <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ shopping. He <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a pizza for lunch and in the afternoon he <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to his mother on the phone for an hour. In the evening he <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ at home and he <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ football on TV. He <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to bed at 10:30 and <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a book until 11:00.

d Complete the sentences about you or your friends. Use the past simple.

- Last weekend, \_\_\_\_\_.
- Yesterday, \_\_\_\_\_.
- This morning, \_\_\_\_\_.
- Last Monday, \_\_\_\_\_.

e Now go back to p.67

## 9A Past simple: negative



She **didn't get** a taxi to the airport.

3.67

	-	
stay	We <b>didn't stay</b>	at a hostel.
finish	They <b>didn't finish</b>	work early.
see	I <b>didn't see</b>	them at the party.
get	She <b>didn't get</b>	a taxi to the airport.

I **didn't see** them. NOT ~~I don't saw them.~~  
We **didn't stay**. NOT ~~We didn't stayed.~~

### Tip

In the negative:

- add **didn't** before the verb
- the verb doesn't change

## 9B Past simple: questions

3.79

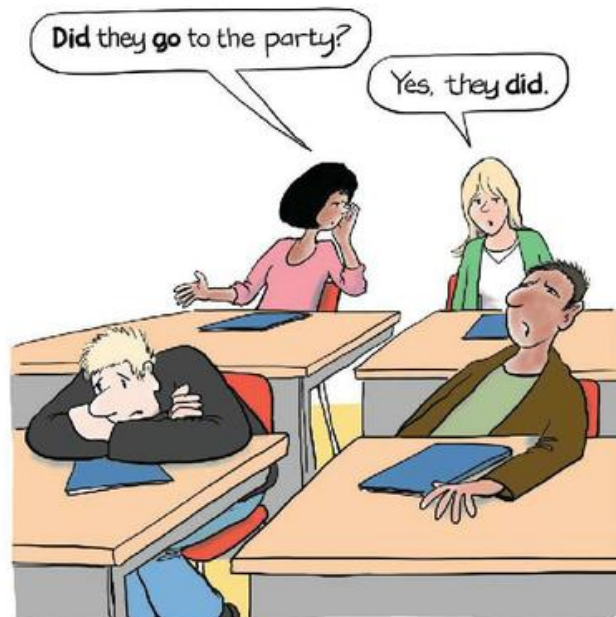
Yes/No questions		Short answers	
Did you	<b>see</b> the film?	Yes, you <b>did</b> .	No, you <b>didn't</b> .
Did she	<b>work</b> in a café?	Yes, she <b>did</b> .	No, she <b>didn't</b> .
Did they	<b>go</b> to the party?	Yes, they <b>did</b> .	No, they <b>didn't</b> .

Did you **work** ... ? NOT ~~Did you worked ... ?~~  
Did she **go** ... ? NOT ~~Did she went ... ?~~  
Yes, she **did**. NOT ~~Yes, she worked.~~  
No, she **didn't**. NOT ~~No, she didn't work.~~

3.80

Wh- questions		
Where	<b>did</b> you	<b>work</b> ?
Where	<b>did</b> she	<b>go</b> ?
When	<b>did</b> they	<b>arrive</b> ?

Where **did** you **work**? NOT ~~Where you worked?~~  
OR ~~Where did you worked?~~  
Where **did** she **go**? NOT ~~Where did she went?~~



## 10A Present continuous: positive

We use the present continuous to talk about now.

4.9

	+
I	I'm <b>writing</b> an email.
you	You're <b>working</b> a lot.
he / she	He's / She's <b>studying</b> .
it	It's <b>raining</b> .
we	We're <b>watching</b> TV.
they	They're <b>eating</b> a big dinner.

I'm **working** hard. NOT ~~I'm working hard.~~ OR ~~I'm work hard.~~  
I'm **having** breakfast. NOT ~~I'm haveing breakfast.~~  
I'm **sitting** in the car. NOT ~~I'm siting in the car.~~



### Tip

I **am writing** an email. → I'm **writing** an email.  
We **are watching** TV. → We're **watching** TV.  
He **is studying**. → He's **studying**.



## 9A Past simple: negative

a Complete the sentences with the past simple negative form of the verb in brackets.

- |   |                                  |
|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 I <u>didn't play</u> football. (play) | 6 I _____ a friend. (visit)      |
| 2 I _____ early. (get up)               | 7 I _____ shopping. (go)         |
| 3 I _____ cereal for breakfast. (have)  | 8 I _____ any photos. (take)     |
| 4 I _____ my phone. (use)               | 9 I _____ to the radio. (listen) |
| 5 I _____ my emails. (read)             |                                  |

b Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the verbs in the box. Make one positive and one negative sentence.

arrive play go (x2) have **get up**



- 1 Last week Jan didn't get up at 6:00. He got up at 7:00.



- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ to work by bus.  
He \_\_\_\_\_ to work by train.



- 3 He \_\_\_\_\_ at work at 9:00.  
He \_\_\_\_\_ at work at 10:00.



- 4 He \_\_\_\_\_ a pizza for lunch.  
He \_\_\_\_\_ spaghetti.



- 5 After work, he \_\_\_\_\_  
basketball. He \_\_\_\_\_ tennis.



- 6 In the evening, he \_\_\_\_\_  
to the cinema. He \_\_\_\_\_ to a  
restaurant.

c Now go back to p.73

## 9B Past simple: questions

a Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- |                                     |                          |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 you go / where did / on holiday ? | 4 you / meet / who did ? |
| 2 see / what did / you ?            | 5 you / what did / eat ? |
| 3 you have / did / a good time ?    | 6 like it / you / did ?  |

b Complete the questions with *did* or *do / does*.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1 Where _____ you go last night?              | 5 What _____ you do after class last week?     |
| 2 _____ you see Jim yesterday?                | 6 What time _____ their lessons usually start? |
| 3 What time _____ he go to work every day?    | 7 What time _____ she start work yesterday?    |
| 4 _____ they go to the cinema every Saturday? | 8 Who _____ you see at the party last night?   |

c Complete the answers to the questions.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1 A Did you go home early?                | B Yes, <u>I</u> <u>did</u> . I left at 4 o'clock. |
| 2 A Did they enjoy their holiday?         | B No, _____. It was boring.                       |
| 3 A Did he watch the football game?       | B No, _____. He was at the cinema.                |
| 4 A Did you go to the supermarket?        | B Yes, _____. We got some bread and cheese.       |
| 5 A Did your sister work in a restaurant? | B No, _____. She worked in a café.                |

d Now go back to p.75

## 10A Present continuous: positive

a Write the *-ing* forms of the verbs.

- 1 eat \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 cook \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 talk \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 listen \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 get \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 have \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 wear \_\_\_\_\_
- 8 go \_\_\_\_\_

b Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

- |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 I (wear) jeans and a T-shirt.       | 5 Lisa and Matt (play) football in the park. |
| 2 We (listen) to Coldplay's new song. | 6 He (watch) a film in the living room.      |
| 3 Lisa (study) in her bedroom.        | 7 Our children (cook) dinner for us.         |
| 4 They (have) dinner at the moment.   | 8 I (write) this email at work.              |

c Now go back to p.81

## 10B Present continuous: negative and questions

4.17

	–
I	<i>I'm not waiting</i> for the bus.
you	You <i>aren't listening</i> !
he / she	She <i>isn't reading</i> a book.
it	It <i>isn't raining</i> .
we	We <i>aren't staying</i> in a hostel.
they	They <i>aren't working</i> .

She *isn't reading*. NOT *She not reading*.  
OR *She isn't read*.



4.18

	Yes/No questions	Short answers
you	<i>Are you waiting</i> for the bus?	Yes, you <i>are</i> . No, you <i>aren't</i> .
he / she	<i>Is she reading</i> a book?	Yes, she <i>is</i> . No, she <i>isn't</i> .
it	<i>Is it raining</i> ?	Yes, it <i>is</i> . No, it <i>isn't</i> .
they	<i>Are they working</i> ?	Yes, they <i>are</i> . No, they <i>aren't</i> .

*Are you waiting?* NOT *You waiting?* *You are waiting?*

4.19

	Wh- questions
you	<i>What are you doing?</i>
he / she	<i>Where is he going?</i>
it	<i>Why is it raining?</i>
they	<i>What are they watching?</i>

*What are you doing?* NOT *What you are doing?*

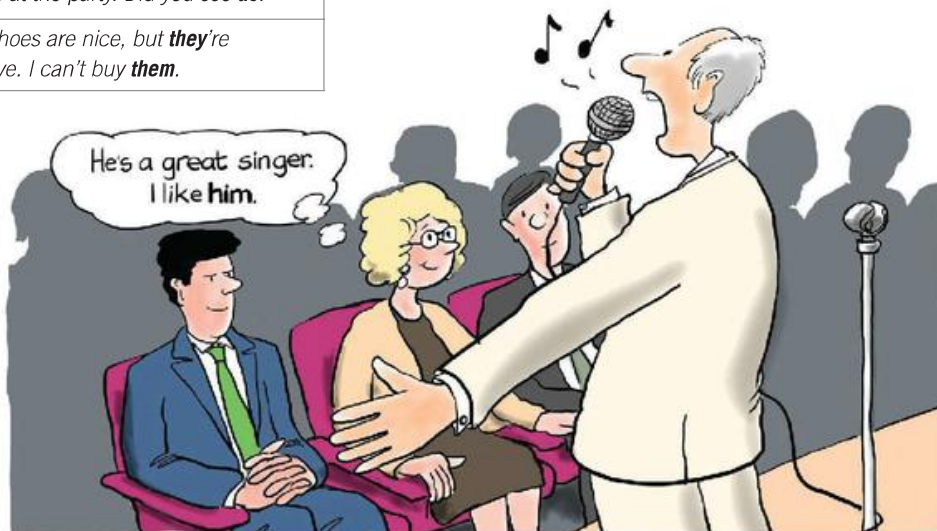
## 11A Object pronouns

Subject pronouns	Object pronouns	4.37
I	me	<i>I talked to Mark last night. He called <b>me</b>.</i>
you	you	<i><b>You</b> were in town yesterday. I saw <b>you</b>.</i>
he	him	<i><b>He's</b> a great singer. I like <b>him</b>.</i>
she	her	<i><b>She</b> lives nearby. I often visit <b>her</b>.</i>
it	it	<i>I live near Henley. <b>It's</b> a nice town. I like <b>it</b>.</i>
we	us	<i><b>We</b> were at the party. Did you see <b>us</b>?</i>
they	them	<i>These shoes are nice, but <b>they're</b> expensive. I can't buy <b>them</b>.</i>

He called **me**. NOT *He called I*.

### Tip

We use *it* and *them* to talk about things and places.  
*It isn't a very interesting book. I don't want to finish **it**.*  
NOT ***She** isn't an interesting book. I don't want to finish **her**.*  
*It's a nice town. I like **it**.*  
NOT ***He's** a nice town. I like **him**.*





## 10B Present continuous: negative and questions

**a** Complete the sentences using the negative form of the present continuous.

- 1 She isn't studying (study). She's watching TV.
- 2 They \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch. They're having breakfast.
- 3 I \_\_\_\_\_ (work). I'm at home.
- 4 He \_\_\_\_\_ (play) football. He's watching the game.
- 5 We \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) in a hotel. We're camping.
- 6 Are you OK? You \_\_\_\_\_ (eat).

**b** Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- 1 wearing / a coat / you / why / are ?
- 2 working / she / is ?
- 3 you / doing / are / what ?
- 4 are / where / going / you ?
- 5 she / is / phoning / who ?
- 6 a computer game / playing / he / is ?

**c** Write two questions to ask your partner about now. Use the present continuous. Ask and answer your questions.

**d** Now go back to p.83

## 11A Object pronouns

**a** Underline the correct words.

- 1 We're waiting at the station. Please come and meet we / us.
- 2 She was in town. We saw her / him there.
- 3 My parents live in London. It / They have a small flat.
- 4 I bought a pizza. Do you want to have it / her for dinner?
- 5 Where are my keys? Do you have they / them in your bag?
- 6 Here's a photo of my new boyfriend. I met it / him last week at a party.

**b** Complete the text with the words in the box.

he she it we me him her us

**c** Write sentences about your favourite things and people. Use pronouns in your sentences.

**d** Now go back to p.89

### JULIE THOMPSON, ACTOR

#### MY FAVOURITE THINGS AND PEOPLE ...

**1 My car**  
It's a very old Volkswagen, but I use  
1 \_\_\_\_\_ every day.

**2 My brother**  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ works in Japan so we don't  
see 3 \_\_\_\_\_ very often, but he always  
stays with 4 \_\_\_\_\_ at New Year.

**3 The singer, Lana del Rey**  
I think 5 \_\_\_\_\_'s a wonderful singer. I  
can listen to 6 \_\_\_\_\_ for hours.

**4 My husband, Paul**  
We got married 30 years ago and  
7 \_\_\_\_\_'re very happy. He always  
listens to 8 \_\_\_\_\_ when I have  
problems.

## 11B can for ability



### Part 1: Positive and negative

We use **can** to talk about things we know how to do.

4.38

+	I / You / He / She / It / We / You / They	<b>can</b>	<b>swim.</b>
-		<b>can't</b>	<b>fly.</b>

I **can swim** well. NOT ~~I can to swim~~ well.  
 She **can swim** well. NOT ~~She cans~~ swim well.  
 He **can't swim** well. NOT ~~He not can~~ swim well.

### Tip

I **cannot** swim. → I **can't** swim.

In all persons (I / you / he / she / it / we / they) **can** / **can't** and the verb don't change.

### Part 2: Questions

4.43

Yes/No questions	+	-
<b>Can you swim?</b>	Yes, you <b>can</b> .	No, you <b>can't</b> .
<b>Can she swim?</b>	Yes, she <b>can</b> .	No, she <b>can't</b> .
<b>Can they swim?</b>	Yes, they <b>can</b> .	No, they <b>can't</b> .

**Can you swim?** NOT ~~You can swim?~~  
 Yes, **I can**. NOT ~~Yes, I swim.~~  
 No, **I can't**. NOT ~~No, I not swim.~~

## 12A going to: positive and negative

### Part 1: Positive

We use **be + going to** to talk about things we plan to do in the future.

