

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY PRESS Cambridge, New York, Melbourne, Madrid, Cape Town, Singapore, São Paulo, Delhi, Mexico City

Cambridge University Press The Edinburgh Building, Cambridge CB2 8RU, UK

www.cambridge.org Information on this title: www.cambridge.org/9780521221689

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First published 2012

Printed in China by Golden Cup Printing Co. Ltd

A catalogue record for this publication is available from the British Library

ISBN 978-0-521-22168-9 Student's Book with DVD-ROM 3 ISBN 978-0-521-22169-6 Workbook 3 ISBN 978-0-521-21927-3 Teacher's Book 3 ISBN 978-1-107-63396-4 Teacher's Resource Book with Audio CD 3 ISBN 978-0-521-21973-0 Class Audio CDs 3 ISBN 978-0-521-22184-9 Classware and Interactive DVD-ROM 3

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# Map of the book

E Comat La	ost in town		Creativity	<b>Revis</b>	lan
<b>Vocabulary</b> Towns	nd town (pages 46–57) Grammar It's opposite / above / near / below the (park). I'm going to (the shop) to buy (some bread).	Story and value Phonics Up high Lateral thinking The sounds /aː/ and /r/	Skills • Reading • Listening, speaking and writing	Thinking skills <ul> <li>Drawing conclusions</li> <li>Matching</li> <li>Developing sense of direction</li> </ul>	English for school Geography: Directions
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			V CICULITIUS	V ROVIS	
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🙆 The p	iCniC (pages 22–33)				
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<b>Our s</b> Vocabulary	<b>Chool</b> (pages 10–21) Grammar	Story	Skills and value	This bin a skills	Franksh fan
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Revision of numbers	I'm (not) good at (playing football). Mike is Tom's uncle.	The old book Courage Short vowel sounds			2
Vocabulary	Grammar	Story and value Phonics			
	e Explorers (pages 4-9)				

🐻 Under	the sea (pages 58-69)				
Vocabulary Sea creatures	Grammar Great auks were /weren't (sea birds). Their food was / wasn't (fish). Were you (in the sea), Sue? No, I wasn't. Was Tim (on the beach)? Yes, he was.	Story Phonics The trap The letter sounds s and sh	Skills and value • Reading What Christine found • Caring for nature	<ul> <li>Thinking skills</li> <li>Matching</li> <li>Recognising patterns</li> <li>Applying knowledge</li> </ul>	English for school Art and Maths: Pattern and symmetry
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6 Gadge	ets (pages 70–81)				
Vocabulary Technology	Grammar The (DX24) is bigger / more expensive than than the (DX32). The (Airbus A380) is the biggest (plane) in the (world).	Story and value Phonics The cave Being resourceful Long vowel sounds	Skills <ul> <li>Reading and speaking</li> <li>Listening and writing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Thinking skills</li> <li>Making deductions</li> <li>Numerical and logical thinking</li> </ul>	English for school Maths and History: Numbers
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	hospital (pages 82-93)				
<b>Vocabulary</b> Health	<b>Grammar</b> The plate landed on the floor. She felt awful.	Story Phonics At the hospital -ed endings	Skills and value • Reading Sophia saves the day • Helping others	<ul> <li>Thinking skills</li> <li>Decoding and sequencing</li> <li>Developing story analogies</li> </ul>	English for school Science: Fever
Song: WI	hat a week		🕨 Creativity	<b>Revis</b>	sion
8 Arour	nd the world (pages 94-	105)			
Vocabulary Countries	Grammar We went to the (beach), but we didn't go (swimming). Did you go shopping? Yes, I did.	Story and value Phonics The final letters Showing interest in other cultures The sounds /iː/ and /ɪ/	<ul> <li>Skills</li> <li>Listening and reading</li> <li>Speaking and writing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Thinking skills</li> <li>Making lexical links</li> <li>Imagining</li> <li>Visual thinking</li> </ul>	English for school Art: Origami
Song: Al	l my friends are far away		🕨 Creativity	<b>Revi</b> s	sion
🔘 Holida	ay plans (pages 106-117)				
<b>Vocabulary</b> Weather	Grammar It's (not) going to be (rainy) on (Tuesday). Are you going to (cook pizza)? Yes, I am.	Story Phonics The treasure The sound /3ː/	Skills and value • Reading <i>Holidays with</i> <i>Grandma</i> • Changing perceptions	Thinking skills <ul> <li>Prediction</li> <li>Logical thinking</li> </ul>	English for school Geography: Seasons and hemispheres
Song: A	super holiday		Creativity	<b>Revis</b>	sion

**Grammar focus:** pages 118–127

# Meet The Explorers



Upstairs

Downstairs

Cellar

Rooms 21-50

¥ Rooms 51-100

CD 1 02 Listen and say the words. Then check with a friend.



3 downstairs



5 cellar



- What do Ben and Lucy want to find?
- Where does Lucy want to go?
- Where are they? 2
- Where is the cellar?





Upstairs.



- 1 Who am I? I'm not good at flying a kite.
- 2 I'm good at riding bikes. Am I Ben or Lucy?
- 3 I'm not good at playing the guitar. Who am I?
- 4 I'm very good at snorkelling. Can you guess my name?

Listen and say.

- 5 I'm good at climbing trees. What's my name?
- 6 Who am I? I'm really good at doing puzzles.



Grammar

focus

CD1

05

I'm not good at climbing trees. I'm not good at flying kites.



Look and make sentences.

Lucy isn't good at painting.





Look and write the words in the song. Listen and check.



The Explorers. Here they come. Lucy and <sup>(1)</sup> Adventure and fun.

The Explorers. Here they are. Ben and <sup>(2)</sup> Action stars.





She's good at doing <sup>(3)</sup> She always finds the clues, And reads them very carefully, They tell her what to do.

The Explorers ...

He's good at riding <sup>(4)</sup> And swimming in the <sup>(5)</sup> He's an action hero, Just like you and me.

The Explorers ...



3) What are you good at? Write a verse.

I'm good at	
And	
I'm an action hero,	
Just like Ben and Lucy.	

Look at the family tree and write the words.



resplaces The old book



Lucy: What's that? Ben: I think it's a door, a secret door. Lucy: Let's open it. Buster, wait here!



**Ben:** Here's the book. It looks really old. **Zelda:** They've got the book, Horax! Let's get them. **Horax:** Wait a minute, Zelda!



Ben: I'm so happy we've got it.Horax: Me too! You're good at finding things that I want!Ben: Oh no! Who are they?



Horax: Give us the book! Tie Lucy up, Zelda. Lucy: You can't keep the book. It's ours. Horax: It's ours now! And all the treasure it brings.



Ben: Good dog, Buster!Lucy: Hurry up, Buster, please.Ben: Show us the way to Horax and Zelda, Buster.



**Ben:** How can we get the book back? **Lucy:** I've got an idea!



Horax: Stop you two! Zelda: Go away, silly dog! Lucy: Stop them, Buster!

# 

Lucy: Run! We've got the book. Ben: Well done, Buster!

#### Write *t* (true) or *f* (false).

- 1 Ben and Lucy go to the cellar.
- 2 Buster finds the old book.
- **3** Horax and Zelda are good people.
- 4 Horax and Zelda want the book.
- 5 Buster is a dog.
- 6 Buster helps The Explorers to get the book back.



Find who says ...

Let's get them.





Gus pats his pets a lot.

# **Our school**

4

Listen and say the words. Then check with a friend.





#### Think!) Read and write the names.



- l like Science. I'm good at it.
- I love English.
   It's my favourite subject.
- I really don't like Music. I can't sing.





- l really don't like Science. I'm not good at it.
- I like English. My English teacher is nice.
- I love Music. I'm good at it.

- 1 I really don't like singing.
- **2** I like writing and listening to stories.
- 3 I love singing.

D

- 4 I like learning about plants and animals.
- 5 I really don't like learning about plants.

**CD1 Grammar I like listening to** 

music.

Grammar focus

He **loves** learn**ing** about Science.

He really **doesn't** like singing.



#### Play the *like / don't like* game.

drawing doing sport listening to music singing







Match the pictures with the school subjects. Listen and check.

P.E.

I.T.

Geography

History

3

AFRICA

4





I love playing football in P.E., And having fun with my friends. I like using computers in I.T., I'm sad when the lesson ends.

Let me tell you a secret, School is great. School's for everyone. Don't tell anybody that School is great. And it's lots of fun.

I love learning all my Geography, I'm good at names and places. I love learning all my History And all those famous faces.

Let me tell you a secret ...



**2** Listen and sing.

Singing for pleasure

Solve the puzzle and write the school subjects.



Listen and tick (🗸 ) the things Daniel and Linda have to do at school.





# Contractions Getting help



Lucy: Excuse me. Can you help us, please? Mr Williams: Yes, of course. What's the problem? Ben: We can't read this book. It's in code.



Mr Williams: This is difficult! Can I keep the book? I can tell you tomorrow. Lucy: Keep the book? Ben: No, sorry. We can't give it to you.



**Ben:** What's going on? It's dark! **Lucy:** Come on Ben. We have to get out of here.



**Mr Williams:** Hmm. Let me think. It isn't easy. There are lots of clues in this book. But they're all in code. Very interesting! I like doing puzzles!



**Mr Williams:** OK then, sorry kids. I can't help you. I've got to go. **Lucy:** OK, thanks anyway.



Ben: Someone wants our book!Lucy: It's probably Horax and Zelda.Ben: What? Here in the school? No way.Lucy: We have to find a way to read this code.





Lucy: Hey, look at this! What's this here? Ben: Let me see. I think ... . Yes, it's the secret to the code. Yes! Now we can read the clues.



Horax: The children have got the book. Zelda: What about the code? Horax: I don't understand the code, yet. We have to follow those kids.



DJ Cool K plays CDs for ETs from planet QB3.

## Story time

- Think) Read the story quickly and try to find the answers.
- What is the boy's name?

The boy's name is ...

- What is his teacher's name? 2
- What lessons does the boy have? 3
- What is he doing in the lessons?



2 CP1 Read and listen. Check your answers.

# Johnny's story

At Oak Tree School, there is a Geography lesson. Miss Burton is showing a film about China. But one of the children, Johnny, is dreaming. In his dream, he is sitting on a dragon flying along the Great Wall of China. Johnny is happy. He loves flying. He loves riding the red dragon. Then Miss Burton stops the film and starts asking auestions.