4.56

	+		
I	<b>I'm</b>	<b>going to</b>	<b>have</b> a cup of coffee.
you / we / they	<b>You're</b>		<b>go</b> shopping.
he / she / it	<b>She's</b>		<b>have</b> chicken tonight.

I'm **going to have** a bath. NOT ~~I going to have a bath.~~  
 OR ~~I'm going have a bath.~~  
 OR ~~I'm go to have a bath.~~

### Part 2: Negative

4.62

	-		
I	<b>I'm not</b>	<b>going to</b>	<b>go</b> on a holiday.
you / we / they	<b>You aren't</b>		<b>read</b> a book.
he / she / it	<b>She isn't</b>		<b>visit</b> her sister.

We **aren't going to have** a bath.  
 NOT ~~We're going not to have a bath.~~

## 12B going to: questions

4.70

	Yes/No questions	Short answers
I	<b>Am I</b>	<b>see</b> you soon? Yes, I <b>am</b> . No, I'm <b>not</b> .
you / we / they	<b>Are you</b>	<b>go</b> out? Yes, you <b>are</b> . No, you <b>aren't</b> .
he / she / it	<b>Is he</b>	<b>leave</b> home? Yes, he <b>is</b> . No, he <b>isn't</b> .

**Are you going to ... ?** NOT ~~You are going to ... ?~~  
 Yes, I **am**. NOT ~~Yes, I'm going.~~

4.71

	Wh- questions		
I	<b>When</b>	<b>am I</b>	<b>see</b> you?
you / we / they	<b>What</b>	<b>are you</b>	<b>going to</b> <b>do</b> ?
he / she / it	<b>Where</b>	<b>is he</b>	<b>live</b> ?

What **are you going to** do? NOT ~~What you going to do?~~  
 OR ~~What you are going to do?~~





## 11B can for ability

### Part 1: Positive and negative

#### a Complete the sentences with *can* or *can't*.

- I studied Spanish at university for three years.  
I \_\_\_\_\_ speak with Spanish people.
- Her meals are terrible. She \_\_\_\_\_ cook!
- My brother and I don't like the sea or swimming pools.  
We \_\_\_\_\_ swim.
- I went to guitar lessons. Now I \_\_\_\_\_ play some easy songs.
- I don't have a bicycle, but I \_\_\_\_\_ ride one.
- I don't like that band. They \_\_\_\_\_ sing.

#### b Now go back to p.91

### Part 2: Questions

#### a Put the words in the correct order to make questions.

- you ride / can / a horse ?
- well / cook / can he ?
- sing and / can / play the guitar / they ?
- can / draw pictures / she ?
- speak / both Japanese / can you / and Mandarin ?
- he drive / a car and / can / a bus ?

#### b Now go back to p.91

## 12A going to: positive and negative

### Part 1: Positive

#### a Complete the sentences with *going to* and the verb in brackets.

- I'm hungry. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) a sandwich.
- It's very hot. He's \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a swim.
- We're bored. We're \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) a DVD.
- It's very cold today. I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (wear) a coat.
- She's tired. She's \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed.

#### b Now go back to p.96

### Part 2: Negative

#### a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- his homework at / he's going / the weekend / to do
- visit my parents / aren't / next week / we / going to
- going to / Friday night / I'm / party on / have a
- they aren't / to play football / going / on Saturday
- isn't / cook dinner / she / going to / this evening
- to meet / tomorrow evening / we're going / some friends

#### b Complete the conversation with the correct form of *be going to* and the verb in brackets.

- A What are your plans for this evening?  
B I <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) home.  
A That's not very interesting.  
B Maybe not. But I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) a nice dinner.  
A OK, and then maybe watch a DVD?  
B No, I <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / watch) a DVD. I <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (read) a book. And you?  
A Well, I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not / cook) dinner. I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (get) a pizza and then I <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to a party. Would you like to come?  
B No, thanks. I <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a quiet evening.

#### c Now go back to p.97

## 12B going to: questions

#### a Make questions with *be going to*.

- you / see / a film / tonight?  
Are you going to see a film tonight?
- what / you / do / this evening?
- they / go / Italy / next summer?
- when / you / have / lunch?
- how / she / get / the airport?
- when / we / clean / the flat?

#### b Complete the questions with *be going to* and the words in brackets.

- A \_\_\_\_\_ at home tonight? (you / stay)  
B No, we aren't. We're going to go out.
- A What \_\_\_\_\_? (she / buy)  
B A new coat.
- A \_\_\_\_\_ shopping? (you / go)  
B Yes, I am. Do you want to come with me?
- A Who \_\_\_\_\_? (they / invite)  
B Oh, just a few friends. They don't want to have a big party.
- A \_\_\_\_\_ TV? (he / watch)  
B No, he isn't. He's going to work.

#### c Now go back to p.99

# Vocabulary Focus

## 1A Countries

- a** 1.14 Listen and write the countries on the map.

the USA   Brazil   the UK / Britain  
Spain   Mexico   Russia   China   Japan



### Tip

the USA = the United States of America  
the UK = the United Kingdom

- b** 1.14 Listen again and practise saying the countries.

- c** Add the name of your country in English to the list in a. Practise saying it.

- d** Now go back to p.9



## 1B Nationalities

- a** Complete the tables with countries from page 9.

Country	Nationality
	<b>-ian</b>
Australia	Australian
1 _____	Brazilian
Canada	Canadian
Italy	Italian
2 _____	Russian
	<b>-an</b>
3 _____	Mexican
4 _____	American

Country	Nationality
	<b>-ish</b>
Poland	Polish
5 _____	Spanish
Turkey	Turkish
the UK / 6 _____	British
	<b>-ese</b>
7 _____	Chinese
8 _____	Japanese

- b** 1.17 Listen and repeat the countries and nationalities.

- c** Write your nationality.  
I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

- d** Work in pairs.

Student A: say a country.  
Student B: say the nationality.

Then swap roles.

Canada

Canadian

- e** Now go back to p.10



## 2B Common objects 1



a book (books)


a bottle of water  
(bottles of water)


a computer (computers)



a key (keys)


a newspaper  
(newspapers)


a knife (knives)



a phone (phones)



a ticket (tickets)



a watch (watches)



an umbrella (umbrellas)

**a** 1.50 Listen and repeat the objects.

**c** Guess your partner's words.

**b** Write three objects on three pieces of paper.  
Don't show your partner!

a phone

an umbrella

a book

Is it a watch?

No.

Is it a book?

Yes.

**d** Now go back to p.18

## 7A Common objects 2

**a** 3.3 Listen and repeat the objects.



a bag (bags)



a chair (chairs)



a clock (clocks)



a cup (cups)



a football (footballs)



a glass (glasses)



a guitar (guitars)



a lamp (lamps)



a picture (pictures)



a plant (plants)



a plate (plates)



a radio (radios)



a suitcase (suitcases)

**b** Work in groups of three. Cover the pictures and make sentences. Add one more object each time.

At home, I have a guitar.

At home, I have a guitar and ten plates.

**c** Now go back to p.56

At home, I have a guitar, ten plates and three big plants.

## 2A Common adjectives

a  1.47 Listen and repeat the adjectives.



1 small



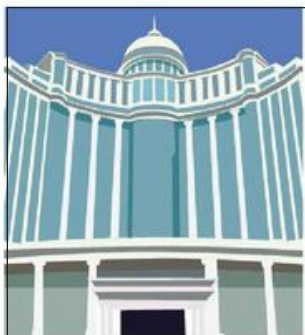
big



2 old



new



3 good



bad



4 happy



sad



5 interesting



boring



6 easy



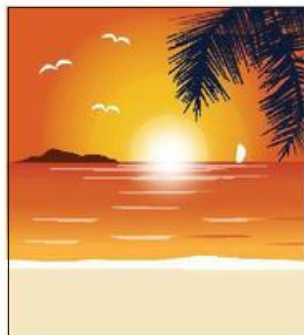
difficult



7 right



wrong



8 beautiful



9 funny

b  Work in pairs.

Student A: say an adjective.  
Student B: say the opposite.


happy

sad

c Complete the sentences with an adjective. There is no correct answer.

- 1 New York is a \_\_\_\_\_ city.
- 2 Harry Potter books are \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 My house is very \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 The English language is \_\_\_\_\_ for me.
- 5 My best friend is \_\_\_\_\_.

 Tell a partner your sentences. Are the adjectives the same?

d  Now go back to p.17

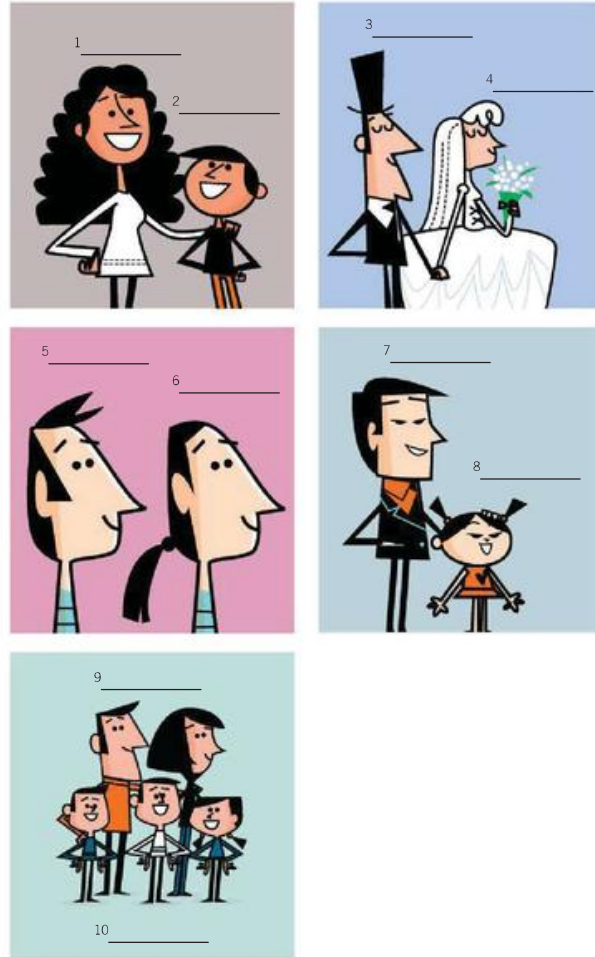



## 4B Family and people

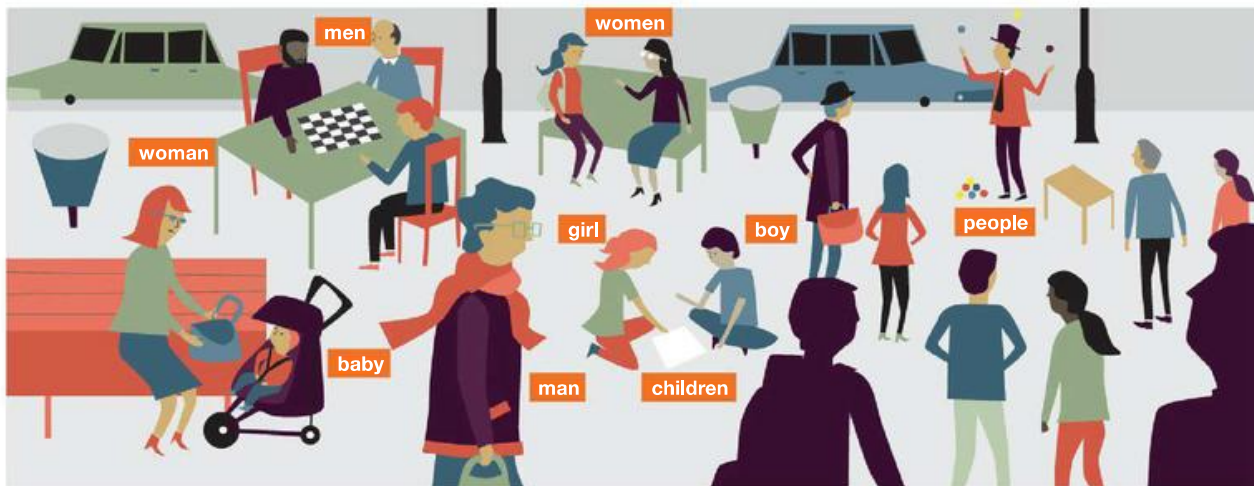
a  2.21 Listen and repeat the words.



b Look at the words in a. Complete 1–10.




c  2.22 Listen and repeat the words.



d Complete the sentences with words from a and c.

- 1 They have three c\_\_\_\_\_, a b\_\_\_\_\_y and two g\_\_\_\_\_s.
- 2 I'm Sue and this is Boris. He's my h\_\_\_\_\_d.
- 3 That w\_\_\_\_\_n is my s\_\_\_\_\_r.
- 4 They have a new b\_\_\_\_\_. It's a g\_\_\_\_\_. Her name's Lucia.
- 5 My yoga class has ten p\_\_\_\_\_: nine w\_\_\_\_\_n and only one m\_\_\_\_\_n!

e  Now go back to p.34

## 4A Common verbs

a  2.14 Listen to the sentences. Repeat the verbs.



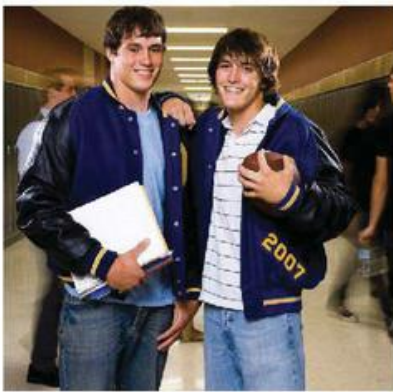
1 We **live** in a big house.



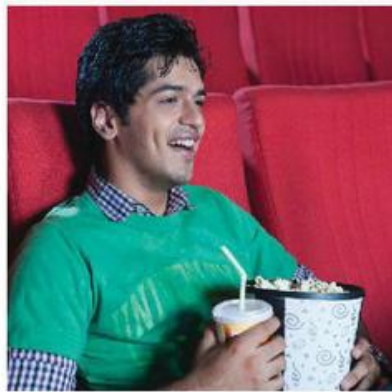
2 I **work** in a factory.



3 I **speak** Spanish.



4 We **study** at school.



5 I **go** to the cinema every weekend.



6 I **teach** young children.



7 We **play** tennis on Saturdays.



8 I **meet** my friends for coffee every day.


b Complete the phrases with verbs in a.

- 1 work in an office / in a bank
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ football / the guitar
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ in a flat / in New York
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_, 5 \_\_\_\_\_ and 6 \_\_\_\_\_ Italian
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_, 8 \_\_\_\_\_ and 9 \_\_\_\_\_ at university
- 10 \_\_\_\_\_ people / a friend
- 11 \_\_\_\_\_ to the gym / home

c Write two sentences about you with phrases in a and b.

I study English. I play football.

 Tell a partner your sentences.

d  Now go back to p.32



## 6B Daily routine

a  2.74 Listen to Danny's daily routine and complete the times.1 Danny **wakes up** at \_\_\_\_\_.2 He **gets up** at \_\_\_\_\_.3 He **has breakfast** at \_\_\_\_\_.4 He **goes to work** at \_\_\_\_\_.5 He **starts work** at \_\_\_\_\_.6 He **has lunch** at \_\_\_\_\_.7 He **finishes work** at \_\_\_\_\_.8 He **gets home** at \_\_\_\_\_.9 He **has dinner** at \_\_\_\_\_.10 He **goes to bed** at \_\_\_\_\_.b  2.75 Listen and repeat the verb phrases.

wake	up
get	

have	a shower
	breakfast
	lunch
	dinner
	coffee

go	to school
	to work
	to bed

start	work
finish	

get	home
arrive	

have breakfast / lunch / dinner NOT ~~have the breakfast~~, ~~have a lunch~~go to work NOT ~~go to the work~~go to bed NOT ~~go in the bed~~

c Read about Misha's daily routine. Then complete the sentences about him with words in a and b.

I sleep from 11:00 to 7:00 every night.  
 In the morning, I get up and have breakfast. I finish at 7:30.  
 It's 30 minutes by bus to go to work.  
 I work from 8:30 until 12:30, then I have lunch for half an hour.  
 Then I work for three hours until I go home.

- 1 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 7:00.
- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 7:30.
- 3 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 8:00.
- 4 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 8:30.
- 5 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 12:30.
- 6 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 4:00.
- 7 He \_\_\_\_\_ at 11:00 in the evening.

d  Now go back to p.50

## 8B Free time activities

**a** **3.50** Listen to five people talk about free time activities. Put their activities in the correct order.

1 go (**past simple: went**)



☐ I went to the cinema.



☐ I went to a party.



☐ I went shopping.



☐ I went to a café.

2 have (**past simple: had**)



☐ I had a pizza.



☐ I had a drink.



☐ I had a coffee.



☐ I had a shower.

3 listen (**past simple: listened**); watch (**past simple: watched**)



☐ I listened to music.



☐ I watched a football match.



☐ I listened to the radio.



☐ I watched a film on TV.

4 read (**past simple: read (/red/)**)



☐ I read a book.



☐ I read a magazine.



☐ I read the newspaper.

5 play (**past simple: played**)



☐ I played the guitar.



☐ I played a computer game.



☐ I played football.

**b** **3.51** Listen and repeat the present and past verbs in a.

**c** Complete the sentences with the correct past simple verb.

- 1 We \_\_\_\_\_ football on TV last night.
- 2 He had breakfast and \_\_\_\_\_ the newspaper.
- 3 I \_\_\_\_\_ to a party last night until 2:00.
- 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ to music on the bus this morning.
- 5 We went to a café and \_\_\_\_\_ a pizza.

**d** Write two true sentences about a free time activity in a.

On Friday, I went to a party.

**e** Read the first part of your sentences in d. Stop at the verb! Your partner guesses the second part of the sentence.

On Friday, I went ...

... to the cinema ... ?

No, try again!

**f** Now go back to p.67



# 11A Life events

a Put the life events in the order you think is correct.



☐ be born  
(past simple: *was born*)



☐ finish university  
(past simple: *finished*)



☐ grow up  
(past simple: *grew up*)



☐ get married  
(past simple: *got*)



☐ go to school  
(past simple: *went*)



☐ have a baby  
(past simple: *had*)



☐ finish school  
(past simple: *finished*)



☐ stop working  
(past simple: *stopped*)



☐ go to university  
(past simple: *went*)



☐ die  
(past simple: *died*)

b 4.33 Listen and repeat the verb phrases in a.

c Complete the sentences with the verbs in brackets.

- I \_\_\_\_\_ (go to) university when I was 18 and I \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) university when I was 24.
- Nelson Mandela \_\_\_\_\_ (be born) in 1918 and he \_\_\_\_\_ (die) in 2013.
- My father \_\_\_\_\_ (stop) working when he was 68.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (get married) when she was 21 and she \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a baby two years later.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) school when I was 16 and I \_\_\_\_\_ (get) a job in a car factory.
- Michelle Obama \_\_\_\_\_ (be born) in 1964 and she \_\_\_\_\_ (grow up) in Chicago.

d 4.34 Look at the answers and complete the questions. Listen and check.

- Q \_\_\_\_\_ go to school? A In Valencia.
- Q \_\_\_\_\_ finish? A In 2012.
- Q \_\_\_\_\_ do after that?  
A I went to Canada.
- Q \_\_\_\_\_ go there?  
A My brother lives there.
- Q \_\_\_\_\_ like it? A Yes, I had a great time.

e Ask and answer the questions in d with a partner. Say answers that are true for you.

f Now go back to p.89

## 11B Abilities

**a**  **4.39** Listen and repeat the verbs.



swim  
(past simple: *swam*)



cook  
(past simple: *cooked*)



paint  
(past simple: *ainted*)



sing  
(past simple: *sang*)



dance  
(past simple: *danced*)



drive a car  
(past simple: *drove*)



play volleyball



play cards  
(past simple: *played*)



ride a horse



ride a bike  
(past simple: *rode*)



run  
(past simple: *ran*)

**b**  **4.40** Complete the phrases with verbs in a. Listen and check.



1 \_\_\_\_\_ a picture



2 \_\_\_\_\_ a motorbike



3 \_\_\_\_\_ a song



4 \_\_\_\_\_ dinner



5 \_\_\_\_\_ basketball



6 \_\_\_\_\_ to work

**c** Write four sentences about what you did:

- yesterday
- last night
- last weekend
- last Monday

Yesterday I drove my car to work.  
I danced at a party last weekend.

 Tell a partner your sentences.

Last night ...

**d**  Now go back to p.91



## 12B Common verbs and collocations

**a** 4.65 Listen and repeat the verbs and their past forms.

**make** (past simple: *made*)



make a cake

**go** (past simple: *went*)



go to the beach

**clean** (past simple: *cleaned*)



clean a room / your flat

**visit** (past simple: *visited*)



visit a friend



visit a museum



visit London

**invite** (past simple: *invited*)



invite someone to a party



invite someone for a meal

**use** (past simple: *used*)



use a computer



use the Internet

**do** (past simple: *did*)



do sport



do yoga



do your homework



do the cleaning



do the washing

**b** Underline the correct words.

- 1 He's 85 kilos. He eats a lot and he never *does* / *makes* sport.
- 2 It's my birthday next week. I'm going to *visit* / *invite* some friends to my flat for a meal.
- 3 She's going to *paint* / *draw* the walls of her room dark green. Don't ask me why!
- 4 We were in Moscow and we *visited* / *went* Red Square.
- 5 I'm going to *do* / *make* some coffee.
- 6 A woman comes on Wednesday. She *does* / *makes* all the cleaning and washing for us.
- 7 Excuse me, can I *clean* / *use* your phone? I need to call my sister.

**c** Write three sentences with the phrases in a.

I'm going to clean my bedroom tomorrow.

Tell a partner your sentences.

**d** Now go back to p.99

### 3A Food 1

a  1.75 Listen and repeat the words.



fruit



vegetables



meat



fish



eggs



bread



rice

b  Talk to a partner. What food is in the pictures?



c Match pictures 1–6 with the words in the box.

coffee   cola   fruit juice   milk   tea   water



d  1.76 Listen and check your answers in c. Practise saying the words.




e  Talk to your partner. Which drinks are in the pictures?




I think it's tea.

Maybe it's fruit juice.

f  Now go back to p.24

## 3B Food 2

a  1.82 Listen and repeat the words.



breakfast




lunch



dinner

*I have breakfast at 7:30. NOT ~~I have a breakfast~~ at 7:30.  
She has lunch at 12:30. NOT ~~She has a lunch~~ at 12:30.  
We have dinner at 7:00. NOT ~~We have a dinner~~ at 7:00.*


b  1.83 Match the words in the box with pictures 1–12. Listen and check your answers. Then listen and repeat.

orange sandwich butter biscuit banana pizza potato tomato apple ice cream cheese cake



c  Which food in b do you eat for ... ?

• breakfast • lunch • dinner

d  Now go back to p.27

## 8A Past time expressions

a 3.34 Listen and repeat the days of the week.

b Complete the sentences.

- 1 Today is \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 Yesterday was \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 My favourite day is \_\_\_\_\_, because \_\_\_\_\_.

Tell a partner your answer in 3.

My favourite day is ...



c 3.35 Listen and repeat the past time expressions.



yesterday



a year ago



at the weekend



two days ago or on Monday



last night



this morning

d 3.36 Complete the table with words in the box. Listen and check.

ago last on this

1 _____	night Sunday month
a week two months ten years	2 _____
3 _____	morning afternoon
4 _____	Monday Friday

two months ago NOT ~~before two months ago~~  
on Monday NOT ~~at Monday~~

e Complete the sentences with words from c and d.

- 1 I was in Warsaw \_\_\_\_\_ the weekend.
- 2 They were at the World Cup \_\_\_\_\_ year ago.
- 3 Were you at home \_\_\_\_\_ morning?
- 4 I was at a meeting two days \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 We were at work \_\_\_\_\_ Friday.
- 6 He was at his friend's house \_\_\_\_\_ night.

f Now go back to p.65



## 9B The seasons and the weather

a 3.72 Listen and repeat the seasons.



spring



summer



autumn



winter

b Look at weather pictures 1–5 below. Which season do you think it is in each picture?

c 3.73 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Listen and check.

windy sunny snowy rainy cloudy



- 1 It often  **rains**  in England. (verb)  
There's a lot of  **rain**  in England. (noun)  
It's often \_\_\_\_\_ in England. (adjective)



- 2 It often  **snows**  in Antarctica. (verb)  
There's always  **snow**  in Antarctica. (noun)  
It's always \_\_\_\_\_ in Antarctica. (adjective)



- 3 There's a lot of  **wind**  in my town. (noun)  
It's often \_\_\_\_\_ in my town. (adjective)



- 4 It's very  **sunny**  and  **hot**  today. (adjectives)  
It was \_\_\_\_\_ and  **warm**  yesterday. (adjectives)



- 5 There are a lot of  **clouds**  today. (noun)  
It's \_\_\_\_\_ and  **cold**  today. (adjectives)

d Underline the correct words.

- Do you like hot and *sun* / *sunny* weather?
- Is the weather *cloudy* / *cloud* today?
- Is winter cold and *snow* / *snowy* in your country?
- Is summer hot and *sunny* / *sun* in your country?
- Does it *rainy* / *rain* in autumn in your country?

e Ask and answer the questions in d with a partner.

f Now go back to p.75

## 2B Numbers 1

a 1.57 Listen and repeat the numbers.

**1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10**  
one two three four five six seven eight nine ten

**11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19**  
eleven twelve thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen seventeen eighteen nineteen  
*thirteen NOT threeteen, fifteen NOT fiveteen*

**20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90**  
twenty thirty forty fifty sixty seventy eighty ninety  
*thirty NOT threety, forty NOT fourty, fifty NOT fivety*

b 1.58 Listen to a–g. Underline the number you hear.

- a 13 / 30      c 15 / 50      e 17 / 70      g 19 / 90  
b 14 / 40      d 16 / 60      f 18 / 80

c Now go back to p.19

## 3B Time

a 1.86 Match the clocks with the times in the box.  
Listen and check.

two o'clock    twenty past two    (a) quarter past two  
half past two    (a) quarter to two    twenty to two

b 1.86 Listen again and repeat the times.

c Complete the sentences.

- 1 My English class is at \_\_\_\_\_.  
2 My favourite TV programme is at \_\_\_\_\_.  
3 My school / job starts at \_\_\_\_\_.

Tell a partner your sentences.



d Now go back to p.27

## 4B Numbers 2

a 2.25 Listen and repeat the numbers.

**21 34 42 57 63 79 85 99 100**  
twenty-one thirty-four forty-two fifty-seven sixty-three seventy-nine eighty-five ninety-nine a hundred  
*thirty-four NOT thirty-and-four OR four-and-thirty*

b Work with a partner.

Student A: say a number in the box.  
Student B: say the next two numbers.

52 41 29 68 98 36 82 75 59

c Now go back to p.35

fifty-two

fifty-three, fifty-four



## 12A Months and future time expressions

a 4.57 Listen and repeat the months.

- 1 December, January, February      3 June, July, August
- 2 March, April, May                      4 September, October, November

b Which seasons are 1–4 in a in your country?

c 4.58 Listen and repeat the time expressions.



tomorrow



on Monday



this Friday



at the weekend



next Tuesday



in two weeks

d Complete groups 1–4 with words and phrases in the box. Some of them can go in more than one group.

Thursday    three months    June    winter    year    the winter

- 1 **on** Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday ...
- 2 **this** afternoon, Monday, week, March, month, summer ...
- 3 **in** March, the summer, two weeks ...
- 4 **next** Monday, week, March, month, summer ...

e Complete the sentences with a time expression.

- 1 I'm going to have (*meal*) \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 I'm going to go on holiday \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 I'm going to visit a friend \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 I'm going to buy a new (*object*) \_\_\_\_\_.

Tell a partner your sentences.

I'm going to visit a friend tomorrow.

## Ordinal numbers

a 4.59 Listen and repeat the ordinal numbers.



b Work with a partner.

Student A: say a number.

Student B: say the ordinal number.

fifteen

fifteenth

c Now go back to p.97

## 5A Places in a town

a  2.41 Listen and repeat the places.



station



supermarket



school



hotel



hospital



cinema



restaurant



bank



shop



café



swimming pool




park



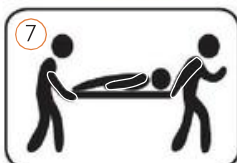
museum



beach

b  Talk to your partner. Where are these signs?