'Johnny,' she says, 'When it's three o'clock in the afternoon in London, what's the time in Beijing?'



Johnny says, 'It's my dragon.' The children laugh. Miss Burton doesn't laugh.

The next lesson is Maths. The children all work in their workbook.

Johnny isn't doing any work in his workbook. He loves doing Maths puzzles in his head. Then Miss Burton starts asking questions.

'What is fourteen plus twelve?' she asks Jenny.

'Twenty-six,' Jenny answers.

'Johnny,' Miss Burton asks, 'What is forty plus eighteen?' 'I think the number two is at the top of the triangle,'

Johnny says.

The children laugh. Miss Burton doesn't.

The next day the children have Science. Miss Burton tells the children about the lifecycle of butterflies. Johnny is dreaming. In his dream, he is in Art class. He has to paint a butterfly on a T-shirt.



Value: appreciating different ways of thinking; reading skills

Miss Burton stops talking and starts asking questions.

'What do caterpillars eat?' she asks Johnny. 'T-shirts,' Johnny says.

The children laugh. Miss Burton doesn't.

The next day the children have Music. Miss Burton plays some music – a piano concert. Johnny is dreaming. Johnny is on stage. He is singing and playing the guitar. There are hundreds of people watching. When he stops, the people clap their hands and shout.

The music stops and Miss Burton starts asking questions about it. 'What music is this?' she says to Johnny.

'Come on, come on, it's time to dance,' Johnny starts singing. The children laugh. Miss Burton doesn't.





Two weeks later, the children have to write a story for a competition.

'Who can write the best story?' Miss Burton says. Johnny writes a fantastic story. It's about dragons and butterflies, a guitar concert, puzzles and other wonderful things. Johnny wins first prize.

The children don't laugh; they clap and shout, 'Hurray Johnny!' Miss Burton smiles. 'It's a beautiful story. Read it to us!'

#### Think!) Put the story in order.

- Johnny does a Maths puzzle in his head.
- Miss Burton teaches Science.

Johnny dreams of painting a butterfly on a T-shirt.

- Miss Burton shows a film.
- Johnny wins the competition.
- Miss Burton teaches Music.

Johnny dreams of playing the guitar.

- Miss Burton teaches Maths.
- Johnny dreams of flying on a dragon.



# Can you do Johnny's puzzle?

Write the numbers in the circles so that each line of three numbers adds up to 20.



Learn and think

Musical Instruments



## Read about different families of musical instruments.



#### wind instruments

You use your mouth to play these instruments. You blow through the instrument to make a sound.

pan pipes



violin



#### stringed instruments

Instruments with strings are called stringed instruments. Easy? Well what about the piano? It's a stringed instrument but you can't see the strings. They are inside the piano.

#### percussion instruments

We use percussion instruments to play the rhythm of the music. When you listen to the drums you hear a rhythm.







Write the names of the instruments in Activity 1 in the columns. wind instruments stringed instruments percussion instruments

18



#### Answer the questions.

- 1 What other musical instruments do you know? What family are they from?
- 2 Do you play an instrument? If you do, how often do you play it? If you don't, what instrument would you like to play, and why?

#### Project) Make some maracas.

- Take two empty plastic bottles. Fill them with rice. Shake them to hear the sound they make. Add some rice or take some out until you like the sound.
- 2 Decorate your maracas.
- 3 Play some music and beat the rhythm.

Which musical instrument family are your maracas from?



Music (19



2)

## Our favourite subjects

#### Work in groups of four. Draw a table. Ask and write.

Favourite subject	Names	
I.T.	Maria	1
English	Shelley, Joshua, Tom	3

Maria, what's your favourite subject?

I.T.

#### Add up all the answers from the groups on the board.

Subject	Total	
I.T.	3	
English	4	

#### Make a bar chart and talk about the results.



20

#### My scrapbook

## Make a scrapbook

Take a new notebook and make a nice cover. You can use coloured paper, stickers, photos and cloth. Write your name on it.







Write your profile on the first page of your scrapbook.

My name: Noah

My class: English

My teacher's name: Peter

My favourite colour: orange

My favourite song: Mr Blue

My favourite book: Super Minds

I like eating: ice cream

I like drinking: tea

People in my family: my mother, my sister Jane, my dog Alf

Write some rules for your English class.

## <u>English class rules:</u>

We have to speak English. We have to do our homework. We have to listen to ... We have to read a book every ...



Food

Would you like ... ?



Listen, read and circle the roll.



Guess what's in my roll!



Are there any tomatoes?



Yes, there are some tomatoes.



Is there any cheese?



No, there isn't any cheese.



Is there any chicken?



Yes, there's some chicken.





Is there any cheese? There isn't any cheese. There is some cheese.

focus

Are there any oranges? There aren't any oranges. There are some oranges.

C

0

6

Play the imaginary sandwich game.



 $\begin{bmatrix} CD \\ 32 \end{bmatrix}$  Listen to the song. Write the numbers of the food and drink you hear. 3

A picnic, a picnic, A picnic's lots of fun! Come with us, there's lots of food, For a picnic in the sun.

Are there any (1) ? Is there any (2) Yes, there's lots of lovely food, For all my friends and me.

Is there any (3) Is there any (4) ? Yes, there are lots of lovely drinks, Come along and see.

A picnic, a picnic, ...

Are there any (5) ? ? Is there any (6)\_ Yes, there are lots of lovely things, For a picnic by the lake.

4

A picnic, a picnic, ...



Listen and sing.

Play the chain game.

In my picnic basket, there are some tomatoes.

5

In my picnic basket, there aren't any tomatoes, but there are some apples.

6



The golden apple



Lucy: Buster. Buster, what's the matter? Ben: Lucy, look, a snake. It bit Buster. Let's take him to the village. It's not far. Lucy: Let's go now. Come on.



Lucy: Can you help us? A snake bit our dog. Ben: He's very ill. Have you got any medicine? Woman: No, but go to the old man in the hut next to the big tree. He can help you.



**Man:** Take your dog to the top of the mountain. There's a waterfall there. Above it, there's a tree with a golden apple. Your dog has to eat that apple.



Horax: Quick. I want to get to that apple first. We don't want Buster to get better! Lucy: Look Ben, there are Horax and Zelda.



Lucy: Look at the tree. It's Horax and Zelda. Ben: Hey, Horax. Stop! Zelda: Do you want any help, Horax? Horax: No. I think I've got it.



Zelda: Horax, you fool! Ben: Thanks for the apple, Horax!





Ben: Lucy, look. There's a letter. Lucy: It's an *I*, Ben. It's our first letter. Ben: Shall we write it in the book? Lucy: Good idea.



Lucy: Bye, Horax. Bye, Zelda. Ben: And thanks again for the apple. Zelda: You kids. Just you wait!

## Write *t* (true) or *f* (false).

- 1 Lucy and Ben take Buster to a village.
- 2 A woman tells Ben and Lucy about the waterfall.
- 3 The apple tree is under a waterfall.
- 4 The kids have to find a silver apple.
- 5 Horax gets to the tree first.
- 6 Lucy finds the letter in a pool near the waterfall.
- **3** Find who says ...

Shall we write it in the book?

Listen and say.



An iguana eating ice cream in an igloo.





#### Read and tick ( $\checkmark$ ) what the children eat for breakfast.



Amy from Britain

On Saturdays my dad makes us a very special breakfast. We have sausage, bacon,

fried tomatoes, beans, fried eggs and some toast. We drink tea and orange juice.



Rodolfo from Mexico I live in the north of Mexico, I eqt

a breakfast called salchicha con huevo. This is sausage with scrambled eggs. We eat it with

tortillas. It's very good. You should try it.





#### Ana from Brazil

In Brazil we call breakfast café-damanhã. There are lots of different foods you

can have. I have bread and cheese and then a piece of special cake. We also eat a lot of fruit. I like mango and watermelon.



#### **Mustafa from Turkey**

The breakfast table in our house is full of food. There is bread, white cheese, yellow

cheese, tomatoes, olives, honey, salami (a kind of sausage) and eggs. We all drink black tea. Breakfast is my favourite meal.

	1	2	3	4	5	6
			10° ° ° ° ° °	<b>C</b>		
Amy						
Rodolfo						
Ana						
Mustafa	9					

Write about breakfast in your country.

I love breakfast. I have bread ...

## Learn and think

# Food chains and habitats

1

grass

Read, look and draw lines. What do these animals eat?

We all need energy to grow, run, jump and play. We get our energy from the food we eat. That's why we often feel weak and tired when we are hungry.

Animals also get their energy from food, Different animals eat very different things.

#### Think! Read and draw arrows to make food chains.

A food chain shows us what animals eat. All food chains start with the sun and plants. Plants use the sun to grow. Some animals eat plants to get energy. Some animals eat other animals to get energy.

owl



Grass gets energy from the sun, rabbits eat grass and foxes eat rabbits. This is an example of a food chain.

fox

rabbit

surgeon fish shark





Listen, read and look at the picture. Talk about the food chain in the rainforest.

Snakes eat frogs. Frogs eat ...

The place where an animal lives is called a 'habitat'. The habitat in the picture is the rainforest.

Animals and plants living in the same place need each other to get food. Can you think of any other habitats and their food chains?

2)

#### Project Choose a habitat and make a food chain.

- 1 Draw the habitat. You can also stick photographs.
- 2 Draw and cut out pictures for the food chain.
- 3 Stick in the pictures to make a food chain.





Act out

## In the pizza restaurant

## Choose a role card. Read and plan.



## Useful language

#### Waiter

Can I help you? Sorry, we haven't got any ... How about ... ?

#### **Customer** I'd like a ... Have you got any ... ?

I don't like ... ? Can I have ... ?



Hello. Can I help you?







#### Write your words in lists.

My favourites 😳 😳	I like 🙂	I don't like 🛞	I really don't like 🛞 🛞
sausages orange juice chicken	cherries	pizza sandwiches	coffee pineapple

Write about a meal you would like and a meal you would not like. Add photos or drawings.

My favourite meal is sausages with chips and peas, apple juice to drink and cherries.



I don't like fish with onions and tomatoes. I don't like pineapple and I don't like coffee. Ugh!





#### Listen and correct the sentences.

- 1 The boy calls the dog 'Buster'.
- 3 Lucy doesn't like cooking.

- Buster is still feeling ill.
- 4 Ben likes washing up.

2

No. I don't like washing up.

Guess what your friend likes / doesn't like doing.

I think you like washing up.








### After school ...

- 1 I do my homework at quarter past five.
- 2 I have dinner at six o'clock.
- 3 I wash up at half past six.
- 4 I take the dog for a walk at quarter to seven.
- 5 I brush my teeth at quarter past eight.
- 6 I go to bed at half past eight.





Listen to the song. Write the numbers.





10

10



10

10



I do the shopping at half past three. Then I walk the dog and I make the tea. I do the washing up at quarter past four. Then I tidy up and sweep the floor.

110

10

....

1

1

10

No

10

No

10

10

10

10

10

10

No

NO

10

Oh what a busy day, So much work to do. There's no time to play. So much work to do!

I do my homework at quarter to eight. Then I feed the dog. I can't be late. I climb into bed at half past ten. I sleep till the morning, then I start again.



Oh what a busy day, ...



Listen and sing.

HOME WOLK HO



Close your book. Play the memory game.

She does the shopping at half past three.

Then she walks the dog.



Listen. Put ticks (1) or crosses (X) in the table.





After school	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
walk dog at quarter to six						
do homework at quarter past five before dinner						
wash up after dinner						
go to bed at half past nine						



Grammar Listen and say.

Amy always walks her dog at quarter to six. Amy usually does her homework at quarter past five. Amy sometimes washes up after dinner at quarter to eight. Amy never goes to bed at half past nine.

Play the true or false game.

focus

Amy sometimes walks her dog after school. True or false?

False. She always walks her dog after school.





Ben: So what does the next clue mean?Lucy: Well, the letter's in this village. But where?Ben: Let's look for it tomorrow morning. It's quarter past nine and I'm tired.



Horax: It's here. The next letter is in this village. Zelda: Let's wait for dark. Horax: Good idea. We can look for it after dark.



**Horax:** It isn't here. **Zelda:** I'm tired and I don't like this village. It's half past ten. Let's go soon.



Ben: Oh no! What a mess!Lucy: 'Helping hands', remember the clue.Ben: Yes, maybe this is what we have to do before we find the next letter.



Ben: This table is heavy! There's no letter here.



**Lucy:** Why do I always get the horrible jobs? Where is that letter? We have to find it soon!



3



Lucy: What's that? Yes! Ben, come here! Ben: What is it? Lucy: I've got something to show you.



**Ben:** Wow! It's the next letter. **Lucy:** The letter *F*. Now we've got our second letter!



### Answer the questions.

Who ...

- 1 wants to look for the clue in the morning?
- 2 listens to the kids talk about the clue?
- **3** doesn't like the village?
- 4 turns the table over?
- 5 tidies up the rubbish?
- 6 finds the next letter?

3 Find who says ... /

The letter *F*. Now we've got our second letter!



Listen and say.



Vic sells fabulous fans from the back of his van.

### Story time

### Look at the pictures and write t (true) or f (false).

- 1 There are two robots in the laboratory.
- 2 The boy has to clean the laboratory.
- 3 The boy tells the robot to sweep the floor.
- 4 The scientist is happy when he comes back.
- **CD2 Read and listen. Check your answers.**

scientist

# Arnold and the robot

laboratory

6



William sometimes teaches Arnold how to build a robot, but Arnold never listens. So he doesn't know much about robots. Arnold doesn't like his job very much because he doesn't like difficult work.

bucket

robot

One day William goes into town to buy some things. 'When I come back at half past three,' he says to Arnold, 'I want to see this room clean. I want you to tidy the table. I want you to sweep the floor and I want you to wash the floor. Goodbye and work hard!'

> Arnold tidies the table. Then he sweeps the floor and thinks, 'Now I have to wash the floor.'

40 Value: learning responsibility; reading skills



He gets a bucket and fills it with water and then he has an idea. 'I want a robot to help me.'

He presses a button and says, 'Robot wash the floor.' The robot takes the bucket and throws the water over the floor. Then it picks up the bucket, fills it with water and throws the water over the floor again.

'Stop,' shouts Arnold, but the robot doesn't

stop. Arnold presses another button. But now the robot works really fast, filling the bucket and pouring the water. The laboratory is full of water. Arnold doesn't know what to do.



Just then, the door opens. It's William. He looks at the water. He is very angry.

> He goes over to the robot and presses some buttons. The robot stops still.

> > 'Now clean up,' William says to Arnold. 'You've got all night.' Arnold starts working. It takes him a long time.

'Next time William teaches me I am going to listen carefully,' he thinks.

### Think!) Put the story in order.

- Arnold gives the robot a bucket of water.
- William goes into town.
- The robot throws water over the floor.
- Arnold tidies the table.
- Arnold shouts, 'Stop.'
- Arnold sweeps the floor.
- William arrives home.
- Arnold has an idea.

### Play the robot game.



### Learn and think

# Saving Water

1<sup>CD2</sup> Listen, read and circle.

Water covers a lot of the Earth, but less and less of this water is OK to drink because it is dirty. Every year, there are more people on the Earth who need water. Many places do not have much water because it doesn't rain very often. This means we have to save water.

But many people aren't using less water, they are using more. Often, people *waste* water. This means that they use water when they don't have to. We have to try to save water, not waste it.



- 1 Every year there are more / less people in the world.
- 2 Every year we use more / less water.



42

earn and think

0





### Project (Think!) How much water does a dripping tap waste?



- Put a cup under a dripping tap. Wait for ten minutes.
- How much water does the tap 3 waste every: a hour? b day?



- Measure how much water there 2 is in the cup.
- 4 What could you use the wasted water for?

### Our jobs at home



In our class there are 12 children who sometimes cook at home and there are 9 children who never cook...

44

**Find out** 

# My family

### Write a list of things people in your family do.

my mum	my sister	I	
works on the computer	goes to school	<u>go to</u>	

Underline each word in your list in a colour to show how often people do it.

always

My scrapbook

usually

often

sometimes

### What do the people in your family do at the weekend?

My mum often works on the computer. My sister never makes breakfast ... I sometimes go to ...

### Write a poem and add photos or drawings. Use the text to help you.

I always go to school on Mondays, I usually ... on Tuesdays, I sometimes ... on Wednesdays, I like doing things that way. I always ... on Thursdays, I usually ... on Fridays, But I never ... at the weekend, Because that's the time to play.



Revision 45





Prepositions 47



Opposite the library, In the square, I'm looking for the <sup>(1)</sup>\_ But it's not there.

Just below the <sup>(2)</sup> Near the shop, My map says there's a <sup>(3)</sup> But there is not.

In front of the <sup>(4)</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ In the street, There's a place Where people always meet.

l'm waiting here, For Jennifer and Kate, But they're already Three hours late.

Excuse me, can you help me find my way? I'm getting lost everywhere I go today. I don't really understand this town. Of course you don't, Your <sup>(5)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ is upside down!



### Listen and sing.



### Play the town game.

Close your eyes. Imagine you can see a town. There's a big library. What's near it? Near the library there's an old school. You close your eyes. Imagine the old school. What's opposite it? What can you see there?



### Listen and number.



Grammar

focus





a T-shirt.





Listen and say.



### Where are you going? Complete the sentences. Then act out.

- I'm going to the market \_\_\_\_\_\_ some apples.
- 2 I'm going to the sports centre \_\_\_\_\_\_ swimming.
- 3 I'm going to my friend's place \_\_\_\_\_\_ a DVD.
- 4 I'm going to the library \_\_\_\_\_\_ a book.
- 5 I'm going to the supermarket
- 6 I'm going to my grandma's \_\_\_\_\_\_ in the kitchen.

to read to watch to go to buy to buy to help

Where are you going?

I'm going to the ... to ... What about you?





**Zelda:** They're going to the tower. **Lucy:** Let's hurry, Ben. The tower's near the market square. **Ben:** OK. Come on, Buster.



Lucy: Look, the tower's over there, near the school. The next letter's waiting for us! Ben: Wow! There's a funfair!



**Ben:** Let's go to the funfair. **Lucy:** Sorry, Ben. We're going to the tower to get the next letter. No time to play!



**Ben:** Come on, Lucy! **Lucy:** Mmm. The tower is high but ... the Pirate Ship is higher.



Ben: Lucy! Where are you going? Lucy: I'm going to the funfair to get the next letter! Ben: What!



Lucy: Let's go on the Pirate Ship. Quick! Ben: The Pirate Ship?





Ben: We're above the tower!Lucy: Yes, we're really high now. It's scary!Ben: There's the letter. Look!Lucy: It's an *R*. Great!



Horax: Oh, no! Zelda: We're in the wrong place!

### **Think** Read and find the pictures in the story.

- 1 Find a picture where someone is excited. What makes them excited?
- **2** Find a picture where someone is scared. What are they scared of?
- 3 Find a picture where someone is angry. What makes them angry?
- 4 Find a picture where someone is happy. What makes them happy?

**Find who says ...** It's an *R*. Great!



Listen and say.



Roxy, Ron and Ray are the Triple R rock stars from Mars.

Phonics focus: /ɑː/ and /r/ 51





bus stop

ANK

bank

Skills



TOWN MAP

castle



sports centre





People go there to get money. 1

REFERENCE

It's old, and often next to a town. 2

library

- This is a place where you go to find interesting books. 3
- It's a good place to buy fruit and vegetables. 4
- You go there to play football, basketball and go swimming. 5
- You need it in a town when you are new. It helps you 6 to find places.

QUIET PLEASE



#### CD2 22 Listen and find out where they are going. Write M (Millie), B (Barney), C (Chuck) and A (Amanda).











<u>\_</u>



Ask and answer.

Where's Millie going?

Why?

She's going to the playground.

To play on the swings.

Imagine a stone-age person. Write where he/she is going and why.

This is Tom. He is going to the sports centre to play baseball.



### Learn and think

# Directions

### Read about directions and write the letters S (South), E (East) and W (West).

We use north, south, west and east to talk about directions.

- North (N) points up.
- South (S) is opposite north.
- East (E) points to the right.
- West (W) is opposite east.

#### Look at the map and answer.

You are in Birmingham. Write a city to your:

- north
- south 2
- east 3
- west

CD2

Think! names of the cities on the map.