I think 1 is at a swimming pool, or maybe a beach.



c  Now go back to p.41



## 5B Hotels

a  2.48 Listen and repeat the words.



bath



room



bed



pillow



shower



wi-fi



blanket



car park



TV




towel

There's wi-fi in the room. NOT ~~There's a wi-fi in the room.~~ OR ~~There are wi-fi in the room.~~

b  Which word is different in each group? Compare your answers with your partner.

- |          |         |        |            |       |         |
|----------|---------|--------|------------|-------|---------|
| 1 shower | pillow  | bath   | 4 car park | towel | blanket |
| 2 TV     | wi-fi   | room   | 5 bed      | room  | bath    |
| 3 shower | blanket | pillow |            |       |         |

c  Now go back to p.42

## 10B Place phrases with prepositions

a  4.10 Listen and repeat the phrases.



in the car



in a taxi



in a restaurant



in a café



in a hotel



in bed



at the station



at the airport



at the bus stop



at the cinema



at a party



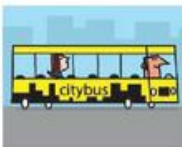
at home



at work



at school



on a bus



on a train




on a plane



on holiday


b Correct the phrases with prepositions.

- It's 10:00, but he's still at the bed.
- I'm waiting for the plane on the airport.
- I can't talk now. I'm on the car. I'm driving home.
- Are you in home or are you at the work?
- I'm having a coffee on a café.
- John isn't here. He's still in the holiday.

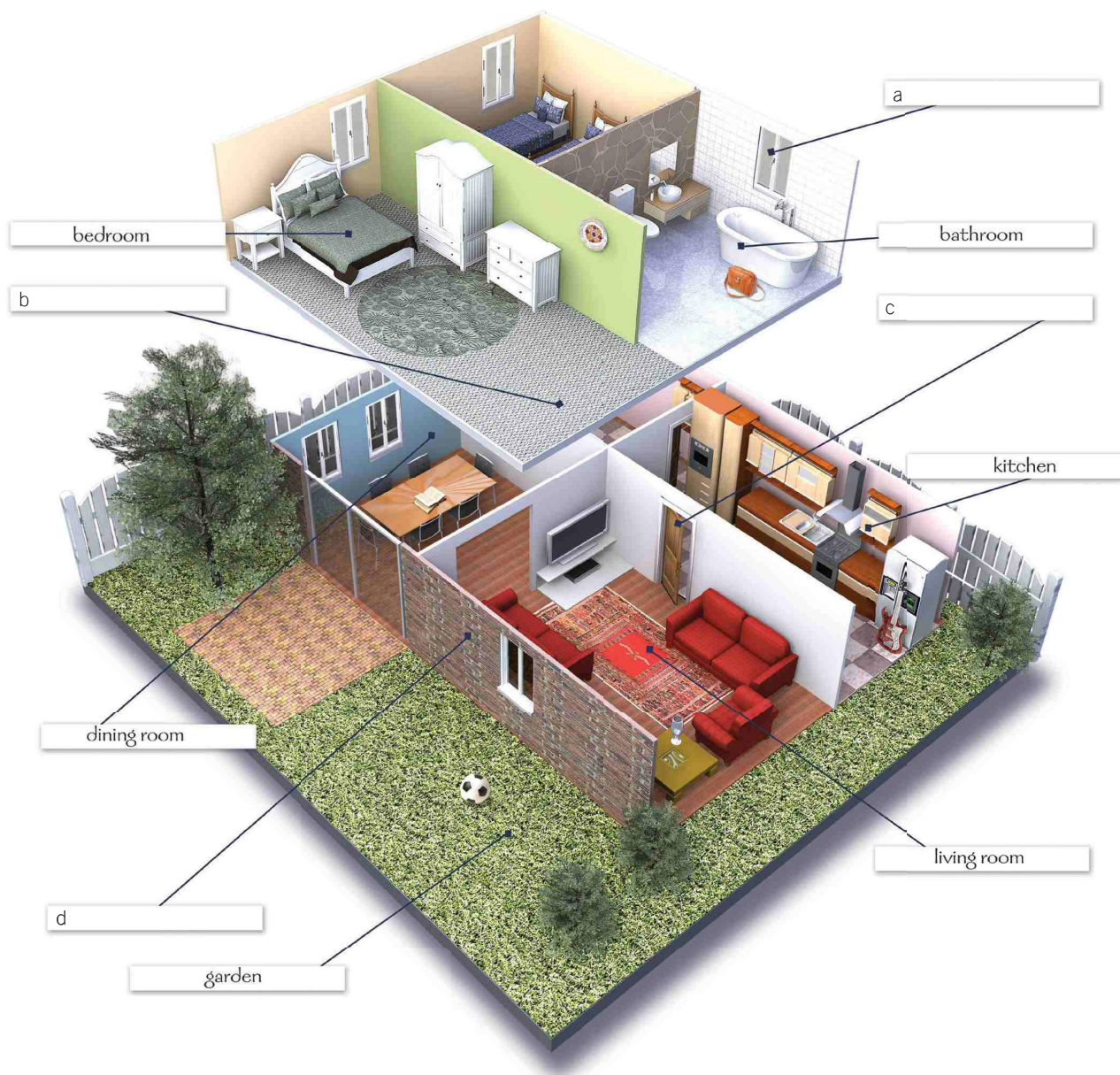
c  Think about people you know. Where are they now?

I think my sister is on a plane.

My husband is at work.

d  Now go back to p.82

## 10A The home



**a** Look at the picture. Where are objects 1–6?  
Ask and answer questions with a partner.

- |             |                |              |
|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1 the glass | 3 the book     | 5 the guitar |
| 2 the bag   | 4 the football | 6 the plate  |

Where's the glass?

It's in the living room.

**b** Match the words in the box with a–d in the picture. Listen and check.

wall window floor door

**c** Complete the sentences with the correct words.

- My family has dinner in the d\_\_\_\_\_ r\_\_\_\_\_ every evening.
- We have a small g\_\_\_\_\_ behind our house. We often sit there on summer evenings.
- My bedroom has a large w\_\_\_\_\_ and I can see the mountains.
- I don't need a chair – I can sit on the f\_\_\_\_\_.
- There are lots of pictures on the w\_\_\_\_\_ in the dining room.
- After dinner I like to read in the l\_\_\_\_\_ r\_\_\_\_\_.
- My brother is always in the b\_\_\_\_\_ – he likes long showers.
- There are two d\_\_\_\_\_s in the dining room – one goes to the kitchen, the other to the living room.

**d** Now go back to p.80



# 6A Jobs

**a** 2.69 Listen and repeat the jobs.



football player



student



receptionist



waiter / waitress



taxi driver



factory worker



bank worker



shop assistant



businessman / businesswoman



chef



office worker



IT worker



teacher



doctor

**b** Cover the words and pictures in a. Correct the spelling in each job. Then check your answers.

- |                  |                   |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1 student        | 6 football player |
| 2 waitress       | 7 receptionist    |
| 3 factory worker | 8 bank worker     |
| 4 shop assistant | 9 office worker   |
| 5 taxi driver    |                   |

**c** Do you know people who do the jobs in a? Tell your partner.

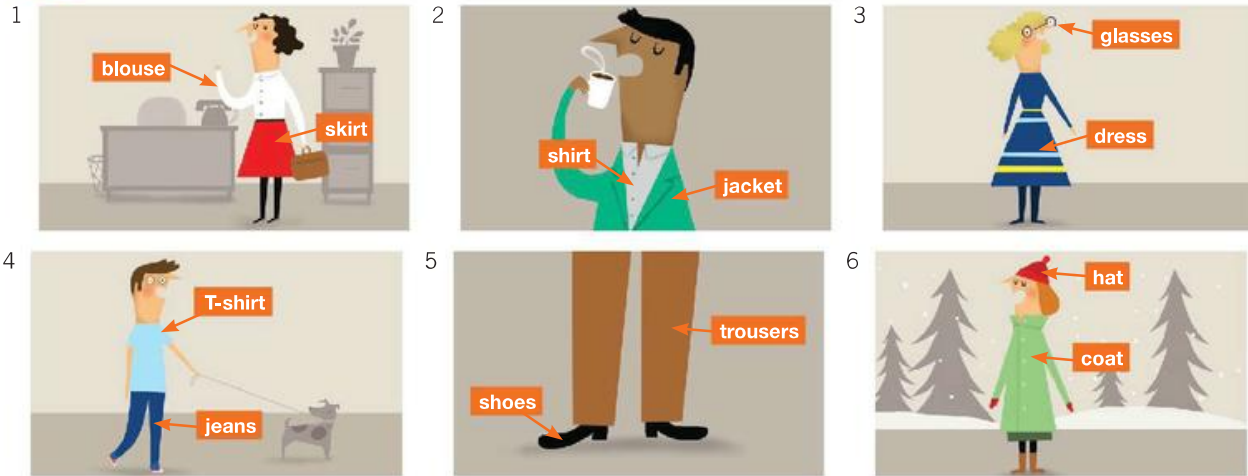
My father is a taxi driver.

My friend, Kumiko, is a chef.

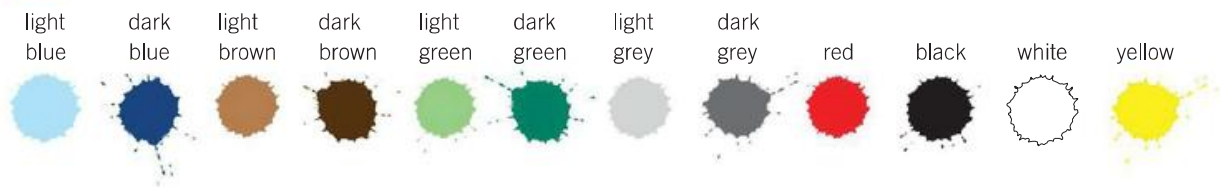
**d** Now go back to p.49

## 7B Clothes and colours

a  3.15 Listen and repeat the clothes.



b  3.16 Listen and repeat the colours.



c What do the people usually wear? Write sentences.



1 Enrico usually wears a dark grey jacket and a light blue shirt.



2 \_\_\_\_\_



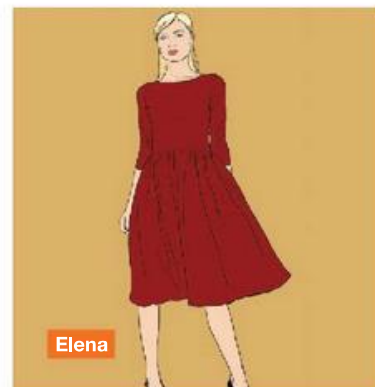
3 \_\_\_\_\_



4 \_\_\_\_\_



5 \_\_\_\_\_



6 \_\_\_\_\_

d  Now go back to p.59



# 9A Transport

a 3.62 Listen and repeat the words.



b Cover the transport pictures in a. What do these signs show?



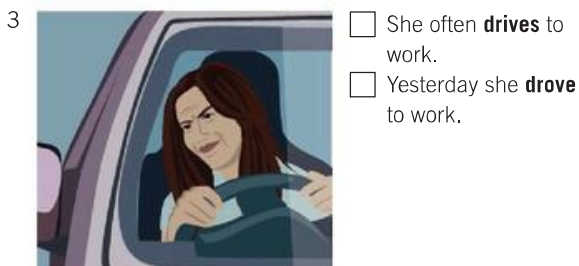
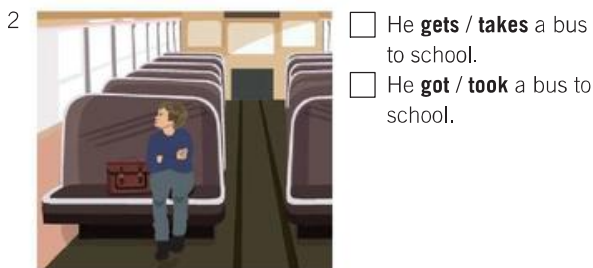
c Which kind of transport do you prefer? Why?

d Notice how we use *go by*, *get* and *take* with different kinds of transport.

go by	bus train plane	get take	a bus a train a taxi
-------	-----------------------	-------------	----------------------------

*go by bus* NOT ~~*go with bus*~~, ~~*go by the bus*~~  
*get a bus* NOT ~~*get bus*~~

e 3.63 Listen to sentences 1–5. Tick (✓) the sentence you hear. Is it past or present?



f Think of three places you went to in the last year. Write how you went there.

I went to a friend's house by bike yesterday.

I flew to Turkey last summer.

Tell a partner your sentences.

g Now go back to p.72

## 1C Capital letters and full stops

- a** Look at the sentence. Read the information about capital letters and full stops.

My name's Sophia Taylor.

### Capital letters

We use capital letters (A, B, C, D ...):

- for names (*Sophia Taylor, Olga Vasin, Maria González*)
- names of places (*Toronto, Canada, High Street*)
- for nationalities (*Italian, British, Chinese*)
- at the beginning of a sentence (*My name's ...*)

### Full stops

. = full stop

We usually use full stops at the end of sentences.

My name's Sophia Taylor.

- c** Add capital letters and full stops to each sentence.

- T  
they're married.  
1 we're from brazil  
2 he's a student  
3 this is ruben  
4 i'm in a class with amy lee  
5 my name is sandro  
6 their flat is in mexico city it's small

- d** Now go back to p.13

- b** Write the capital letters.

- |       |     |
|-------|-----|
| 1 a A | 6 h |
| 2 b   | 7 q |
| 3 d   | 8 r |
| 4 e   | 9 t |
| 5 g   |     |

## 2C The alphabet and spelling

### Part 1: The alphabet

- a** 1.64 Listen to how we say the letters of the alphabet.

/eɪ/ (day)	/iː/ (we)	/e/ (ten)	/aɪ/ (hi)	/əʊ/ (no)	/uː/ (you)	/ɑː/ (car)
Aa /eɪ/	Bb /biː/	Ff /ef/	li /aɪ/	Oo /əʊ/	Qq /kjuː/	Rr /ɑː/
Hh /eɪtʃ/	Cc /siː/	Ll /el/	Yy /waɪ/		Uu /juː/	
Jj /dʒeɪ/	Dd /diː/	Mm /em/			Ww /dʌbəljuː/	
Kk /keɪ/	Ee /iː/	Nn /en/			('double u')	
	Gg /dʒiː/	Ss /es/				
	Pp /piː/	Xx /eks/				
	Tt /tiː/	Zz /zed/				
	Vv /viː/					

- b** Add the letters to the group with similar sounds. Say the letters.