Listen, read and write the

**Cardiff** is south and west of Birmingham.

Aberdeen is north and east of Edinburgh.

Manchester is north and a bit west of Birmingham.

Brighton is south and west of London.

Birmingham Aberystwyth

Edinburgh

Norwich •

London

Geography

### Learn and think



You can use a compass to find your way. Compasses have a pointer that always points north. Compasses are very important instruments for explorers and map makers to help them find where they are going. But we now use compasses less often than before. This is because there is a new gadget called a GPS. A GPS works by satellite and helps people to find their way. Lots of people in cars use GPS systems. - pointer



GPS (global positioning system)

- 1 Have you ever used a compass? Where and when?
- 2 Look at the compass in the photo. What do you think the letters NE, NW, SE and SW mean?
  - Project Make a compass. Use your compass to find out where things are in your classroom.



1 Collect the things in the picture.



2 Use the tape to stick the magnet into the case.



Put the case into the bowl of water.



The magnet always points north. Move the bowl about. Act out

## Help a visitor in your town

Choose a role card. Read and plan.

### STUDENT A

You are visiting a town. Ask the way to one of these places:

- the bank
- the sports centre
- the castle
- the library
- the train station
- Ask a boy/girl from the town.

# STUDENT B

You live in the town. Think about where these places are:

- the bank
- the sports centre
- the castle
- the library
- the train station

Tell the visitor where the place is.

### Useful language

#### Visitor

Excuse me. Can you help me, please? Where's the ... ?

### **Boy/Girl**

Yes, of course.

You're welcome!

I'm sorry. I don't know. No problem! The ... is opposite / next to / below / between the ...

It's ....

Thank you. That's very kind.

### Act out your play.

Where's the ... ?





Imagine you are in a town. Write where you are at the different times.

9 o'clock: I'm in the library.10 o'clock: I'm in the café.11 o'clock: I'm in the shoe shop.12 o'clock: I'm ...2 o'clock: I'm going home.2 o'clock: I'm ...

People are writing you messages. Write their messages and your answers.

9:00 What are you doing? Mum. 9:00 Hi, Mum. I'm going to the library to get a book.





Listen and correct the sentences.

- 1 Ben doesn't like the sea.
- 3 The children think the octopus is ugly.



There's a shark in the swimming pool.

- 2 Lucy thinks the clue is under the sea.
- 4 Lucy is worried about Horax and Zelda.

There's a shark and a seahorse in the swimming pool.

### (Think) Listen, read and write the names under the animals.



#### The great auk

CD2 27

> Great auks were sea birds. There were lots of them on the islands north of Britain. Their food was fish. People wanted the auks' meat, feathers and eggs. Now there aren't any great auks.

#### The baiji

Baijis were dolphins from China. But they weren't sea dolphins, they were river dolphins. A long time ago, the river was very quiet. There weren't many people and there were lots of dolphins. Now there are lots of boats on the river and there aren't any dolphins.



Great auks **were** sea birds. Their food **was** fish Baijis **weren't** sea dolphins. The river **wasn't** very busy.

Ь



Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences.



A A

- 1 They \_\_\_\_\_\_ small.
- 2 They \_\_\_\_\_ brown.
- 3 They \_\_\_\_\_ orange.









There was a blue fish in the pool, Mum was scared, but I was cool.

There were green fish in my bed, There was one on my mum's head.

Fish, fish, everywhere, On the sofa, on the chair. Quick, quick, Sue and Frank, Get the fish back in the tank!

There was a pink fish on the mat, It was really big and fat.

There were red fish on the floor, Five or six or maybe more.

Fish, fish, everywhere, On the sofa, on the chair. Quick, quick, Sue and Frank, Get the fish back in the tank!



Listen and sing.

Play the memory game.

There were three pink fish.

No, there weren't, there was one!



### Look, listen and draw lines.



Were you in the park?





Lucy: I can't see a letter. Ben: What about that giant shell over there? Lucy: Good idea. Maybe the letter's in there. Ben: Let's have a look.



Lucy: Hurry up, Ben. Is there a letter there? Ben: No, I don't think so. Lucy: Let's look in a different place.



Ben: Help, Lucy! I can't get my arm out.I'm stuck.Lucy: I'm sorry, Ben. I can't open the shell.



**Zelda:** I don't think the shark is very happy with us, Horax. **Horax:** What! Not me you stupid shark. The children. Get the children!



**Ben:** Oh no! It's Horax and Zelda. **Lucy:** And a shark! I'm scared. **Horax:** Come out my beauty.



Horax: Help! Help! Ben: That shark doesn't like Horax. Lucy: No. I don't think he was happy in Horax's cage.





**Ben:** Thank you, octopus. You're very helpful. **Lucy:** Finally. Now we can go and find that letter.



Lucy: Look! Look at the fish. Ben: It's the letter S! Lucy: Now we've got our fourth letter.

### Read and draw lines to make sentences.

- 1 Lucy and Ben
- 2 Ben
- 3 Horax
- 4 The shark
- 5 The octopus
- 6 The fish

- a has got a shark in a cage.
- b helps Ben escape.
- c gets stuck in a big shell.
- d make the letter S.
- e are looking for the letter.
- f doesn't like Horax and Zelda.
- **3** Find who says ... / I'm sorry, Ben. I can't open the shell.





Sam gets some short socks at the Super Special Shoe Shop.

Story time

### Think!) Look at the pictures and guess what the story is about.



Read and listen. Check your answers.

## What Christine found



Christine lives on a small farm on an island near Ireland. Her best friend is Ryan. Ryan's dad has a big farm next to Christine's parents' farm. One evening in July there is a big storm.

Early next morning Ryan knocks on Christine's door. 'Get up, Christine,' he shouts. 'Let's go treasure

hunting on the beach.

Christine gets up quickly and they go to the beach to look for shells and other beautiful things. Suddenly Christine shouts,

'Look there's something in that net over there.'

Ryan runs over and they find a small bird in the net.

The bird is black and white, with orange legs and it has an orange and black bill.

'What sort of bird is that?' says Ryan.

'l don't know,' Christine answers.

They run back to Christine's farm and show the beautiful bird to Christine's dad.

'It's a young puffin,' he tells them. 'Puffins hunt for fish in the water. They can fly and they are very good at swimming. There were lots of puffins on the island, but now there aren't many.'







'Why not?' Christine asks.

'There aren't many fish any more,' says her dad. The children get a box and put some grass in it and then put the small puffin in it. Christine's mum gives the children some fish and they feed the puffin.

In July and August, Ryan comes over to Christine's house every morning and every evening to feed the

puffin. It gets bigger and bigger. One morning
at the end of the summer there is no puffin in the box.
'Where is it?' Christine asks her mum.
'I'm sure the puffin is with his friends out in the sea.'
'Will it come back next year?' asks Christine.
'I don't know,' her mum says.

It's a year later. Christine is looking for shells on the beach again. Suddenly, she can hear Ryan.

'Come quickly,' he is shouting.

Christine runs along the beach and then she sees them. There are three puffins on the cliff near their farm. Christine is sure that one of them is their puffin. She is very happy.



### Complete the sentences.

- 1 Christine and Ryan \_\_\_\_\_ on farms on the coast of Ireland.
- 2 Ryan wants to go \_\_\_\_\_ hunting on the beach.
- 3 Christine sees something in a
- 4 Christine's father tells the children what sort of \_\_\_\_\_\_ it is.
- 5 Puffins love hunting for
- 6 The children \_\_\_\_\_ some grass in the box.
- 7 The children \_\_\_\_\_ the puffin every day.
- 8 A year \_\_\_\_\_ the children see three puffins on a cliff.

Read again and complete the fact sheet.

Puffin fact sheet		
Puffins are		
Their bills are		
Their legs		
They can		
They are very good at		
They eat		



### earn and think



### Think!) Listen, read and answer.

Patterns and symmetry can be found all around us in the natural world. There are examples of patterns on page 66. But what is symmetry? Something has symmetry when you can draw a line down the middle and the two sides are the same shape. We can also say that it is symmetrical.



C

This starfish is symmetrical.

This seahorse is asymmetrical.

Which of these pictures are symmetrical? Look and tick ( $\checkmark$ ).

Ь



- Draw a line on a piece of paper. Draw half a fish.
- 2 Cut out your half fish.



Fold and draw around your fish. Then cut out your fish.

Paint the top half of the fish then press the bottom half onto it.



Open your 5 fish and make an ocean scene.

3



Art and Maths 67

### Find out

### Where were we on Saturday afternoon?

Draw a table. Write in the names of the children from your group. Ask questions and write the answers in the table.

Name	Where were you on Saturday afternoon?		
James	at the theatre		
Aruna	at home		
Vee	in the swimming pool		
Alice	at a friend's house		

2 Write a big list of all the places. Tick (✓) the number of children and count them.

Place	Number of children	Total	
	number of children	Jotal	
at the theatre	$\checkmark$	1	
at home	<i>JJJJJ</i>	5	
at the cinema	11	2	The !!
at the park	<i>SSS</i>	3	2
in a shop	$\int \int \int$	3	
at a friend's house	<i></i>	4	
at my grandparents' how	use 🗸	2	
at a party	$\checkmark$	1	* OC
in the garden	<i>」」」」」</i>	4	5 90
in the swimming pool	55	2	The
at the beach	$\checkmark$	1	42

### **3)** Talk about your results.

Three children in our class were at the park on Saturday afternoon.

רמרטי

### My scrapbook

# Sea creatures

# Find information about a sea creature and make notes.

### Animal: turtle

- Where do they live? in water (salt water and fresh water)
- What do they look like? brown, green, yellow, grey, four legs, hard shell
- How do they have their young? lay eggs in the sand on the beach, then go away, babies open egg, start to swim
- How long do they live? 40-70 years, but the oldest turtle is about 175-years-old!
- Other interesting facts: turtles have very good eyes, and they haven't got ears.

### Find pictures and write about your sea creature.

I like turtles. They are beautiful. They are green, yellow, grey and brown. They live in the sea, rivers or lakes. They eat plants and small animals. Turtles lay eggs on beaches. They put their eggs into the sand. The baby turtles swim. Turtles usually live for 40–70 years, but they can live up to 175 years.



# Codgets

LIFT

Listen and say the words. Then check with a friend.

- 1 lift
- 2 walkie-talkie

6

- 3 torch
- 4 CD player
- 5 mp3 player
- 6 mobile phone
- 7 electric fan
- 8 laptop
- 9 electric toothbrush
- 10 games console

The next letter is underground. Go to the caves and look around.

10 play!

3

7

2

8

LAPTOP

SMILE!

4

LAPTOP

9

Mu

- Listen and answer.
- 1 Where is the next letter?
- 3 What do they buy?

- 2 What is £8?
- 4 Who do they see?
- You are going on holiday. Decide what you want to buy.

Let's buy an electric toothbrush.

Oh yes, and how about an mp3 player?
#### Listen and read. Write the words.

Assistant:	Can I help you?
Jane:	Yes. How much is this games console?
Assistant:	The DX24? It's £75.
Jane:	And this one?
Assistant:	The DX32 is more expensive. It's £99.
Jane:	So the DX24 is cheaper.
Assistant:	Yes, but the DX24 is bigger and the DX32 is smaller.
Jane:	The DX32 is more beautiful. But there's only one problem.
Assistant:	What's that?
Jane:	I've got £75. The DX32 is £99!



175 199 sindar big					
	price (£)	size			
DX24					
DX32					

f99 small hig

£75

CD2

focus

Grammar Listen and say.

The DX24 is bigger than the DX32. The DX32 is smaller than the DX24. The DX32 is more expensive than the DX24.

#### What is more expensive? Play the guessing game.



#### Listen to the song. Write Tom or Sue by their bikes.

- Tom: My bike is bigger And faster than yours, And more beautiful too. My bike is lighter And newer than yours, And it's more expensive too.
- Sue: It's true that ... Your bike is bigger And faster than mine. And it's more beautiful too. Your bike is lighter And newer than mine. And it's more expensive too.

But I ride my bike every day, In the sun and in the rain. Your bike just stays inside, It never comes out to play.



Tom: So you ride your bike every day, In the sun and in the rain. I want to take my bike outside too, Can I come out and play with you?



#### Listen and sing.



#### Choose pictures and talk with a friend. Use the words to help you.

My car is faster than yours.









Yes, but my car is cheaper than yours.



beautiful big new fast small happy expensive cheap sad



#### Read and number the pictures.





focus

- This is the world's 1 fastest car. It can go at 260 km/h!
- This is the world's 2 most expensive bed. It costs \$6.3 million!
- This is the world's 3 biggest aeroplane. It has 520 seats!
- Is this the world's 4 most beautiful dog? What do you think?







4





#### Complete the sentences. Tell your friend.

- is the happiest person I know.
- is the easiest subject 2 at school.
- is the smallest person 3 in my family.
  - is the funniest TV show.
- is the most beautiful 5 person I know.

My mum is the most

beautiful person I know.

**Superlatives** 73





**Lucy:** The book says go to the caves. Here we are. **Ben:** Somewhere down there is the next letter.



Ben: Stay here and watch for Horax and Zelda.Lucy: OK. Have you got your walkie-talkie and torch?Ben: Yes. I've got everything.



Ben: It's much darker down here. The torch was a good idea.Lucy: Can you see the letter?Ben: No, I can't.



**Ben:** Wow! What beautiful cave paintings. What's that? It's the letter *E*. *E* is the fifth letter in our puzzle.



Ben: Oh no. It's Zelda and Horax. I have to hide!



Horax: Where are those kids? Ben: Lucy, I've got a problem. Horax and Zelda are here. Lucy: Don't worry. I've got an idea.



Value: being resourceful; reading for pleasure

6



Buster: Grrrrrr! Zelda: What's that? Horax: I don't know. I'm scared. Zelda: Let's run!



**Ben:** Great idea, Lucy! **Lucy:** Well done, Buster. You're the cleverest dog in the world.



Irene uses her nose to smell limes, cake and roses.



#### 2) Look at the pictures and talk about the differences.

Cheaper than the fan in B.









Listen and tick (✓) the things you hear.

Now listen again and write the prices of the things you hear.

Choose one of the things in the picture. Write a dialogue between Sara and the shop assistant.

# Numbers

CD 3 08

#### Listen, read and answer.

Imagine a world with no numbers. No counting, no money, no Maths! Numbers are very important and they are also very old.

The numbers we use today are called Hindu-Arabic numbers. Imagine it's the 12th century. Leonardo Pisano Fibonacci, an Italian professor of Maths, travels to North Africa. He sees the numbers they use there. They are much easier to use than the



numbers in Italy. When he goes back to Europe, he shows people the numbers from North Africa. People soon use them all over the world.

- 1 What things do we need numbers for? We need numbers for ...
- 2 Where do the numbers we use today come from?

#### Read and write the numbers.



Before Hindu-Arabic numbers, the numbers in Europe were called Roman Numerals. You can still see Roman Numerals today. Roman Numerals are letters. Do you know any Roman Numerals?

Here are some examples:

You combine these letters to make other numbers. For example:

VI = 6 [V+I] XVIII = 18 [X+V+I+I+I] But when you put the smaller numbers on the left, you subtract to make the number.

X = 10

IV = 4 [V - I]IX = 9 [X - I]

I = 1 V = 5

 1
 What are these Roman Numerals?
 2
 Write the Roman Numerals for:

 III
 8
 25

 XVI
 33
 33

Read and solve the puzzle. What are the next two numbers in the Fibonacci Sequence?

6

**Maths and History** 

79

Leonardo Pisano Fibonacci also invented a very simple sequence of numbers called the Fibonacci Sequence. Here it is:



Actout

## Go shopping

Choose a role card. Read and plan.

#### STUDENT A

You are in a shop. Choose three things you want to buy:

- a torch
- a walkie-talkie
- a CD player
- a games console
- an electric toothbrush
- a laptop

You have £100 to spend. Talk to the shop assistant and see what you can buy.

#### Useful language

#### Assistant

Good morning/afternoon. Can I help you? Yes, we have. / No, we haven't. It's ... pound(s). Of course!

## STUDENT B

You are a shop assistant. Find out the prices from your teacher and write them:

- a torch £
- a walkie-talkie £
- a CD player £
- a games console £
- an electric toothbrush £ • a laptop £

Talk to the customer and help him/her buy some gadgets.

#### Customer

Have you got ...? How much is ...? Can I buy ...? Thank you.

Act out your play.

Good morning. Can I help you?

Yes, we have.

Creativity 80

Yes, have you got any torches?

#### My scrapbook

## My gadgets

Think of some toys or gadgets you have. Write words about them in a table.

 Gadget	Got it when? Who from?	Looks?	Other facts?
bike	birthday present, from my parents	red and black, bigger than old bike, very beautiful	cycle to lots of places, sometimes to visit grandmother
mp3 player camera	got with money from grandfather 	small, silver, looks cool	listen to music before going to bed, love it!

## 2 Tell your friend about your favourite gadget.

It's my bike. I got it for my last birthday. I got it from my parents.

Write about your favourite gadget.

My favourite gadget is my bike. It was my birthday present from my parents. My old bike was very small. This bike is bigger. It's red and black. It's the most beautiful bike in the world.

I love my bike. I cycle to lots of places on it. I sometimes ride my bike to visit my grandmother at the weekend.





 $\binom{CD3}{10}$  Listen and say the words. Then check with a friend.

6

7

Health



Look, read and put the sentences in order.



CD3











He landed on the floor.

Yesterday, Harry and his friends played basketball.

'Ouch!' shouted Harry.

'Your arm is OK,' the doctor smiled.

Harry jumped up high.

Grammar

focus

The doctor looked at his arm.

Listen and say. Read the story.

jump – jump<mark>ed</mark> shout – shout<mark>ed</mark> land – land<mark>ed</mark> look at – looked at

I was so hungry. Great, spaghetti – yummy! Suddenly the dog jump**ed** onto the table. 'Go away, silly dog!' I shout**ed**. The plate land**ed** on the floor. Now the dog was next to the spaghetti. He look**ed** at the spaghetti.

Change the words to talk about yesterday. Ask and answer.

watch\_\_\_\_ listen\_\_\_ to visit\_\_\_\_ phone\_\_\_\_ play\_\_\_\_ walk\_\_\_



Listen to the song. Number the pictures.



Oh what a week, oh what a week, Oh what a terrible, terrible week!

On Monday, my friend Jonathan Played football with a flea. On Tuesday, my friend Caroline Played the violin for me.

On Wednesday night, I watched a film, And I was really scared. On Thursday night, an elephant Climbed on my father's chair!

Oh, what a week ...

On Friday, after school, I rode a dinosaur back home. On Saturday, I phoned my gran, But her dog ate up her phone.

It's Sunday and I'm in bed. I want to stay here all day long, But then I switch the radio on And what I hear is this song.

Oh, what a week ...



#### Listen and sing.



Play the memory game.

What happened on Monday?

What about Tuesday?

5	Jonathan played
r {	Caroline played

Singing for pleasure

CD 3

#### Think!) Listen and number the pictures.















CD 3 16 Grammar focus

Listen and say. Read the story.

wake up – woke up feel – felt have - had qo – went give – gave say – said

Last Friday, Lily, the lolly monster woke up at half past eight. She felt awful. She had a terrible stomach-ache. She went to the hospital.

The doctor gave her a pink, a red and a blue pill. Lily said, 'Can I have a lolly? I really don't like pills!' 'I'm sorry,' the doctor said, 'No lolly for you!'

#### Work with a friend. Make a story about Choc, the chocolate monster.

Last Monday, Choc ...







**Doctor:** Here we are. Room 209. Go right in, kids. I'll see you and your grandfather later. **Ben:** Thanks so much, Doctor.



**Ben:** Grandpa? Are you all right? I got a text message. It said you're in hospital. **Lucy:** Something isn't right.



Horax: Ha ha! It's so nice of you to visit me in hospital. Welcome, children! Ben: What do you want from us, Horax? Leave us alone!



Lucy: There's no answer. Your grandpa is sleeping. Ben: OK, let's go in quietly.



Ben: Oh no. It's a trap! Lucy: Someone played a trick on us!



**Horax:** You know what I want. I want the book, and I want the letters. **Lucy:** No way. The book is ours. We found it in the castle!



Doctor: Please go outside for a moment, kids. Your grandfather needs an injection. Horax: Well, I'm ... I mean ... I'm not ... Doctor: Just lie down on the bed, please.