R H Q O Z Y C F

- |                                |                           |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 (you) U, Q, W                | 5 (ten) N, L, __, M, S, X |
| 2 (day) J, __, A, K            | 6 (car) __                |
| 3 (hi) I, __                   | 7 (no) __                 |
| 4 (we) T, __, B, D, E, G, P, V |                           |

- c** Now go back to p.20

### Part 2: Spelling

Some words in English have double letters in their written form.

*vill*age

Other words in English have letters in their written form that might seem different from what you hear.

*city* /sɪti/

- d** 1.68 Correct the spelling. Listen and check. Then practise spelling the words.

- |            |              |         |
|------------|--------------|---------|
| 1 adress   | 5 smal       | 9 rong  |
| 2 vilage   | 6 difficult  | 10 nife |
| 3 umbrella | 7 intresting |         |
| 4 hapy     | 8 rite       |         |

- e** Now go back to p.21



### 3C Contractions

**a** Look at the sentences and read about contractions.

**I'm** in a café with Sophia. **She's** my new friend at work.

*I'm (contraction) = I am      She's (contraction) = She is*  
We use contractions in speaking and writing, usually in informal situations.

**be: positive and negative**

+		–	
Full form	Contraction	Full form	Contraction
<i>I am</i>	<i>I'm</i>	<i>I am not</i>	<i>I'm not</i>
<i>you are</i>	<i>you're</i>	<i>you are not</i>	<i>you aren't</i>
<i>we are</i>	<i>we're</i>	<i>we are not</i>	<i>we aren't</i>
<i>he is</i>	<i>he's</i>	<i>he is not</i>	<i>he isn't</i>
<i>she is</i>	<i>she's</i>	<i>she is not</i>	<i>she isn't</i>
<i>it is</i>	<i>it's</i>	<i>it is not</i>	<i>it isn't</i>
<i>they are</i>	<i>they're</i>	<i>they are not</i>	<i>they aren't</i>

*It is* a pizza. → *It's* a pizza.

**Present simple: negative**

Full form	Contraction
<i>I / you / we do not</i>	<i>I / you / we don't</i>

*I do not* eat fish. → *I don't* eat fish.

**b** Match the contractions in the box with 1–8.

aren't isn't don't I'm you're she's they're we're

- |                 |                  |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1 you are _____ | 5 they are _____ |
| 2 she is _____  | 6 are not _____  |
| 3 I am _____    | 7 we are _____   |
| 4 do not _____  | 8 is not _____   |

**c** Add the words in brackets to each sentence. Use contractions.

- \_\_\_\_\_ from Sweden. (He is)
- \_\_\_\_\_ tomatoes. (They are)
- It \_\_\_\_\_ five o'clock. (is not)
- I \_\_\_\_\_ have a big meal in the evening. (do not)
- You \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher. (are not)
- \_\_\_\_\_ OK. (I am)
- We \_\_\_\_\_ eat meat. (do not)
- \_\_\_\_\_ Spanish. (I am not)

**d** Now go back to p.29. Try to use contractions in your text message.

### 4C Word order

**a** Look at the examples and the word order.

**Word order**

• **subject + verb**

*I work.*

*You don't work.*

• **subject + verb + object**

*Clara and Lisa don't have a brother.*

*They speak French.*

• **subject + verb + preposition + noun**

*My daughters study at university.*

*They don't live in a flat.*

• **subject + verb + object + preposition + noun**

*I don't have a phone in my bag.*

*I like milk in my coffee.*

We can use *here* or *there* after a verb.

*I live **there**.*

*You don't work **here**.*

**b** Tick (✓) the correct sentences.

- a ☐ Tennis we play.

b ☐ We play tennis.
- a ☐ I don't teach children.

b ☐ Don't teach children I.
- a ☐ They there don't study.

b ☐ They don't study there.
- a ☐ My sister in Japan lives.

b ☐ My sister lives in Japan.
- a ☐ These are my friends.

b ☐ These my friends are.
- a ☐ I have a flat in New York.

b ☐ I in New York have a flat.

**c** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences. Remember to use capital letters and full stops.

- don't speak / they / German
- there / have coffee / you
- we / in a factory / don't work
- teaches / at the university / my dad / Italian
- the computer / I / at the office / don't like
- have / in New Zealand / a nice house / they

**d** Now go back to p.37

## 5C and and but

### a Look at the sentences and read about *and* and *but*.

The flat is near my office **and** there's a beautiful park in the next street.  
There isn't a supermarket near me, **but** there's a shop in the next street.

😊	<i>and</i>	😊
<i>It's big</i>	<i>and</i>	<i>it's near my office.</i>

😞	<i>and</i>	😞
<i>There isn't a supermarket</i>	<i>and</i>	<i>it isn't near my office.</i>

😞	<i>but</i>	😊
<i>There isn't a supermarket</i>	<i>but</i>	<i>there's a shop in the next street.</i>

😊	<i>but</i>	😞
<i>There's a shop in the next street,</i>	<i>but</i>	<i>there isn't a supermarket.</i>

### b Underline the correct words.

- I love London, but it's very *expensive* / *nice*.
- The hotel has free wi-fi and *there's* / *it doesn't have* a TV in every room.
- Ghadames is a very hot city, but *the old houses are always cool* / *it's sometimes 55°C*.
- There are lots of expensive hotels, but *there are lots of* / *there aren't any* cheap hostels.
- There are lots of good books in the bookshop and *they are very boring* / *the shop assistants are very friendly*.
- The Maris Hotel is beautiful and *it's near the sea* / *the restaurant isn't very good*.

### c Add *and* or *but* to each sentence.

- I live in Spain, \_\_\_\_\_ I don't speak Spanish.
- The food is good, \_\_\_\_\_ it's very expensive!
- Their house is nice \_\_\_\_\_ it's near the station.
- This hotel room is small \_\_\_\_\_ the shower is cold.
- The city has a good university \_\_\_\_\_ I'd like to study there.
- There isn't a supermarket here, \_\_\_\_\_ there is a market in the next street.

### d 📌 Now go back to p.45. Try to use *and* and *but* in your writing.

## 6C because and also

### a Look at the sentences and read about *because* and *also*.

I walk to work every day **because** my flat is near the office.  
We go out to a café for coffee every day. We **also** have lunch there.

We use *because* and *also* to join ideas.

- Because* joins two ideas in one sentence. We use *because* to give a reason. It answers the question *Why?*

Why do you like your job?

It's interesting.

I like my job **because** it's interesting.

He sleeps in the morning **because** he works at night.

- Also* joins two ideas in two sentences. It means *and*.  
He plays football and tennis. He plays rugby.  
He plays football and tennis. He **also** plays rugby. (= He plays football, tennis and rugby.)
- We use *also* before the verb:  
He sleeps in the morning. He **also** sleeps in the afternoon.
- We use *also* after *be*:  
I'm a doctor. I'm **also** a teacher.

### b Underline the correct answers.

- She plays sport *also she teaches sport* / *. She also teaches sport*.
- I feel good in the morning *because I sleep for seven hours at night* / *. Because I sleep for seven hours at night*.
- I speak English. I also speak Italian *because my parents Italian* / *are Italian*.
- Michael works at night. His wife *also works* / *works also* at night.
- We always eat at home *because like* / *we like* cooking.
- He's a student. He *also is* / *'s also* a waiter.

### c Use *because* and *also* to join the ideas.

I want to go shopping. I need some cups. (because)

I want to go shopping *because* I need some cups.

She teaches English at the school. She teaches French. (also)  
She teaches English at the school. *She also teaches* French.

- I don't like my job. It's boring. (because)
- She doesn't have breakfast. She isn't hungry in the morning. (because)
- I need to make lunch. I need to go to the supermarket. (also)
- The children are nice. They're very funny. (also)

### d 📌 Now go back to p.53. Try to use *because* and *also* in your writing.



## 7C Commas, exclamation marks and question marks

- a** Look at the sentences and read about commas, exclamation marks and question marks.

*Chairs, lamps, small tables, a big bed – all in good condition.*

*Not expensive!*

*How much are they?*

, = comma    ! = exclamation mark    ? = question mark

### Commas

- We use commas in lists of nouns (things or people).  
*Books for learning English – dictionaries, grammar books, coursebooks*
- We often finish a list with *and* + noun. We don't use a comma before *and* in lists.  
*I need a chair, a bed and a lamp.*

### Exclamation marks

- We use exclamation marks to mean *Look at this* or *This is important*.  
*Not expensive!*

### Question marks

- We use question marks at the end of questions.  
*How much are they?*

- b** Add commas to each list.

- For sale: old books newspapers magazines.
- I love old cups plates and glasses.
- She's wearing black trousers a white shirt a grey jacket and black shoes.
- They sell radios clocks pictures lamps tables chairs ...
- For sale: coats jackets hats shoes shirts dresses ...
- We need bread milk cheese and apples.

- c** Add a question mark (?) or an exclamation mark (!) to each sentence.

- How old are these things
- Thank you
- Write soon
- New bookshop
- Can I pay by credit card
- How much are they

- d** Now go back to p.61. Try to use commas, exclamation marks and question marks in your email.

## 8C Writing short emails, letters and notes

- a** Look at the note and read about writing short emails, letters and notes.

Dear Megan,

This is a card to say thank you for your help on Saturday. It was fun to go shopping with you and you helped me find some good shops. I hope we can go shopping again some time soon.

Best wishes,  
Sophia

We start emails, letters and notes like this:

- Dear* (name),
- Hi* (name),

In the main part, we use phrases like:

- This is a note to say ...*
- Thanks for your email / letter / note.*
- Thank you for ...*
- Here is / are ...*
- I was ...*
- It was ...*
- I hope ...*

We often use the past simple, e.g. *You helped me find some good shops. I stayed at home. I went into town.*

We finish emails, letters and notes like this:

- Best wishes,*  
(name)
- See you soon,*  
(name)

- b** Put a–e in the correct order to make a note.

- The food was great and it was good to talk! I went home and watched a film in the afternoon.
- I hope we can go to the concert on Friday.
- Hi Suzy,
- See you soon,  
Matt
- This is a note to say thank you very much for lunch yesterday.

- c** Complete the email with the words and phrases in the box.

hope wishes sorry It was Here are Dear talked

1 \_\_\_\_\_ Allie,  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ some photos of the party on Saturday night. I'm 3 \_\_\_\_\_ I was late!  
4 \_\_\_\_\_ good to meet your friends. I  
5 \_\_\_\_\_ to Debbie and Nasim – they're really nice!  
I 6 \_\_\_\_\_ we can meet for coffee next week.  
Best 7 \_\_\_\_\_,  
Kirsty

- d** Now go back to p.69

## 9C Making the order clear

- a** Look at part of Sophia's online post and read about making the order clear with *first*, *next*, *then*.

**First**, we went for a walk by the river. It was beautiful.

**Next**, we went to a small museum and had lunch.

**Then**, we went shopping and I saw a lovely clock.

When we write about events in the past, it's good to make the order clear. We use phrases like:

- *First*, ...  
**First**, we flew to Berlin.
- *Then*, ... *Next*, ... *After that*, ...  
**After that**, we took a bus to Claudia's village.  
**Then**, we went shopping.

We usually use *Next* for the middle event, not the last event.

*First*, we went to the zoo. **Next**, we had lunch. *Then*, we went shopping.

- b** Underline the correct words.

The weather was very bad! <sup>1</sup>*Then*, / *First*, it rained. <sup>2</sup>*First*, / *Next*, it was very windy. <sup>3</sup>*Then*, / *After*, it snowed!

<sup>4</sup>*First*, / *Next*, we camped in Anton's garden.

<sup>5</sup>*After*, / *After that*, we stayed in a hotel.

Last summer I went to the UK with Sasha and Yuri.

<sup>6</sup>*First*, / *Then*, we went to London. It was great. <sup>7</sup>*Next*, / *First*, we went to Scotland for three days. <sup>8</sup>*After this*, / *After that*, we stayed with Yuri's family in Cambridge.

- c** Add the words and phrases in brackets in the correct place to make the order clear.

We visited Emma's family in the country. We went to the city. (*then*, *first*,)

*First*, we visited Emma's family in the country. *Then*, we went to the city.

1 I went to a café. I went to the park. (*first*, *after that*,)

2 It was sunny and warm. It was sunny and cold. (*then*, *first*,)

3 We went to a restaurant. We saw a film. We went home. (*next*, *first*, *then*,)

4 I finished work. I went for a walk by the river. I met Terry at the station. (*first*, *after that*, *next*,)

- d** Now go back to p.77. Try to make the order clear in your online post.

## 10C Word order in questions

- a** Look at part of Amelia's message to Megan and read about word order in questions.

*First, where do I find a taxi at the station? And how much is it from the station to the hotel?*

Yes/No questions		
Do	they	have a garden?
Did	Eduardo	visit you?
Can	you	call me, please?
Is	she	working?

Wh- questions			
How many rooms	does	your house	have?
Where	do	I	find a taxi?
When	did	the train	leave?
What	is	Selma	doing?

Questions with *be* are different.

Yes/No questions with <i>be</i>	
Is	Mimi's flat big?
Were	you at work today?

### Wh- questions with *be*

Where	was	your phone?
How much	is	it from the station to the hotel?

- b** Underline the correct words.

1 Where *are you* / *you are* going?

2 Who *is that* / *that is*?

3 *Did you use* / *You did use* your phone on the plane?

4 *You can* / *Can you* help me?

5 How many taxis *there were* / *were there*?

6 What film *is your sister watching* / *is watching your sister*?

7 *There is* / *Is there* a garden?

8 How *you do often* / *often do you* watch TV?

- c** Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Add capital letters and question marks.

there / at the station / a café / is

Is there a café at the station?