Lucy: Thanks, Doctor. We have to go now! Ben: Bye, bye, Grandpa. Hope you get better soon! Horax: Don't go! Wait! I want to ...

#### Read and draw lines to make sentences.

- Ben got 1
- It said, 'Go to the hospital,' 2
- They found Horax 3
- 4 Horax wanted
- At that moment 5
- Lucy and Ben said, 'Bye, bye,' 6

- and not Ben's grandfather there! a
- the book and the letters. b
- the doctor came in. C
- d a text message.
- and went out of the room. e
- but it was a trick. f

Find who says ... Someone played a trick on us!



#### Listen and say.



Mike hiked - he liked it!



Kate skated – she hated it!

#### Story time

- Think!) Read the story quickly and try to find the answers.
- 1 What is the name of the girl in the story?
- 2 What sport does she play?
- 3 What does she hurt?

#### Read and listen. Check your answers.



## Sophia saves the day

The score was 5–5. Suddenly Sophia was in front of the goalkeeper. She kicked the ball very hard.

'Goal! Great! Super, Sophia!' her friends shouted. Sophia was the best player in her team. Sophia's friends were very happy. Sophia was happy too. But there was a problem. She had a pain in her leg.

The next morning Sophia went to hospital with her dad. The doctor was very friendly. She looked at the leg. 'Hmm!' she said. Then she checked Sophia's knee.

'Ouch!' Sophia shouted.

'We have to X-ray your knee,' said the doctor.

'I want to play football with my friends tomorrow,' Sophia said. Again, the doctor said 'Hmm!' Then she went out of the room.

A nurse helped Sophia onto the X-ray machine. Sophia was a little scared, but the X-ray only took two minutes.

'Can we go home now, Dad?' Sophia asked.

'l'm not sure,' her dad answered. Then the doctor came back into the room. She looked at a computer screen for a long time.

'You can't go home,' she said. 'There's a problem with your knee. You have to stay in hospital for two weeks.'



Sophia was very unhappy. The first two

days in hospital were so boring. Then on day three, the doctor came to see her. She gave Sophia a pair of binoculars. They were fantastic. Sophia watched the people in the streets and the boats on the river. And she watched her friends playing football in front of the school!



She was very happy. But what was that? Suddenly Sophia saw something in the wood behind the school. She was very worried and got her mobile phone.

That evening, Sophia's hospital room was full of people. They took photos of Sophia and they interviewed her for TV.

The next morning the doctor came and gave Sophia a newspaper. On the first page there was a photo of Sophia and in big letters it said,

#### 10-year-old saves school!

Sophia looked at the photo. She looked at her binoculars, and then she smiled.



#### 3 🧃

#### Think! Put the story in order.

A nurse gave Sophia an X-ray.

The newspapers wrote a story about Sophia.

Sophia looked through them and saw a fire near her school.

She had to stay in hospital for two weeks.

The doctor gave her a pair of binoculars.

She went to the hospital and the doctor checked her knee.

She called the fire brigade.

Sophia kicked a football hard and hurt her leg.

5 Thi

Think! Write a different story with the same title. Draw a picture.

#### **10-YEAR-OLD GIRL SAVES SCHOOL!**

Think about these questions to help you:

- What is the girl's name?
- Where is she?
- What is the problem with the school?
- What does she do?

# FEVER

#### Read and talk about the questions.

Sometimes you feel very hot when you feel ill. We call this a fever.

Listen, read and answer.

- 1 When did you last feel ill? I last felt ill in February.
- 2 What was the matter?
- 3 Did you feel hot?

Learn and think



in bed with fever



Our body likes to be at a temperature of about 37°C. That's the perfect temperature to make us feel good. But sometimes a virus gets into our body. This makes us sick.

Our body wants to kill the virus so it gets hotter. A small fever starts at about 38°C and a fever above 41°C is dangerous. The high temperature also lets us know that there is something wrong and we can do something to help us get better. When we get better, our body goes back to 37°C again.

Write the words next to the numbers on the thermometer.
get to hospital fever starting feeling great
How do you feel when you get a fever?
Ifeel ... when I get a fever.
thermometer

90



Act out

### At the doctor's

Choose a role card. Read and plan.

### STUDENT A

You are the doctor. A patient is coming to see you.

- Ask what the problem is.
- Ask what happened.
- Check the problem.
- Say what the patient has to do.

## STUDENT B

- You are the patient.
- You have a pain. Decide what the problem is.
- Tell the doctor what happened.
- Tell the doctor where you have the pain.
- Tell the doctor what you want to do tomorrow.

#### Useful language

#### Doctor

What's the matter? What happened?

Let me see.

You have to take a pill / drink lots of water / stay in bed ...

No problem. / No, you can't. You have to ...

#### Patient

I have a pain in my ... I kicked ... / jumped ... / landed on ... Ouch!

Yes, of course. I want to play ... / go ... tomorrow. Is that OK?

Good morning. What's the matter?



Good morning, Doctor.



My scrapbook

## Write a story

Think of a story. It can be a true story or a story you imagine. Use the questions to help you with the story.

Who is the story about?	Tom, 12-years-old, good swimmer
What happened?	swimming, jumped into pool, problem,
	not a lot of water, hurt his head,
	hospital, 3 weeks
When?	2 weeks ago, Sunday
What was the weather like?	very sunny, hot,

#### Plan and write your story. Draw pictures.



Draw and write your story in your scrapbook.



Tom loved swimming. He was very good at it.



One Sunday, it was very hot and Tom wanted to swim. He jumped into the pool, but there was not much water in it.

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#### Hi Dana,

London's great! Yesterday Dad and I went to the zoo. Mum didn't go. She went shopping. We saw lots of animals: elephants, hippos and zebras, but we didn't see the lion. He didn't want to come out of his cave and say, 'Hello'. After the zoo, we went to a pizza restaurant, but I didn't eat pizza. I ate spaqhetti. It was delicious.

See you soon,

Love Molly



We went to the library, but ...



Listen to the song. Number the pictures.



**1** Suzie





2 Paula

3 Danny

Suzie went on holiday, All the way to Spain. She didn't want to go by air, And so she took a train.

All my friends are far away, I'm on my own today ...

Paula went on holiday, To Australia. She didn't read the flight number, And flew to India.

All my friends are far away ... I'm on my own today ...

Danny went on holiday, By ship to Mexico. But Ben and Billy went by bus, Now they're gone and so ...

All my friends are far away,

But I'm not sad, I'm having fun,

I'm reading a great book. Hooray!

I'm on my own today.





2 CD 3 29 L

#### Listen and sing.



#### Play the countries game.

I didn't go to Spain. I went to Brazil.







Match the questions with the answers. Then listen and check.





men

## r: Explorer The final letters



Lucy: What a great football stadium! Ben: Yes, I'd love to go to Rio de Janeiro! Lucy: Where next? Ben: You choose.



Ben: The Great Wall of China. It's amazing!Lucy: Yes, it is. But where are these letters? Have you got any idea, Ben?Ben: Not yet, but let's keep looking.



**Ben:** What's this? **Lucy:** It's the opera house in Sydney, in Australia.



Ben: Hey, look. It's Mr Williams.Mr Williams: Hi, kids. What are you doing here?Lucy: Hello! We're learning about the world.Mr Williams: Well, have a good day.



Lucy: The pyramids and the Sphinx. Cool! Ben: But still no letters. Where can they be?



**Ben:** I'm hungry. I didn't have a very big breakfast this morning. **Lucy:** I'm glad we made these sandwiches.







Lucy: The book! It isn't here! Ben: What happened? Did you drop it? Lucy: I'm not sure. What can we do?



Ben: We have to go and look for the book.Lucy: Maybe not! I can see the missing letters!Ben: What? The *I*, *I* and *A*?Lucy: No, the *N* and *D*!



#### Look, read and answer.

1 In which picture do they visit?







2 What are the missing letters?





Silly Milly made a pyramid of jelly at the gym.



Listen and draw lines.



#### 2) Read and write the words.

The great pyramid of Khufu <sup>(1)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ in Giza, near Cairo. The ancient Egyptians built <sup>(2)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ 5,000 years ago. It is about 140 metres high. It was the <sup>(3)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ building in the world for a very long time. In <sup>(4)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ of the pyramid is the Sphinx. It has the body of a lion and the head <sup>(5)</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a man.

1	a	are	b	is	С	am
2	α	it	b	them	C	him
3	α	tall	b	taller	С	tallest
4	α	behind	b	next	C	front
5	a	by	b	on	C	of





#### Write about your visit to Babylon.

In my time machine, I visited ancient Babylon. It was the year ... I saw a beautiful city. I went to see ... and ... . I really liked ... Learn and think



Think!) What do you think they are? Look and write the words.



The pictures in Activity 1 are examples of Origami. Origami is a Japanese word. 'Ori' means to fold and 'kami' means paper. And that's what Origami is - the art of folding paper to make beautiful models.

Japanese Origami started in the sixth century when monks from China took paper to Japan. Paper was very expensive and Origami was very

special. For many years there were no books about Origami. People in Japan learned how to do it when they watched other people.

In 1954, Origami started to become popular all over the world. A Japanese man called Akira Yoshizawa drew pictures to show how to fold Origami models. People all over the world started to make their own models.

- What is Origami? 📉 Origami is ... )
- Why was Origami so special when it started? 4 What did Akira Yoshizawa do?
- Where is Origami from? 2

4

Look at these modern Origami masks and tell your friend which ones you like the most.

I really like number three. It's funny.

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I think it's scary.

#### Learn and think

(Project) Make an Origami butterfly.



Start with a square piece of paper (15 cm x 15 cm).



3 Now fold the triangle in half to make a smaller triangle.



5 Now fold the second corner up to make the other wing.





2 Fold along the diagonal to make a triangle.



4 Fold one corner upwards to make a butterfly wing.



6 Now open your butterfly.



8 Press on the butterfly body and watch the wings flap.



#### My scrapbook

## Write about a country

#### Choose a country. Find information about the country. Make notes.

 country:	Spain	
where:	Europe	
 cities:	Madrid, Barcelona, Málaga	
 famous for:	sea, mountains, sun, Picasso, football	
 famous for:		

#### Make an information tree about your country.



#### Find pictures and write about your country.

Spain is in Europe. The capital city is Madrid. It is in the middle of the country. Spain has got two great football teams: Real Madrid and Barcelona. Barcelona is another famous city in Spain. It's by the sea. It's got lots of amazing buildings. There are beautiful mountains in the north of Spain, next to France. Picasso was a famous painter from Spain. One day I would like to go to Spain for a holiday.