1 where / the bus stop / is

2 do / when / start / work / you

3 you / the tickets / buy / did

4 some bread / you / buy / can

5 doing / what / you / are

6 the film / is / what time

- d** Now go back to p.85



## 11C Pronouns

- a** Look at part of Sophia's email to Lisa and read about subject and object pronouns.

... I work in an office with a girl called Megan. She's from London and she's very friendly. ... I also know her cousin James. He's very kind. I often see them at the weekend.

We use subject and object pronouns so that we don't repeat nouns and names.

I work in an office with a girl called Megan. She's from London and she's very friendly.

I also know her cousin James. He's very kind.

I work in an office with a girl called Megan. I also know her cousin James. I often see them at the weekend ...

► Read more about pronouns in Grammar Focus 11A on p.128

We often use *you* to mean 'people in general / everyone'.  
**You** can study English on the internet.

- b** Underline the correct words.

Seema Bhadoria is a young woman from India. People call <sup>1</sup>*she / her* 'The Strong Woman'. <sup>2</sup>*She / Her* can pull a truck with her teeth.  
X-Men aren't real. <sup>3</sup>*They / Them* are 'superhumans' in films.  
Do you know <sup>4</sup>*they / them*?

Leonardo Torres y Quevedo was an engineer. <sup>5</sup>*It / He* lived from 1852 to 1936. In 1914 <sup>6</sup>*it / he* invented a machine called 'The Chess Player'. <sup>7</sup>*It / He* was the first computer game in the world. <sup>8</sup>*It / You* could play chess against <sup>9</sup>*it / them*.

- c** Swap the underlined words with the subject and object pronouns in the box.

he	her	him	him	it	it	me
us	she	she	they	they	we	

- > I met a doctor and an IT worker. The doctor and the IT worker live in Madrid.  
They live in Madrid.
- Why is my sister eating that sandwich? My sister made that sandwich for me!
  - Do you like this picture of my wife and me? Valerie gave this picture to my wife and me.
  - My friends have a baby boy called Luke. My friends talk about the baby boy called Luke all the time!
  - Neil and Andy are students. Neil, Andy and I met at university.
  - I'm Ivana Marikova. Do you remember Ivana Marikova?
  - That's Sophia and that's James. James likes Sophia but Sophia doesn't like James!

- d** ► Now go back to p.93. Try to use pronouns in your email.

## 12C Paragraphs

- a** Look at Megan's email to Emma and read about paragraphs.

Hi Emma,

I'm in town this afternoon. Would you like to meet for coffee?

We could go to Café Roma. It's just near your office. I'm free at 4:00. Is that OK for you?

Megan

Paragraph 1 = invitation

Paragraph 2 = making plans for the time and place

Paragraphs divide writing into groups of ideas. We use them to make our writing clear. In Megan's email she uses two paragraphs – one for the invitation and the other for making plans.

To start a new paragraph, write the next sentence on a new line, like this:

I'm sorry, I can't come this afternoon. I'm working today.

Would you like to meet on Tuesday?

~~I'm sorry, I can't come this afternoon. I'm working today. Would you like to meet on Tuesday?~~

- b** Match paragraphs a–b with 1–2.

1 \_\_\_\_\_

We could meet tomorrow. I'm free in the afternoon. What do you think?

There's a new restaurant in town. It looks really good.

2 \_\_\_\_\_

a

Thanks for the lunch invitation, but I can't come today. I'm busy.

b

Would you like to go there on Saturday?

- c** Rewrite the emails with two paragraphs.

- Do you have any plans for the weekend? I'd like to see a film. We could meet at the cinema at 6:30. Is that OK for you?
- It's my birthday next Friday. I'm going to be 30! 🎉 Would you like to come here for a meal on Saturday? I'm going to invite a few friends.

- d** ► Now go back to p.101. Try to use paragraphs in your invitations.

## Unit 1

### 1.25 PART 1

**RECEPTIONIST** Good morning, Electric Blue Technology?

**SOPHIA** Hi, my name's Sophia Taylor. It's my first day.

**R** Sophia? Sophia Taylor? From Canada?

**S** Yes, that's right.

**R** Come on in!

### 1.27 PART 2

**DAVID** Is this Sophia?

**RECEPTIONIST** Yes.

**D** Hello!

**SOPHIA** Good morning!

**D** Welcome, Sophia. I'm David.

**S** Nice to meet you, David.

**D** Nice to meet you, too. How are you?

**S** I'm good, thank you. And you?

**D** I'm fine, thanks. OK, well, come with me, please.

**S** OK!

### 1.31 PART 3

**DAVID** Hi, Megan – Sophia's here.

**MEGAN** Oh. Already? Great!

**D** Sophia, this is Megan Jackson.

**SOPHIA** Nice to meet you, Megan.

**M** Nice to meet you too, Sophie.

**S** Mm, Sophia. My name's Sophia, not Sophie.

**M** Oh! Yes, yes, of course. I'm sorry, Sophia.

**S** That's OK!

**M** Nice to meet you, Sophia!

**D** So, this is your office. Your home for the next year.

**M** It's not home, David!

**D** No, OK. Well, you're in here with Megan, and she can help you with ...

**M** Everything!

**S** Thank you, Megan. That's great.

**D** Sorry, but I need to ...

**M** Oh, yes, of course.

**D** See you later, Sophia.

**S** Sure. Thank you, David.

**D** Bye!

**M** OK, so ... this is your desk.

**S** Oh, right. Good!

**M** So, welcome to your new office, welcome to Electric Blue Technology, and welcome to the UK!

**S** Thank you, Megan! Thank you very much!

## Unit 2

### 1.40

### Conversation 1

**INTERVIEWER** Carlo, where are you from?

**CARLO** I'm from Ravello, in Italy.

**I** Ravello? Is it a big city?

**C** No, no. It isn't a city. It's a small village near Naples.

### Conversation 2

**I** Where are you from, Katia?

**KATIA** I'm from Santiago.

**I** Santiago? In Chile?

**K** Yeah.

**I** It's a big city.

**K** Yes, it is. It's a very big city.

### Conversation 3

**I** Yuri, where are you from?

**YURI** I'm from Vyborg, in Russia.

**I** Is it a city?

**Y** No, it isn't. It's a big town. It's near St Petersburg.

### 1.51

**INTERVIEWER** What things are OK at an airport?

**JOHN** Most things are fine. Computers are fine, and phones, and watches of course, all no problem.

**I** What about umbrellas?

**J** Yes, they're fine.

**I** So, what's not OK?

**J** Well, bottles of water, they're not OK.

**I** And of course, no knives?

**J** Er, no!

### 1.59 PART 1

**RACHEL** Good morning.

**SOPHIA** Good morning.

**R** Can I help you?

**S** Well ... yes ... I need a flat near here.

**R** OK – sure – we can help! Please sit down. OK, so ... a flat just for you?

**S** Yes, just me.

**R** One bedroom?

**S** One bedroom is fine, yes.

**R** One or two questions, if that's OK?

**S** Of course.

**R** What's your name?

**S** Sophia Taylor.

**R** OK. That's Sophia ... S-O-F-I-A?

**S** No. S-O-P-H-I-A.

**R** Ah yes, sorry. Sophia – er Taylor. How do you spell that?

**S** T-A-Y-L-O-R.

**R** T-A-Y-L-O-R. And what's your address? Do you have an address in London?

**S** Well yes, but it's a hotel.

**R** OK.

**S** It's the Alpha Hotel, A-L-P-H-A.

**R** Alpha Hotel. Right. And what's your phone number, please?

**S** Well, it's my mobile number. It's 07832 647893.

**R** 07832 67489 ...

**S** No, sorry, it's 647893.

**R** 647893?

**S** That's right.

**R** OK, thanks. Well now ... we have two nice flats in this part of London. This one. It's an old flat. Very big rooms.

**S** Hmm.

**R** And this one. It's quite big, and it's a really nice flat.

**S** Oh, yes. That is nice.

**R** It's near here. We can go there now.

**S** OK, great!

### 1.65 PART 2

**RACHEL** So, this is it. One bedroom. And a kitchen, of course. And it's quite big!

**SOPHIA** Yes, it is. It's beautiful.

**R** Yes, it's a very good flat for one person ... It's a nice street. And near a park.

**S** Oh, good.

**R** Take a look.

**S** Thank you.

**S** OK, thank you. It's a good flat – it's great. I like it. I really like it.

**R** OK, great!

## Unit 3

### 1.89

### Conversation 1

**INTERVIEWER** Are you from China, Julie?

**JULIE** No, I'm not. My parents are Chinese, but I'm American.

**I** What time do you have dinner?

**J** In my family, we usually have dinner at about 7 o'clock.

**I** And what do you have?

**J** We usually have rice with meat and vegetables.

### Conversation 2

**I** Where are you from, Misha?

**MISHA** I'm from Russia.

**I** And when do you have dinner?

**M** I always have dinner early.

**I** What time?

**M** At 5 o'clock.

**I** And what do you have?

**M** Different things, but I like fish for dinner.

### Conversation 3

**I** Are you Spanish or Mexican, Bianca?

**BIANCA** I'm Spanish.

**I** What time do you have dinner?

**B** I usually have dinner between 9 and 10 o'clock.

**I** You have dinner late.

**B** Yes. People never have dinner early in Spain.

**I** What do you have?

**B** I usually have meat and vegetables, but I sometimes have bread and cheese.

### 2.4

**MEGAN** Hi Sophia. How are you?

**SOPHIA** I'm well. In fact, I'm very well!

**M** What's that? A key?

**S** It sure is!

**M** Your new flat!

**S** That's right.

**M** Great.

**S** I'm so happy! Come on – time for a coffee!

**M** Yes, good idea.

**S** OK – something to drink?

**M** Yes, I'd like a cup of coffee, please.

**S** Coffee. OK.

**ASSISTANT** Hi.

**S** Hi. So two cups of ...

**M** No ... um ... I'd like tea. Yes, a cup of tea, please.

**S** Tea – right. Cake?

**M** No, thank you.

**S** OK. Can I have a cup of tea, a cup of coffee and a piece of chocolate cake, please?

**A** OK ... So that's a cup of tea, a cup of coffee and a piece of chocolate cake.

**S** That's right. Thanks.

**M** Sorry, but I'd like a piece of chocolate cake too. Sorry!

**S** Sure – no problem. Can we have two pieces of chocolate cake, please?

**A** Certainly.

**A** That's £11.00, please.

**S** Here you are.

**A** Thank you.

**M** So – the flat?

**S** It's nice. Look – it's quite big and very beautiful.

**M** Oh yes, lovely.

**S** And it's quite old. I like that.

**M** Is it near the office?

**S** Yes, it is. It's also near a park. It's great.

**M** Sorry. It's from my cousin, James.

**S** That's OK.

**M** Sorry. I can answer later. So, London's now home!

**S** Yes! London's now home.



## Unit 4

2.15

**TOM** Where are you from, Miriam?  
**MIRIAM** I'm from Brazil – Rio de Janeiro, but I live here in New Zealand now.  
**T** Where do you live?  
**M** I live in Auckland – it's really nice there.  
**T** And where do you work?  
**M** I work in Wellington.  
**T** Wellington? But that's so far away.  
**M** Yes, I go to work three days a week – I fly.  
**T** Do you work at home?  
**M** Yes, I work two days at home.  
**T** Are you married?  
**M** Yes, my husband's name is Bernardo.  
**T** Is he Brazilian?  
**M** Yes, he is.  
**T** Ah, OK. Do you speak English or Portuguese at home?  
**M** We speak Portuguese, of course!

2.20

**1 e** Oh, it's the Hemsworth brothers. They're Australian film actors. It's Liam and his older brother Chris.  
**2 d** This is Shakira, she's a singer from Colombia. And in this photo she's with her parents.  
**3 f** And this one – this is Ronaldo the football player – Cristiano Ronaldo. He's about ten in this photo, and he's with his father and his two sisters.  
**4 c** This is an old photo of Hillary Clinton, and that's her husband Bill Clinton and their daughter Chelsea.  
**5 b** This is a photo of Will Smith with his wife Jada Pinkett-Smith. The three children are Jaden, Willow and Trey Smith.  
**6 a** It's a photo of George Clooney as a boy. I think he's about seven. And he's with his mother and his sister.

2.27 PART 1

**MEGAN** Good morning!  
**SOPHIA** Hi there.  
**M** So ... how's the new flat?  
**S** Oh, it's great. I really like it. You must come and see it.  
**M** I'd love to ... Are you OK, Sophia?  
**S** Well, yes and no ... It's an email from my sister.  
**M** In Canada?  
**S** That's right.  
**M** Is she OK?  
**S** Oh, she's fine. It's just ...  
**M** ... she's in Canada.  
**S** And my parents, and my brother.  
**M** And you're here in London.  
**S** It's difficult.

2.28 PART 2

**MEGAN** Yeah ... Do you have photos of your family?  
**SOPHIA** Yes. Yes, I do.  
**M** Oh, can I see them?  
**S** Sure ... OK. This is my mother. She's a teacher.  
**M** Oh, yes. Nice picture!  
**S** And this one, this is my father.  
**M** Oh, right. Is he a teacher too?  
**S** No, he's a manager. He works for a big supermarket.  
**M** And who's this?  
**S** This is my sister, Jackie. And her two girls.  
**M** Oh, they're beautiful. How old are they?  
**S** This is Kylie, she's ten, and this is Amanda, she's eight.  
**M** Oh. They're lovely.  
**S** Yes, they are ... So, what about you? Do you have photos?  
**M** Yes, I do! Just a minute ... Ah, here we are. So ... this is Mike.  
**S** Oh right. Who's Mike? ... Is he your ... husband?  
**M** No, I'm not married! He's my brother.  
**S** Oh! He looks nice.  
**M** He is. He lives in Scotland.

**S** What's his job?  
**M** He works with computers.  
**S** OK.  
**M** And this is Helen, his wife. She works in a hotel. She's a manager.  
**S** Ah. Nice photo.  
**M** And this is James. He's my cousin. He's really great!  
**S** Oh, yes.  
**M** James lives near you. Maybe we can go and see him?  
**S** Yes ... I'd like that. Thank you, Megan.