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2

4



#### Listen and correct the sentences.

- 1 Ben is scared of thunderstorms.
- 3 Ben and Lucy have got the book.



I think you're holding an umbrella.



They are a long way from the castle.

Ben and Lucy have to find two

more letters.






Listen to the song. Number the pictures.

Hey, hey, hey, I'm going to go, I'm going to go on a super holiday, Hey, hey, hey, I'm going to go, I'm going to go on a super holiday.

I'm going to snorkel in the sea, I'm going to climb the highest tree, I'm going to fly my lovely kite, I'm going to dance all through the night.

Hey, hey, hey ...

I'm going to sleep under the moon, I'm going to draw a great cartoon, I'm going to have lots of fun, I'm going to jump and run.

Hey, hey, hey ...



Listen and sing.

Play the chain game.

I'm going to play computer games.

I'm going to play computer games and I'm going to fly my kite.

I'm going to play computer games, I'm going to fly my kite and I'm going to swim in the sea.

Listen, read and write the names under the pictures.



Mrs Beal:	Lily, what are you going to do in your holiday?
Lily:	Nothing much. I'm going to read lots of books.
Mrs Beal:	Oliver and James, what are you going to do?
James:	We're going to stay at home and play all our computer games.
Mrs Beal:	Ruby, what are you going to do in your holiday?
Ruby:	I'm going to Mexico with my mum and dad. I'm going to swim all day.
Mrs Beal:	Dylan, what are you going to do in your holiday?
Dylan:	I'm going to play lots of football and tennis.



Yes, I am.

Are you **going to help** your dad in the garden?

No, we don't like gardening.

#### Look and play the holiday game.

Are you going to listen to music?











1 : Explorer The treasure



Lucy: Look. It's Horax and Zelda. What are they doing? Ben: I don't know but they've got our book. Lucy: Let's hide and find out.



Horax: There's a message with a missing word. We need the letters! Ben: Atchoo! Zelda: What was that?



Horax: How kind of you to visit us!Zelda: Now, give us the letters.Ben: OK, they're N F D I S E R.Horax: Hmm. So, it's a kind of puzzle.



**Zelda:** Go away, stupid dog! **Lucy:** No! It can't be! You're Mr Williams! **Horax:** Yes, now you know. But it doesn't matter. I've got what I need.



Horax: These letters are a puzzle. Zelda: Yes. I think they make a word. Horax: Look! The letters make the word *finders*. Let's write it!



**Horax:** What? The word has to be *finders*! That's what we are – finders! **Zelda:** It's wrong, you fool. Why do you always get things wrong?





Lucy: The word is friends not finders. Only true friends can go in here. Come on Ben!



Ben: Wow! It's beautiful! Lucy: It's amazing! Let's take it to the museum. That's where it belongs. Ben: What a perfect end to our adventure!

Use the code to find out what the statue says.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ イタビ9040のX1114回交中W9年107ム天日コロ回

イ MJJJL10 オ生生年X0交9MのXX,生中年生年X0交9M Jのイブ イキの Jキム10,

ortrowy and the set and the s

Find who says ... What a perfect end to our adventure!



Listen and say.



Fern whirls and twirls in circles in her purple skirt.



Story time





Read and listen. Check your answers.

### Holidays with Grandma



'I don't want to go to Grandma's,' shouted Sean. 'You're going to see all those animals in Africa and I'm going to spend my holidays on a farm. It's not fair.'

'Mum is going to work in a hospital and I'm going to work for an architect,' Dad said. 'We can't take you to Africa with us. I'm sure you're going to have fun with Grandma.'

They drove to Grandma's farm. After dinner, Sean's parents said goodbye to Grandma and Sean and went home. That night Sean wrote a text message to his parents. It read: There's no television in the house  $\textcircledightarrow$  and there are no children on the farm.

A few days later, Sean wrote another text message: It's so boring here.  $\textcircled{\ensuremath{\boxtimes}}$ 

One day after breakfast, Grandma said,

'Come with me, Sean. Let's look at my horse and the pony.'

Sean went to the stable with his grandma and watched her feed the horse and the pony. Then he watched Grandma brush their coats.

'l'm going for a ride,' said Grandma. 'Would you like to come along?'

'l can't ride,' said Sean. 'Come on,' said Grandma, 'l can teach you.'





So they rode slowly for half an hour. The next day they rode for an hour and then they went out even longer. Sean soon loved riding. Every day, first thing in the morning and before dinner, he fed the horses and brushed their coats. He forgot that there was no television and he didn't write any text messages.

After a month, his parents came back from Africa. They went to pick up Sean. When they got to the farm, Sean was not there. He was riding his pony. He was not bored at all. When he got back his parents hugged him and said,

'Time to say goodbye to Grandma.' Sean looked sad.

'But school only starts in three weeks!' he said.

'Grandma, can I please stay with you until school starts?' His parents and Grandma laughed.

'Of course you can,' said Grandma. 'The pony and I are happy to have you here.'



#### **3)** Complete the sentences.

- 1 Sean's parents are going
- 2 Sean wrote a
- **3** Sean watched his grandma feed
- 4 Every morning and before dinner Sean
- 5 After a month Sean's parents came
- 6 His parents said, 'Time to
  - How many correct sentences can you say?

Sean went ...

	went	to stay with his grandma.	
	loved	a text message to his parents.	
	said	to the stables with Grandma.	
Sean	wanted	goodbye to his parents.	
	wrote	Grandma feed the horse.	
	watched	riding.	
	didn't want	to his grandma's farm.	

#### Learn and think

# Seasons and Hemispheres

#### Read and answer.

The world has two halves: the Northern hemisphere and the Southern hemisphere. In the middle is the Equator.

- 1 Where is your country?
- My country is ...
- 2 What countries can you name in the Northern hemisphere?
- What countries can you name in the Southern hemisphere?
- 4 What countries can you name on the Equator?



Listen, read and write Japan, Malaysia or New Zealand.





Many countries in the Northern and Southern hemispheres have four seasons: spring, summer, autumn and winter; but they have their seasons at different times. For example, December in Japan is in winter, but in New Zealand it's in summer.

Countries near the Equator like Malaysia do not have spring, summer, autumn or winter. They usually have wet seasons when it rains a lot and dry seasons when it doesn't rain very much.

The wet seasons are from December to March, and the dry seasons are from June to September.













#### Learn and think





Why is it winter in London when it's summer in Rio de Janeiro? Read and number.



- 1 The Earth spins on its axis. This axis is not vertical. It runs diagonally through the planet.
- 3 When the Earth is this side of the sun, there is more sunlight on the top half of the planet (the Northern hemisphere).
- 2 The Earth orbits the sun. It makes one orbit every year.
- 4 When the Earth is the other side of the sun, there is more sunlight on the bottom half of the planet (the Southern hemisphere).

Project Write about seasons around the world. Complete the table for England.

Country	Seasons	Months	Things to do
	spring	March - May	plant flowers
	summer	<u>/////////////////////////////////</u>	eat strawberries 👋
	autumn	September - November	make bonfires 🌲
England		December - February	play in the snow

1 Create your own table on poster paper and write about your country.

2 Find out about another country and create another table on poster paper.

## Holiday time

Work in pairs. Read the role card.

You are going on holiday with a friend. Decide:

- Where you are going.
- How long you are going for.
- How you are going to get there.
- What you are going to do there.

#### Useful language

Actout

**Student A** I would like to go to ... OK. What about ... ? We could ... Yes, I do. / No, I don't.

I don't want to go to ... Yes, that's a good idea. Do you like ... ?

Student B

#### Plan your holiday.





6 Creativity

## Imagine a holiday

#### Make a mind map about holidays.

My scrapbook



Imagine you are on holiday now. Write your ideas.

Where? - Wales ...

Cu

9

- Where are you? (at home / in another country)
- What was the weather like the last few days? (sunny / rainy / ... )
- What did you do? (went snorkelling / read a book / ... )
- What are you going to do in the next few days? (play games / ... )

#### Write a postcard about your holiday.

#### Hello Anna,

We're on holiday in Wales. It's great. We're in a hotel by the sea. The last few days the weather wasn't good. It rained, but that wasn't a problem. We had lots of fun. We played games and read. In the evenings, we watched DVDs.



The next few days are going to be better. We're going to swim in the sea and play football on the beach. On Sunday, we're going to go hiking.

Love, Trish

## Meet The Explorers

It's not very good

horses

at cooking.

#### Good at + ing

Gramman

I'm not **good at** rid**ing** bikes. You're not **good at** snorkell**ing**. He's/She's/It's **good at** play**ing** football.

Are you/they **good at** dancing? Is he/she **good at** playing the piano? He's/She's/It's not very **good at** cooking. We're **good at** climbing trees. They're not **good at** playing tennis.

Yes I/we/they am/are. No he/she isn't.



- 1 I'm good at \_\_\_\_\_\_a kite.
- 2 Our sister's not good at \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 My dad's not good at \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast.
- 4 They're good at \_\_\_\_\_ French.
- 5 We're not good at \_\_\_\_\_ puzzles.

#### **Possessive apostrophe**

Penny is Ben's sister. Vivian is Jack's mum. Ian's bike is red.

Paula's dog is very friendly. Dad's car is very old. My uncle's house is very big.

#### Circle the correct word.

- 1 My mum / mum's is really nice.
- 2 My mum / mum's sister is my aunt.
- 3 Brian / Brian's bike is new.
- 4 Brian / Brian's is my friend.
- 5 I like Sally / Sally's cat.

Paula's dog is very friendly.



#### Like / Don't like + ing

I/You like writing stories. He/She loves playing computer games. The dog doesn't like eating vegetables.

Do you/they like doing homework? Does he/she like singing in class? We/They **love** going to the cinema. We/They **don't like** learning Maths.

Yes, I/we/they do. No, he/she doesn't.

- 1) Circle the correct word.
- 1 Mike likes play / playing football.
- 2 I really don't like walking / walk to school.
- 3 They love playing / play computer games.
- 4 Do you like cook / cooking?

#### Have to / has to + infinitive

Do you/they **have to go** to school on Saturdays? Does he/she **have to make** breakfast in the morning?