## Unit 5

2.44

**A** Excuse me! Where are the shops? Are they near here?  
**B** Yes, there are a few shops in New Street, that's just near here. There's a small food shop and there's also a good bookshop. It's really big and the people there are very nice! Oh, and there's a nice Italian café in New Street, near the station. They have very good cakes, and great coffee.  
**A** What about a bank?  
**B** A bank ... Yes, there's a bank in Old Street. It's near the school.  
**A** And restaurants?  
**B** Well, there's a new Chinese restaurant. That's in Old Street. It's near the cinema. But it's expensive.

2.51

**RECEPTIONIST** Good afternoon.  
**BARRY** Good afternoon. Do you have a free room tonight?  
**R** Tonight ... ? Yes, we have four free rooms. They all have wi-fi.  
**B** Oh good. Is there a car park here?  
**R** No, I'm sorry, we don't have a car park.  
**B** Oh. Is there a restaurant or café?  
**R** No, but there's a kitchen.  
**B** Right. Well, are there any cafés near here?  
**R** Yes, there are two cafés on this street.  
**B** Oh that's good. ... And the room ... Is there a shower in the room?  
**R** No, but there's a shower next to the room.  
**B** So, it's not my shower?  
**R** No, other guests use it too. There are two showers.  
**B** Really?! What kind of hotel is this?  
**R** Well, it's not a hotel. It's a hostel.

2.55 PART 1

**MEGAN** It's a really nice flat, Sophia.  
**SOPHIA** Yeah, I like it here. But I need to get some things – you know, to make it a home.  
**M** Of course.  
**S** Would you like a cup of tea?  
**M** Oh, yes, please.  
**S** Oh no!  
**M** What's the problem?  
**S** I don't have any tea.  
**M** Oh.  
**S** I need to go shopping!  
**M** Well, is there a supermarket near here?  
**S** I don't know.  
**M** Well, are there any shops near here?  
**S** I don't know!  
**M** Come on. We can look for a shop.  
**S** OK!

2.59 PART 2

**MEGAN** Umm ... there's one in this street. ... I think.  
**SOPHIA** I think maybe that's a shop ... there.  
**M** No, it's a café!  
**S** Oh dear, Well, maybe we can have tea there!  
**M** James?  
**JAMES** Megan. Hi.  
**M** How are you?  
**J** I'm good, thanks.  
**S** Hi there.

**M** Oh, sorry. Sophia, this is my cousin, James. And James, this is Sophia – we work together.  
**S** Nice to meet you.  
**J** Yes, nice to meet you too.  
**M** Sophia's from Toronto.  
**J** Really?  
**S** But I live here now.  
**J** In London?  
**S** Yes. Really near here.  
**M** James lives near here too.  
**S** Oh, right. Where's your flat?  
**J** It's in the next street.  
**M** James, do you know? Is there a supermarket near here?  
**J** No, sorry, there isn't.  
**M** Well, are there any shops near here? We need some tea.  
**J** Yes, there's one near my flat ... I can show you.  
**S** Well, thank you very much.  
**J** No problem – no problem at all. It's this way.

## Unit 6

2.78

**INTERVIEWER** Paul, you usually take photos at night. Do you go to bed early?  
**PAUL** No. Usually around 11 o'clock.  
**I** And when do you wake up?  
**P** I always wake up at about 2:00am every night.  
**I** And what do you do then?  
**P** Well, I get up and I go out. I walk in the city at night and I take photos. Then I go home and I sleep until morning.  
**I** What about your wife? Does she wake up?  
**P** No, she never wakes up. She just sleeps!

2.82 PART 1

**MEGAN** James, hi! You again!  
**JAMES** Yes, me again! Hi, Sophia!  
**SOPHIA** Hi, James.  
**J** They're nice flowers.  
**M** Yes. They're for Sophia – for her flat.  
**J** Yes ... Oh yes, your flat's near here.  
**S** That's right. Just there, in fact.  
**J** Oh, right.  
**M** Come with us ... Is that OK, Sophia?  
**S** Yes, why not?  
**J** Are you sure?  
**S** Yes!  
**J** Well ... yeah, I'd love to. ... OK ... great!  
**S** Good. Come on.  
**S** They're lovely flowers. Thanks again, Megan.  
**M** No problem.  
**J** I really like your flat, Sophia.  
**S** Yeah, thanks. I like it here. Would you like a cup of coffee?  
**J** Yes, please.  
**M** Yes, thanks.  
**S** Ah, there's just one problem.  
**J** What's that? No coffee? Well, you have tea now, I know that!  
**S** Yes, but there are only two cups. And one glass! Look!  
**M** You need to go shopping!  
**S** I know, I need a lot of things. Cups, glasses ...  
**M** Well, I can go with you. I'll help you buy things.  
**S** That's great, thanks.  
**M** What do you need? Cups, glasses, what else?  
**S** Mm, I need plates, and ...  
**M** Do you want to go today? We can go this afternoon.  
**S** OK, great. I don't have a lot of things, but I have biscuits! Would you like one, Megan?  
**M** No, it's OK, thanks.  
**S** James?  
**J** Yes, please!

## 2.85 PART 2

**JAMES** I'll come with you if you like. I love shopping!  
**SOPHIA** Oh, thank you, James, that's very kind.  
But I'm sure you have other things to do – it's the weekend.  
**J** Oh, that's OK.  
**MEGAN** Sophia and I are fine, James.  
**S** But nice to see you again. See you soon, maybe.  
Bye.  
**M** Bye, James. See you later.  
**J** OK ... Bye. Thanks for the ... biscuit.

## Unit 7

### 3.5

**SUE** I like this picture. What do you think? For the kitchen.  
**MIKE** Hmm ... it's OK.  
**S** Or these chairs. They're really nice.  
**M** No, I don't really like them. That clock's quite nice.  
**S** But it's new!  
**M** Yeah, well, who wants an old clock?  
**S** Hmm ... Oh, look. Those books are interesting. And look at that radio. That's so cool.  
**M** Is it? It's very old!  
**S** I know, but it's beautiful. I love old things ...  
**M** Hmm.  
**S** Excuse me.  
**STALLHOLDER** Yes?  
**S** How much is that radio?  
**ST** The radio? £135.  
**M** What?! That's very ...  
**S** OK, I'll buy it!

### 3.17

**KATE** Look at all our old clothes! There are a lot! We need to throw some away.  
**GIUSEPPE** Yeah, you're right. ... Is this my old T-shirt?  
**K** No, it's Greg's T-shirt. He never wears it.  
**G** Are these your jeans?  
**K** No, they're Sara's jeans.  
**G** But she sometimes wears these.  
**K** But she doesn't like them.  
**G** OK. ... Wait just a minute – that's my shirt. I sometimes wear that.  
**K** Really?  
**G** Well, no ... not really.  
**K** So ... ?  
**G** Fine – out it goes.

## 3.21 PART 1

**SOPHIA** So, where are the cups?  
**MEGAN** OK, let's see. Ah ... These cups are nice.  
**S** Yes, they are.  
**M** But there are only three.  
**FRANK** Can I help you?  
**S** Yes, how much are these cups?  
**F** They're five pounds each.  
**M** That's a good price.  
**S** But I need six. Do you have any more?  
**F** No, I'm sorry. We only have three.  
**S** Oh dear.  
**F** These cups are the same price.  
**S** Mm ... no ... I don't think so. Can I look around?  
**F** Of course.  
**M** Sophia, these cups are really nice.  
**S** Yes, they are. But I need six.  
**M** Yes, I know ... but not for you ... for me!  
**S** Oh. Do you need some cups too?  
**M** Not really, but I really like them ... and they're so cheap. Excuse me ... I'd like two of these cups, please.  
**F** Certainly.

## 3.26 PART 2

**FRANK** OK, that's ten pounds, please.  
**MEGAN** Here you are.  
**F** Thank you. Enter your PIN, please.  
**M** OK, no problem.  
**F** Thank you. And here's your receipt.  
**M** Thank you. Can you see anything you want?  
**SOPHIA** No, I don't really like anything.  
**M** OK – well, there's another shop near here.  
**S** But now you have some nice new cups!  
**M** Yes, I do!  
**S** Bye.  
**F** Bye. Thank you.

## Unit 8

### 3.37

### Conversation 1

**LARRY** Were you at work yesterday?  
**CARA** Yes, I was, but I wasn't here in the office.  
**L** Where were you?  
**C** I was at a meeting in Dublin.  
**L** Oh, was it interesting?  
**C** Yes, it was really interesting.

### Conversation 2

**DENIZ** Were you at the game last Saturday?  
**ANTONIO** No, I wasn't – not the game here in Manchester.  
**D** Oh, really? Were you away?  
**A** Yes, I was away with the team in Bristol.  
**D** How was the game there?  
**A** It was good – really exciting.

### Conversation 3

**VICTOR** Were you at home at the weekend?  
**AVA** No, I wasn't. I was away.  
**V** Oh, where were you?  
**A** I was in Milan with my band – there was a concert.  
**V** Great! Was it fun?  
**A** Yes, it was. And Milan is a beautiful city.

## 3.52 PART 1

**DAVID** Hi, Sophia. How was your weekend?  
**SOPHIA** Yeah, it was nice. Yours?  
**D** Well, you know, busy with friends. So, how do you like it here in England?  
**S** Oh, I love it. Well, I like London, but that's not England! Where are you from, David?  
**D** I'm from Bristol. It's in the west of England.  
**S** Oh, right. Do you miss your family?  
**D** Oh, you know, my parents, but I love living in London. Well ... I ... um  
**S** Oh, of course. See you later.  
**MEGAN** Good morning, Sophia.  
**S** Oh, hi Megan!  
**M** How are you?  
**S** Yeah, OK, thanks. Thank you for Saturday. You really helped a lot.  
**M** Oh, that's all right. I love shopping.  
**S** It was fun.  
**M** Yes, it was. We could go shopping again some time.  
**S** Yes, OK. Good idea.  
**M** Steph, did you get my email?

## 3.53 PART 2

**MEGAN** Thank you.  
**SOPHIA** So, how was your Sunday?  
**M** It was OK. I was at a party in the evening.  
**S** Was it good?  
**M** Yeah ... but the food wasn't very nice.  
**S** Oh dear.  
**M** I was tired. I went home early. What about you?  
**S** Me?  
**M** How was your Sunday?  
**S** Oh, it was OK. I went for a walk in the afternoon. And then I stayed at home and watched TV. London's really big. It's difficult to meet people.

**M** Well, you know me!  
**S** Yes, that's true.  
**M** I find London difficult too, sometimes. I know – let's go somewhere this weekend. So you can see a different town. We could go to Henley.  
**S** Henley? Where's that?  
**M** Oh, it's a small town, it's not far from London. I went to school there.  
**S** Really?  
**M** Yes, it's a beautiful place. Look.  
**S** Oh, yes, it looks nice.  
**M** So, shall we go there for the day next Saturday?  
**S** OK, that's a lovely idea. I'd like to see some different places. Let's go to Henley!

## Unit 9

### 3.69

**MICHAELA** So how was your trip to Colombia?  
**ALESSANDRO** Oh it was great. It was very relaxing – I didn't read my emails for three weeks!  
**M** Where were you? In Bogotá?  
**A** No, no, we didn't go to big cities at all. We wanted to see the country, so we went by bus and we stayed in small towns and villages. The best place we stayed was with a family.  
**M** In their house?  
**A** Well, we didn't stay in their house. We camped in their garden. They had a swimming pool. They also had bikes, so we saw lots of nice places nearby. I took some beautiful photos!  
**M** I'd love to see them.  
**A** Of course.  
**M** Was it cheap to camp?  
**A** Yes ... \$4 a night!  
**M** \$4! That's really cheap.  
**A** Yeah, it was good, because we didn't have a lot of money!

### 3.77

**KIRIL** Where did you go on your summer holiday last year, Angie?  
**ANGIE** I went to an island in Greece.  
**K** Great! How was the weather?  
**A** It was hot and sunny. What about you, Kiril?  
**K** I stayed here in Moscow. It rained a lot of the time. I want to go somewhere different this year.  
**A** Well, try Greece. It isn't expensive to fly there.  
**K** Hmm ... but, well, I don't like flying.  
**A** Oh, I see. Well, what about the south of France? I went there two years ago. It was beautiful.  
**K** Oh, really? How did you get there?  
**A** By train. And, you know, the weather was really warm.  
**K** Did you enjoy it there?  
**A** Yes, I did. I had a great time. Try to go this year!

## 3.82 PART 1

**SOPHIA** It's beautiful here.  
**MEGAN** I'm so happy you like it.  
**S** Very different from Toronto. So, what's the plan for today?  
**M** Well, first we can go to the museum.  
**S** OK.  
**M** And then maybe some lunch?  
**S** Lovely!  
**S** Well, I'm full. So much food!  
**M** I know!  
**S** Oh wow! I love that clock!  
**M** Oh yes – really nice.  
**S** Let's have a look.  
**M** OK ... Are you OK?  
**S** I think so.  
**M** Is it very heavy?  
**S** Yeah, it's really heavy. Can you take it for a minute?  
**M** Of course!  
**S** Thanks! ... OK.  
**M** That's OK.  
**S** Thank you.



### 3.85 PART 2

**MEGAN** Why don't you ... put it down?  
**JAMES** Megan, hi! How are you?  
**M** Hi, James. I'm OK, thanks.  
**J** Did you go to Henley?  
**M** Yeah, and we're still here!  
**J** Oh, right ...  
**M** James, can you do something for me?  
**J** Well ... yes ... maybe.  
**M** Could you pick us up from the station later, please?  
 In London.  
**J** Mm ... OK. From where? Paddington?  
**M** Yes.  
**J** OK. Is there a problem? Can't you take the underground?  
**M** No, it's just we've got this clock.  
**J** Clock?  
**M** Yes, it's very heavy. So ... could you meet us at the station, please?  
**J** Why did you buy a clock?  
**M** I didn't. Sophia bought it.  
**J** Sophia?  
**M** Yes, Sophia bought a very big clock.  
**J** Oh, right, I see!  
**M** So, can you help us, please?  
**J** Sure, no problem.  
**M** Oh, thanks, James, that's really kind of you.  
**J** No problem.  
**M** Bye.  
**J** Bye. See you later.