I/You **have to do** homework every day. Tom/Paula **has to wash** the dog every Sunday. We/They **have to be** home before eight o'clock.

- Put the words in order.
- have / wear / uniform / I / to / school
- 2 your / to / eat / have / you / beans
- 3 John / today / has / school / to / to / walk

The dog doesn't like eating vegetables.

No, I/we/they don't. Yes, he/she does.



Paula has to wash the dog every Sunday.



#### Questions and answers with some and any

Is there <b>any</b> salad? Are there <b>any</b> grapes?	Yes, there is <b>some</b> salad. / Yes, there are <b>some</b> grape	No, there isn't <b>any</b> salad. es. / No, there aren't <b>any</b> grapes.
4 There are	parks in our town. biscuits in the cupboard fish in this salad. Yuck! cats in the garden. juice in the fridge?	Is there any salad?
Shall we go to the cinemo Shall we dance? How about some sandwid	No, thank you.	Shall we dance?
<ol> <li>Put the words in ord</li> <li>soup / dinner / we /</li> </ol>		2 Christian
2 some / about / lemo	nade / how	No, thank you!
3 help / Mum / we / a	sk / shall / for	{ 
4 cheese / lunch / how	/ a / for / about / sand	? wich ?



#### **Telling the time**



**3** sometimes / dad / cooks / my / dinner

4 they / school / never / games / computer / before / play

the shopping.



#### Prepositions

My house is **opposite** the school. The café's **near** the bank. The cat's **above** the TV. My bag's **below** the stairs.

Where's your school?

It's near the park.

The cat is above the TV.

#### Look and complete the sentences.

- 1 The sofa is \_\_\_\_\_ the painting.
- 2 The sofa is \_\_\_\_\_ the TV.
- 3 The clock is \_\_\_\_\_ the TV.
- 4 The baby is \_\_\_\_\_ the table.

#### Going to + infinitive of purpose

Where are you/we/they going?	I'm/We're/They're going to the shops
	to get some milk.
Where's he/she going?	He's/She's going to the flower shop to buy some flowers.
I'm/You're/We're/They're <b>going</b> He's/She's <b>going to</b> the station to	

#### Complete the sentences.

- 1 I'm going to the \_\_\_\_\_ to play tennis.
- 2 She's going to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to get a book.
- 3 We're going to the \_\_\_\_\_ to wait for a bus.
- 4 Dad's going to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to get some money.
- 5 They're going to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to see a film.





I'm going to the pool to go swimming.



#### Was / Were



#### Questions and answers with was / were

Were you at school?	Yes, I was.	No, I wasn't.	instrem.
Was he/she at home?	Yes, he/she was.	No, he/she wasn't.	in succession.
Where were you?	I was at my aunt's	house. Were you at schoo	ol?)
		11	
		C. T	

- Circle the correct word.
- 1 Was / Were the lesson difficult?
- 2 Where was / were the books?
- **3 Was / Were** Nathan and Adam at the party?
- 4 Where was / were your dad's car keys?
  - 5 Was / Were there a dolphin in the sea?

Yes. I was



#### **Comparatives**

My car is faster than yours.Your ice cream is bigger than my ice cream!Your shoes are cleaner than my shoes.I think Ben is happier than me today.

The blue mobile phone is **more expensive than** the red one. Maths is **more difficult than** science.

#### Use comparatives to complete the sentences.

- 1 His dad's car is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than my dad's car. (expensive)
- 2 His scooter is \_\_\_\_\_ than my scooter. (big)
- 3 That garden is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than our garden. (beautiful)
- 4 My skateboard is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than your skateboard. (cheap)
- 5 Rachel is always \_\_\_\_\_\_ than her sister. (happy)

#### **Superlatives**

It's **the biggest** cat in the world. He's **the happiest** person in my family. This is **the cheapest** CD player in the shop. The smallest park in the world is in the United States. It's the most exciting film ever!

#### Put the words in order.

- 1 class / in / our / I'm / smallest / the / boy
- 2 beautiful / in / most / Africa / snake / the / it's
- 3 it's / on / the / beach / the / sandcastle / biggest

It's the biggest cat in the world.

Your ice cream

is bigger than

my ice cream!

4 footballer / most / the / world's / expensive / he's



#### Simple past, regular verbs

I/You played basketball yesterday. She/He walked to school this morning. The helicopter landed on the building. We/They watched TV after school.

The helicopter landed

on the building.

- Use the verbs in brackets to talk about yesterday.
- 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ into the swimming pool. The water was very cold! (jump)
- 2 We \_\_\_\_\_ at his hat. (smile)
- 3 My sister \_\_\_\_\_ dinner last night. (cook)
- 4 Dad \_\_\_\_\_ me with my homework yesterday. (help)
- 5 Ursula and Bridget \_\_\_\_\_ computer games in the afternoon. (play)

#### Simple past, irregular verbs

I felt tired all day. You rode a dinosaur! Really? Mr Linford gave me the wrong book. She went to bed at eight o'clock. It said, 'miaow,' I think. We had a lot to eat at lunch. They woke up at half past six.

Write the infinitives.

- 1 felt
- 2 gave
- 3 had
- 4 woke up
- 5 went
- 6 said



Around the world

#### **Negatives with simple past**

I didn't play hockey! You didn't eat all your food. He didn't visit his grandfather on Sunday. She didn't like my present.

It didn't snow last night. We didn't go to school today. They didn't want to help me.

She didn't like

my present.

#### Complete the sentences.

8

- 1 They went to England, but they \_\_\_\_\_\_ to London.
- 2 She gave me a present, but she \_\_\_\_\_ one to my sister.
- 3 We had Maths today, but we \_\_\_\_\_ History.
- 4 I felt ill last night, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_ ill this morning.
- 5 He had some sandwiches, but he \_\_\_\_\_ any lemonade.

#### **Questions and answers with simple past**

Did I Did V Whe	you have fun at the party? he/she say, 'thank you'? we/they do something wrong? en did you see Aaron? ere did you see him?	Yes, I did. No, he didn't. Yes, you did. Yesterday. At school.	Yes, she did. No, they didn't. Did you have fun at the party?
<b>1</b> Co	omplete the questions and an	swers.	Ros Ma
1	you do the shopping?	Yes, I	·
2	she find her cat?	No, she	
3	they go by train?	No, they	
4	we win?	No, we	
5	he help you?	Yes, he	. Yes, I did.

# Boliday plans

#### Future with going to + infinitive

I'm going to send you a postcard. You aren't going to eat that! He's going to buy a new raincoat. She isn't going to take the bus today. It's going to be windy tomorrow. We're going to play tennis now. They're going to learn French.

You're not going to eat that!



#### Complete the sentences.

not rain cook build phone not have

- 1 I'm Lisa this evening.
- 2 It's \_\_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon.
- 3 You're dinner.
- 4 We're \_\_\_\_\_\_ fish and chips for dinner.
- 5 Dad's \_\_\_\_\_ me a new tree house.

#### Questions and answers with going to + infinitive

Am I going to get better soon? Are you going to watch TV at the weekend? Is he/she going to make a cake for your birthday? Are we/they going to take the bus?

Yes, you are. Yes, I am. Yes, he/she is. No, we/they aren't.





#### Authors' thanks

We would like to thank our editorial team very warmly: Aldona Gawlinski, Liane Grainger and Bridget Kelly. You have worked extremely hard and with a lot of dedication to make this course a success. It was a pleasure working with you on this project. Thank you for your commitment, and for your great sense of humour!

We would also like to thank Maria Pylas, Associate Publishing Director, for many interesting discussions and for choosing us as the author team for this project. It's been a great experience, Maria!

The publishers are grateful to the following contributors:

Oliver Design: concept design

Pentacor and Blooberry Design: cover design, book design and page make-up Hilary Fletcher: picture research John Green and Tim Waolf, TEFL Tapes: audio recordings

Robert Lee: song writing

Emma Szlachta: freelance editor

Special thanks to Kay Bentley and Robert Quinn for their contribution in the development of the 'English for school' sections of the Student's Book.

Special thanks to Karen Elliott for developing the phonics material.

The publishers and authors would like to thank the following teachers and reviewers for their help in developing the course:

Argentina: Liliana Amado, María Silvia Caride, Gabriela Finkelstein, Susana Lagier, Gladys Ledwith, María Sol Luppi, Mónica Marinakis, Silvia Miranda, Natalia Monty, Pamela Pogré, Adriana Raffo, Viviana Rondina, Inés Salomón, Stella Maris Schulte, María Teresa de Vido de Stringa, María Marta Taurozzi Chile: Sandra Durán Vega, Fernanda Tornero

Egypt: Nabil Ezz-el Deen, Iglal El Gamel, Ghada Farouk, Nemat Matta, Sonia Abdul Rahman, Daniel Rolph, Amy Sarkiss

Mexico: Claudia Mejía Escalante, Lucia García, Imelda Calderón Gómez, Laura Landa Herrera, Yeymi Ortiz Iberra, Claudia Camacho Jiménez, Rosa María Martínez Maldonado, José Antonio Martínez, Guadalupe Mejía, María Teresa Moguel, María del Rosario Limón Ortiz, María Teresa Patrón, Yara Gil Pérez, Lorena Sánchez Pérez, Ivette Portales, Yolanda Gómez Saldana, Diana Naim Sucar

Spain: Arantxa Abalos, Julius Krajewski, Ángela McClenaghan, Ken O'Carroll, Noreen O'Donnell, John West, Valerie Weston

Turkey: Deniz Altiparmak, Lisa Broomhead, Celia Gasgil

UK: Lucy Frino, Pippa Mayfield, Susannah Reed, Hilary Ratcliff, Melanie Williams

#### The publishers are grateful to the following illustrators:

Savi (Apple Agency), Alan Rowe, Anna Hancock (The Illustrators Agency), Bernice Lum, Bill Ledger, Brenda McKetty (Beehive Illustration Agency), Christina Forshay (The Bright Agency), David Dean, Debbie Ryder, Dirty Vectors, James Elston (Sylvie Poggio), John Dillow (Beehive Illustration Agency), Mark Duffin, Martin Sanders (Beehive Illustration Agency), Martinez Ricci (The Organisation Illustration Agency), Peter Cottrill, Sam Church (The Organisation Illustration Agency), Marek

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