## Unit 10

4.7

**MIMI** I really love my flat – it's great! But it's very small and I need to think about how I use the space. One really good thing is the windows. I have really big windows, so lots of light comes into the flat. The place doesn't feel very small. Everything is in one big room. The living room area has a TV, a small table and two chairs. There's also a small kitchen area in one corner. I don't have a dining room. I have a table where I eat my meals and I do all my work on my computer. It's next to the kitchen. Then the bedroom has, well, a bed, of course ... and a small lamp on a table. So I don't have a big flat, but I live in the city centre – the city is my home!

4.13

### Conversation 1

**LOU** Hello.  
**DAN** Hi, it's Dan. How are you?  
**L** Fine. Look, Dan, I'm busy. I can't talk now.  
**D** Are you working? I can hear a lot of people there.  
**L** Well, no, I'm not working. I'm in a café. I'm with some people and they're talking. I'll call you later, OK?  
**D** OK.

### Conversation 2

**L** Hi.  
**D** Hi, it's Dan again. What are you doing?  
**L** I'm at the bus stop. I'm going home.  
**D** Oh, OK. Look, do you want to go out this evening?  
**L** I don't know. Look, I can't talk now. My bus is coming.  
**D** Oh. I'll call you later, then.

### Conversation 3

**L** Dan ... Hi.  
**D** Hi Lou. Are you at home now?  
**L** Yes. Look, I can't talk now.  
**D** Are you working?  
**L** No, I'm not working. I'm cooking dinner.  
**D** Oh, OK. Look, what about this evening?  
**L** No, sorry, I'm too tired. Let's talk later, OK?

### Conversation 4

**L** Hi Dan.  
**D** Hi, it's me again. Can you talk now? Or are you having dinner?  
**L** No, I'm not having dinner. I'm watching a film.  
**D** Oh, what are you watching? Is it good?  
**L** Yes ... it's just a film. I can't talk now. Maybe later ... OK?  
**D** OK.

### Conversation 5

**L** Hello. This is Lou. I'm sorry, I'm not here at the moment. Please leave a message.  
**D** Hi, this is Dan. Um, well I guess you're sleeping, so ... er, I'll call you tomorrow. Tomorrow morning. OK? Maybe we can go out together. Yeah. Bye.

### 4.20 PART 1

**SOPHIA** Oh, this clock!  
**TAXI DRIVER** Eight pounds fifty, please.  
**S** Mm ... OK ... just a minute.  
**MEGAN** Hey! Let me.  
**S** No, no!  
**M** Please!  
**S** No! I'll get it. Could you take the clock, please?  
**M** Sure!  
**S** Thanks. Thank you very much.  
**T** Oh, thank you!  
**M** It is really heavy! Shall we carry it together?  
**S** OK! Why did I buy it? I'm so glad James can meet us in London.  
**M** Yeah, James is really kind.  
**S** So, what time's the train?  
**M** I don't know! We need to check.

### 4.23 PART 2

**SOPHIA** Excuse me.  
**STATION ASSISTANT** Yes? How can I help?  
**S** What time's the next train to London?  
**ST** The next train is at ... 4:35.  
**S** What time is it now?  
**ST** What time is it now? What time does it say on your clock? 12:30. Well, that's not right. How much did you pay for that clock? Anyway, it's 4:32 now.  
**MEGAN** The train leaves in three minutes! Quick! Let's go!  
**S** Sorry, which platform is it?  
**ST** It's Platform 3. It's across the bridge and down the stairs.  
**M** Thanks!  
**ST** Would you like some help with the clock? I can carry it if you like.  
**S** No thanks, we're fine.

## Unit 11

4.35

**A** What are you reading?  
**B** Oh, it's about Valentina Tereshkova.  
**A** Who's she?  
**B** She's a Russian cosmonaut. Do you know about her?  
**A** No. What did she do?  
**B** Well, she was the first woman in space. She went into space in 1963. It says here, 400 people wanted the job, but they asked her.  
**A** Why did they ask her?  
**B** Well, she was young, and she was quite small. And she also did a lot of parachute jumping.  
**A** Oh, so she went in planes a lot.  
**B** Yes! And she married a cosmonaut, too. She met him in 1963. He was on the same space programme. And they had a daughter.  
**A** So, did she go into space again?  
**B** No, she only went once. But she said she would like to fly to Mars one day. She said that when she was 70!

4.41

**CELIA** Hi, Andy! I'm Celia, nice to meet you!  
**ANDY** Hi, Celia! Nice to meet you, too.  
**C** Well, let's start. First question, what fun things can you do with the students?  
**A** Well, I can play the guitar.  
**C** Great. And can you sing?  
**A** Yes, I can. I can sing and play the guitar quite well. Oh, and I can ride a horse very well. You wanted someone who can ride a horse.  
**C** That's right – great! Now, our students also like parties and they like dancing. Can you dance well?  
**A** No, I can't. I don't really like dancing, so I can't dance very well.  
**C** That's OK. And what about your teaching?  
**A** Teaching?  
**C** Yes, can you teach well?  
**A** What? Sorry. I'm not a teacher. I can't teach at all.  
**C** Really? But ... but did you read the advertisement?  
**A** Well ... sort of ... but not very well. I just read some of the words 'sing, dance, ride a horse ...' – you know ...  
**C** But we want teachers – English teachers.  
**A** Oh. Sorry!

4.46

**SOPHIA** Are you sure you're OK with the clock, James?  
**JAMES** Fine – just fine.  
**S** It isn't too heavy?  
**J** No, no!  
**S** OK.  
**J** It's a great clock.  
**S** I like it.  
**J** Yeah, it looks really good.  
**S** Thanks for meeting us.  
**MEGAN** Yes, thank you, James.  
**J** No problem. Did you like Henley?  
**S** Yes, very much. We had a nice time.  
**J** Oh, that's good.  
**M** We can go somewhere in London next weekend.  
**J** I think London Zoo is very nice.  
**M** London Zoo?  
**J** Yes!  
**M** I don't think the zoo's very interesting.  
**J** Oh? Why not?  
**M** Well, it's more for children.  
**J** I don't think so.  
**M** What about the Tower of London?  
**J** Oh no! I don't think the Tower of London's a good idea.  
**M** Really?  
**J** There are lots of tourists.  
**S** Well ... I'm a tourist!  
**M** A kind of tourist.  
**S** Where's a good place for the clock?  
**J** In here?  
**M** What about the bedroom?  
**J** I don't think the bedroom is a good idea.  
**S** Why not?  
**J** You can hear it all the time. It's difficult to sleep.  
**S** Not for me!  
**J** Oh. OK.  
**S** But maybe you're right. It is better here in the living room. Maybe over there.  
**J** OK. Here?  
**S** Maybe. What do you think, Megan?  
**M** Yes, perhaps. Or maybe ... No, I think there is good.  
**S** Yes, I think you're right. What do you think, James?  
**J** I think this clock is very heavy!

## Unit 12

4.60

**PAOLA** This summer, I'm not going to have a normal holiday. I'm going to do something different. I read about a cooking school in the mountains. I'm going to learn how to cook really well. It's a two-week course. I think it's going to be fun!

**YAZ** Every summer my family normally gets a house near the beach and we spend the holiday there. But we aren't going to do that this year. For a change, we're going to go on a trip to Norway. There's a boat that goes along the coast of Norway. They say it's a very beautiful trip.

**NIKITA** Most summers I go to another country – last year I went to Munich in Germany. This summer, I'm not going to travel abroad. I'm going to stay in this country. I'm going to stay on a farm and I'm going to work there. They aren't going to pay me, but it's not important for me. I want to do something different and be outside all day.

4.68

### Conversation 1

**JESSICA** What are you going to do this weekend, Lee?

**LEE** Oh, I don't know. Nothing much.

**J** Are you going to go out?

**L** I'm going to see a film.

**J** What film are you going to see?

**L** I don't know yet. I don't know what's on.

**J** What about Sunday?

**L** Well, I'm going to go out somewhere ... maybe. See what the weather's like.

### Conversation 2

**JESSICA** So what are you going to do this weekend, Marcus?

**MARCUS** Well, on Saturday I'm going to get up early and I'm going to go for a run. Then I'm going to go shopping.

**J** What are you going to buy?

**M** Well, I want to buy a new jacket and some shoes. And in the evening I'm going to meet some friends for a meal.

**J** Where are you going to go?

**M** There's a new restaurant called *Sandy's*. We're going to go there. And on Sunday, I'm going to go play tennis.

4.73 PART 1

**SOPHIA** Hi, James?

**JAMES** Hello, Sophia!

**S** How are you?

**J** I'm fine. How about you?

**S** Yes, really good. I bought some more things for my flat today and I'm just putting them away.

**J** Oh, great. Oh, so, mm, I wanted to ask you ... Would you like to come for dinner? You know, at my flat?

**S** Well, that's really kind of you, James. I'd love to, but ...

**J** Oh, good.

**S** No, I'd love to, but I just think ... you've helped me so much. You know, you met us at the station, the clock ...

**J** Oh, that was nothing.

**S** No, but I'd like to say thank you. So, would you like to come for dinner at my flat?

**J** Oh, well, yes. I'd love to come. Thank you.

**S** Are you free on Friday?

**J** Oh, no. Sorry, I'm busy then, a work thing, but Saturday's OK.

**S** Great! Come on Saturday.

**J** OK.

**S** See you then.

**J** See you then.

**S** Bye.

**J** Bye.

4.76 PART 2

**SOPHIA** Hi. Is that you, James?

**JAMES** Yes, it is.

**S** OK. Come on in!

**J** These are for you.

**S** Oh ... thank you. They're beautiful.

**J** Oh, Megan – you're here too. Hi.

**MEGAN** Hi, James. You look smart!

**J** Er, yes. Thank you.

**S** Good – now you're both here.

**J** Yes, we're both here.

**S** Well, I just ... I wanted to say thank you – to both of you. It was my first month in a new city and you really helped me a lot. And ... well ... I'm really feeling at home here now.

**M** Great.

**S** I wasn't sure about staying in London.

**J** Oh?

**S** No. But now I feel like I have new friends here, so ... So last week I decided. I'm going to stay.

**M** Oh, that's wonderful news.

**J** Yeah, great!

**M** Oh, that's so nice.

**S** Yes, yes it is. Now let's have dinner.

**J** Great ...

**S** OK, sit down, both of you, and I'll bring the food.

**M** Lovely!

**J** Thank you, Sophia.



## Phonemic symbols

### Vowel sounds

#### Short

/ə/	/æ/	/ʊ/	/ɒ/	/ɪ/	/i/	/e/	/ʌ/
breakfast	man	put	got	chip	happy	men	up

#### Long

/ɜ:/	/ɑ:/	/u:/	/ɔ:/	/i:/
shirt	part	who	walk	cheap

### Diphthongs (two vowel sounds)

/eə/	/ɪə/	/ʊə/	/ɔɪ/	/aɪ/	/eɪ/	/əʊ/	/aʊ/
hair	near	tour	boy	nine	eight	window	now

### Consonants

/p/	/b/	/f/	/v/	/t/	/d/	/k/	/g/
picnic	book	face	very	time	dog	cold	go
/θ/	/ð/	/tʃ/	/dʒ/	/s/	/z/	/ʃ/	/ʒ/
think	the	chair	job	sea	zoo	shoe	television
/m/	/n/	/ŋ/	/h/	/l/	/r/	/w/	/y/
me	now	sing	hot	late	red	went	yes

### Irregular verbs

Infinitive	Past simple
be	was
begin	began
buy	bought
catch	caught
choose	chose
come	came
do	did
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
feel	felt
find	found
fly	flew
forget	forgot
get	got
give	gave
go	went
grow up	grew up
have	had
hear	heard
know	knew
learn	learned / learnt
leave	left
lose	lost

Infinitive	Past simple
meet	met
pay	paid
put	put
read	read
ride	rode
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sell	sold
send	sent
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
spell	spelled / spelt
swim	swam
take	took
teach	taught
tell	told
think	thought
understand	understood
wake up	woke up
wear	wore
write	wrote

**START**

**1**

Say four countries and their nationalities.

**2**

Make and answer the question.  
you / are / Spanish ?

**3**

Think of three other ways to say 'hello'.

**4**

GO ON FOUR SQUARES



**5**

Are you from a city, town or village?

**11**

Make the question.  
chocolate cake / have / I /  
a piece of / can / please ?

**10**

What time did you get up this morning?

**9**

Say and spell four foods.

**8**

Spell your name and country.

**7**

Say the numbers 1-12.

**6**

GO BACK FOUR SQUARES



**12**

GO ON FOUR SQUARES



**13**

Make and answer the question.  
live / you / where / do ?

**14**

Who lived with you when you were a child?

**15**

Make and answer the question.  
do / have / you / of / photos /  
friends / your / any ?

**16**

Say and spell four places in a town.

**17**

GO BACK FOUR SQUARES



**23**

Offer to buy other students a cup of coffee.

**22**

Make and answer the question.  
usually / when / you /  
get / home / do ?

**21**

Say and spell four jobs.

**20**

GO ON FOUR SQUARES



**19**

Say where a supermarket is.

**18**

Make and answer the question.  
hotels / your / in / there /  
are / any / town ?



**START**  
**24**

Say these prices.  
£7.99 \$15.30 €100

**25**

GO BACK FOUR  
SQUARES



**26**

Say and spell four  
colours.

**27**

Make the question.  
much / how / these /  
shoes / are ?

**28**

GO ON FOUR  
SQUARES



**29**

Make and answer the question.  
were / you / where /  
weekend / last ?

**35**

Ask other students to pick you  
up at the station.

**34**

Say and spell the four  
seasons.

**33**

GO BACK FOUR  
SQUARES



**32**

Say and spell three  
kinds of transport.

**31**

Invite other students to  
the cinema tomorrow.

**30**

Say two things you can  
watch and two things  
you can play.

**36**

Say and spell four  
places in a home.

**37**

Make the question.  
doing / you / are / what ?

**38**

GO ON FOUR  
SQUARES



**39**

Make the question.  
Edinburgh / time's / the /  
train / next / what / to ?

**40**

Say four life events.

**41**

Say two things you can do well.



**FINISH**

**46**

Make and answer the  
question.

tomorrow / going / do /  
to / are / what / you ?

**45**

Say ordinal numbers  
1-10.

**44**

Say two plans you have  
for next weekend.

**43**

Ask other students  
their opinion about a  
place you all know.

**42**

Say two things you  
can't do well.

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